Density Profile Measurements on OMEGA using the CBET Beamlets Diagnostic



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Measured beamlet spot radial positions are very consistent with hydrodynamics code predictions



- "CBET beamlets" is a gated optical imager (GOI) diagnostic that records scattered-light intensities as discrete spots from each OMEGA beam
- Beamlet spot locations are predicted by ray tracing light from each beam through the coronal plasma predicted by the 1-D hydrodynamics code LILAC
- Best match between measurements and predictions of beamlet spot radii is achieved when nonlocal heat transport and cross-beam energy transfer (CBET) models are used in the hydrodynamics code





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CBET beamlets is a GOI diagnostic that records scattered-light intensities separately for each OMEGA beam¹



The radial position of each beamlet spot depends only the incident beam direction (fixed for OMEGA geometry) and on refraction through the density profile

1. D.H. Edgell et al, Rev. Sci. Instrum. 89, 10E101 (2018).



A density profile is fit to the measured radial position of the beamlet spots using ray tracing



Beams are grouped according to their radial position, e.g., Beam Group 1 is the innermost five spots



 1-D LILAC hydrodynamics code coronal density predictions are used as an initial guess for the fit



Timing of the beamlet images is verified by comparison with the scattered-light time history measured by FABS*



- Each data point is from a different image
 - two images(times) per shot
- A single scale factor for all shots/images is estimated from the sum of all the beamlet spots with the FABS measurement
- Measurements at similar times have consistent total intensities



The time-varying radial positions of the spots are compared to predictions from the 1-D hydrodynamics code *LILAC*

- Circles: Measured radial positions of beamlet spots from images recorded at different times (from multiple shots)
- Lines: Predicted radial positions of beamlet spots using ...
 - flux-limited (f = 0.06) electron
 heat transport model
 - No CBET model







The time-varying radial positions of the spots are compared to predictions from the 1-D hydrodynamics code *LILAC*

- Circles: Measured radial positions of beamlet spots from images recorded at different times (from multiple shots)
- Lines: Predicted radial positions of beamlet spots using ...
 - Goncharov nonlocal electron heat transport model
 - No CBET model



Time (ns)



The time-varying radial positions of the spots are compared to predictions from the 1-D hydrodynamics code *LILAC*

- Circles: Measured radial positions of beamlet spots from images recorded at different times (from multiple shots)
- Lines: Predicted radial positions of beamlet spots using ...
 - Goncharov nonlocal electron heat transport model
 - with CBET model

Best Match



Least-square fitting a density profile to the measured radial position of the beamlet spots using ray tracing gives a time history of the coronal plasma evolution

- Circles: Radius of critical density surface, etc. from the profile best fit to the measured beamlet spot positions in images
- Lines: Predicted radius of critical density surface, etc. from the 1-D hydrodynamics code *LILAC* using
 - Goncharov nonlocal electron heat transport model
 - with CBET model





LLE

The intensity of each beamlet spot depends on its initial intensity and absorption/CBET along its path



A single diagnostic image records light for a single pathway from the beam profile of each beam.



Beamlets from multiple locations in a beam profile could be measured by deploying multiple beamlet diagnostics in the OMEGA diagnostic TIM* ports

 Beamlets sampled from TOP9 beam (originating in OMEGA port P9) for diagnostics located in the different TIM diagnostic ports



Beamlet spot intensities will be used to verify (CBET) mitigation with the new TOP9 variable wavelength beam.¹

¹ A. Hansen, CO4.00008

*TIM: ten-inch manipulator



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