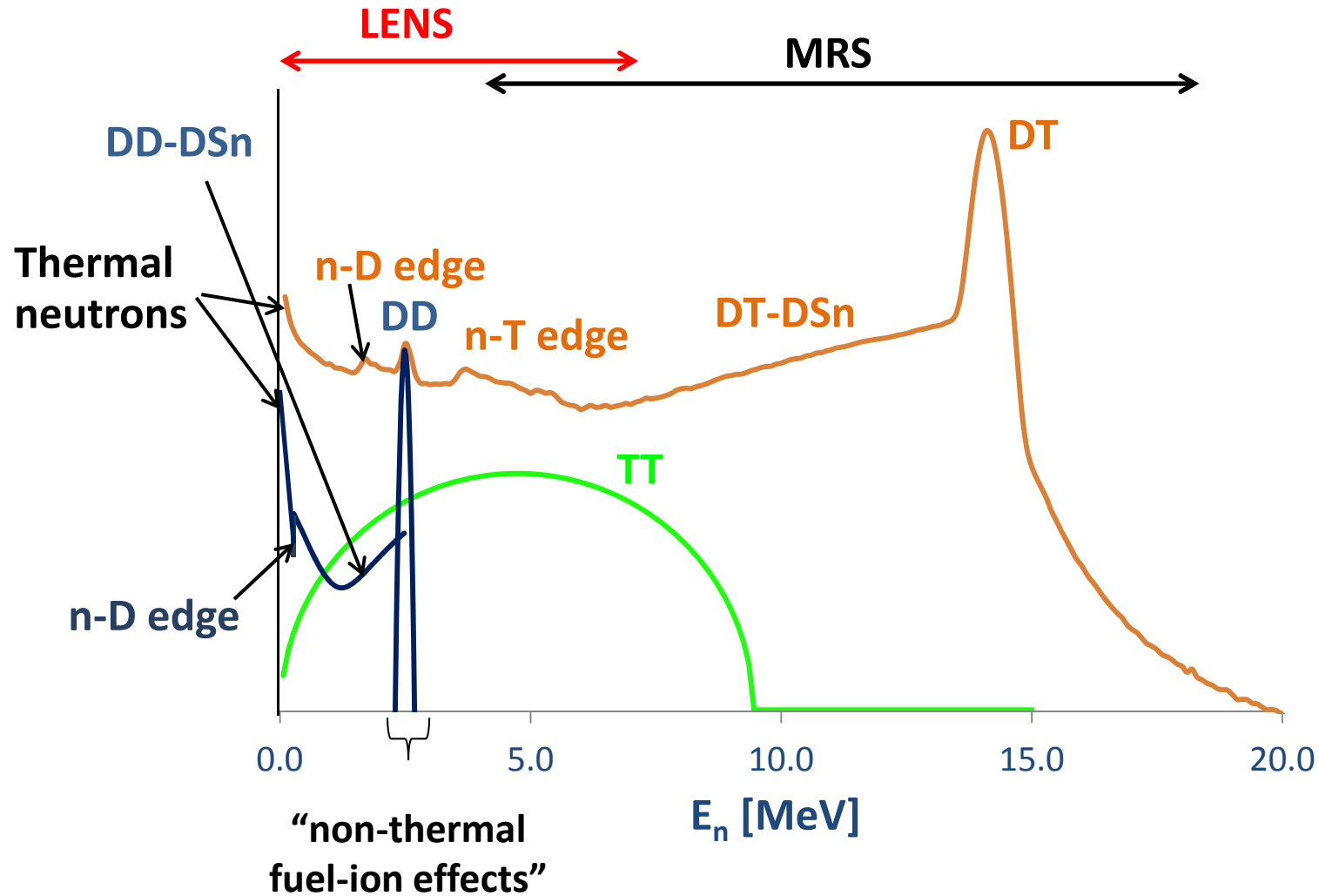


Review from last year:

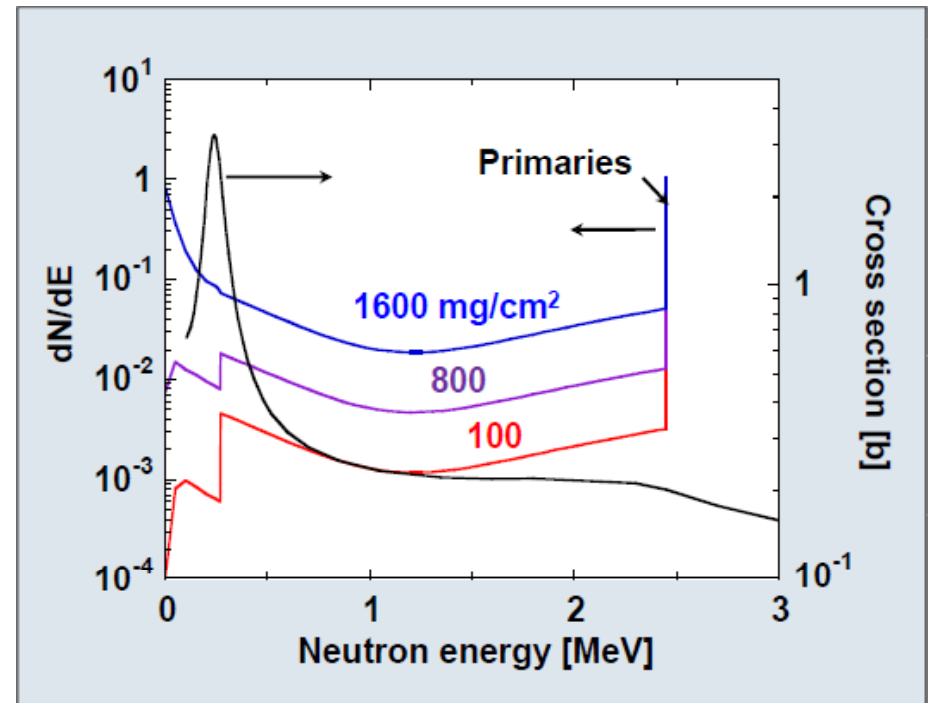
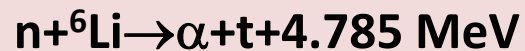
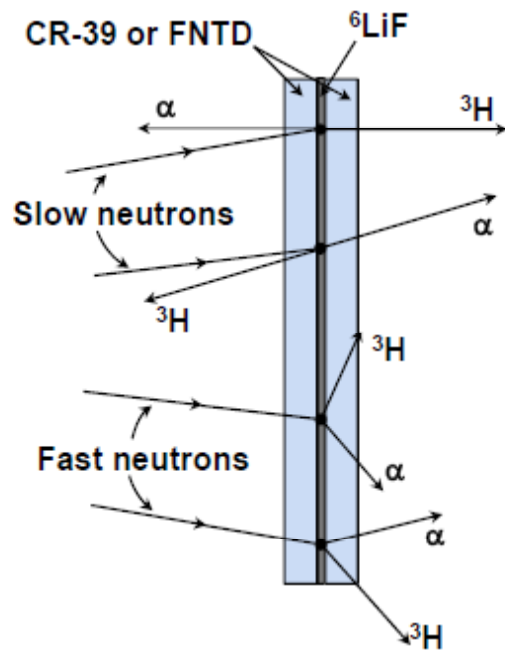
LENS applications include DD Yield, T_{ion} and ρR measurements, study of non-thermal effects and basic nuclear physics (e.g., T_2)



Design requirements are determined by the planned applications and facility specific constraints

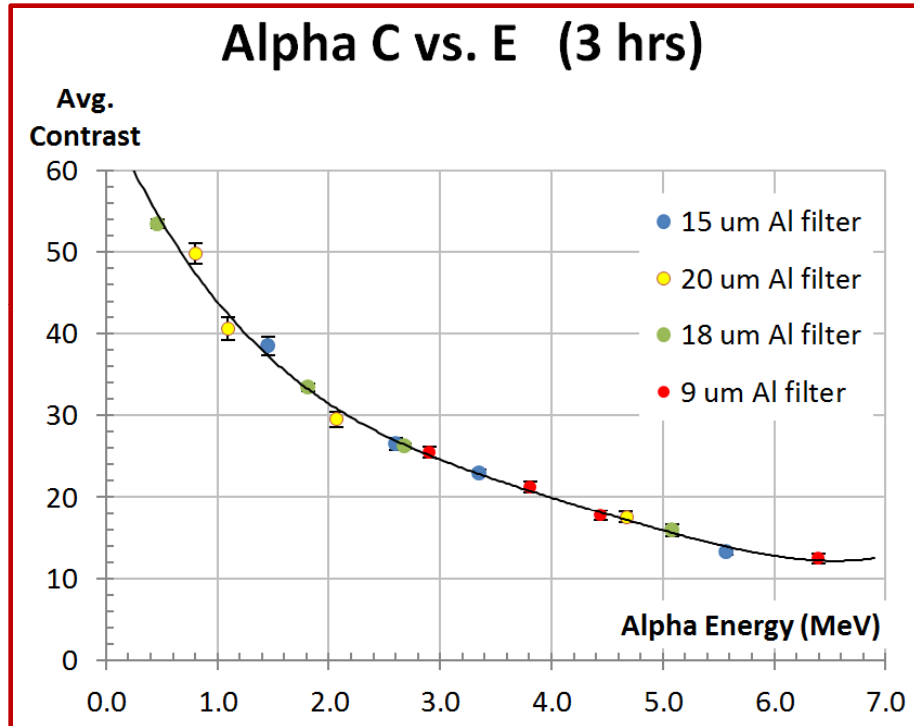
- Energy range to be covered?
 - 0.1-8 MeV
- Resolution?
 - Of order thermal Doppler broadening for a few keV DD plasma (e.g., $T_i=3$ keV $\rightarrow \Delta E=143$ keV, $\Delta E/E=5.8\%$ FWHM)
- Efficiency and compactness requirements are facility specific
 - OMEGA: High $Y_{DD} \sim 2e11 \rightarrow$ need efficiency of ***at least*** order $1e-9$
 - Should fit in TIM

A ^6LiF sandwich spectrometer is under development at MIT

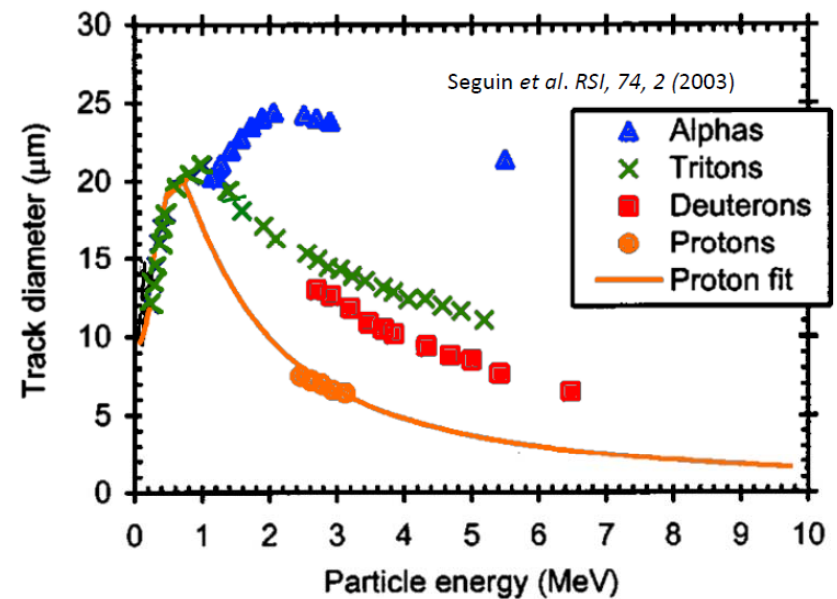


1 μm LiF foil with WRF-size area fielded 10.5 cm from TCC would have an efficiency $\sim 2\text{e-}8$
“Creative processing” would be required to improve S/B

Recent experiments show that alpha energy separation in CR-39 can be done based on track contrast



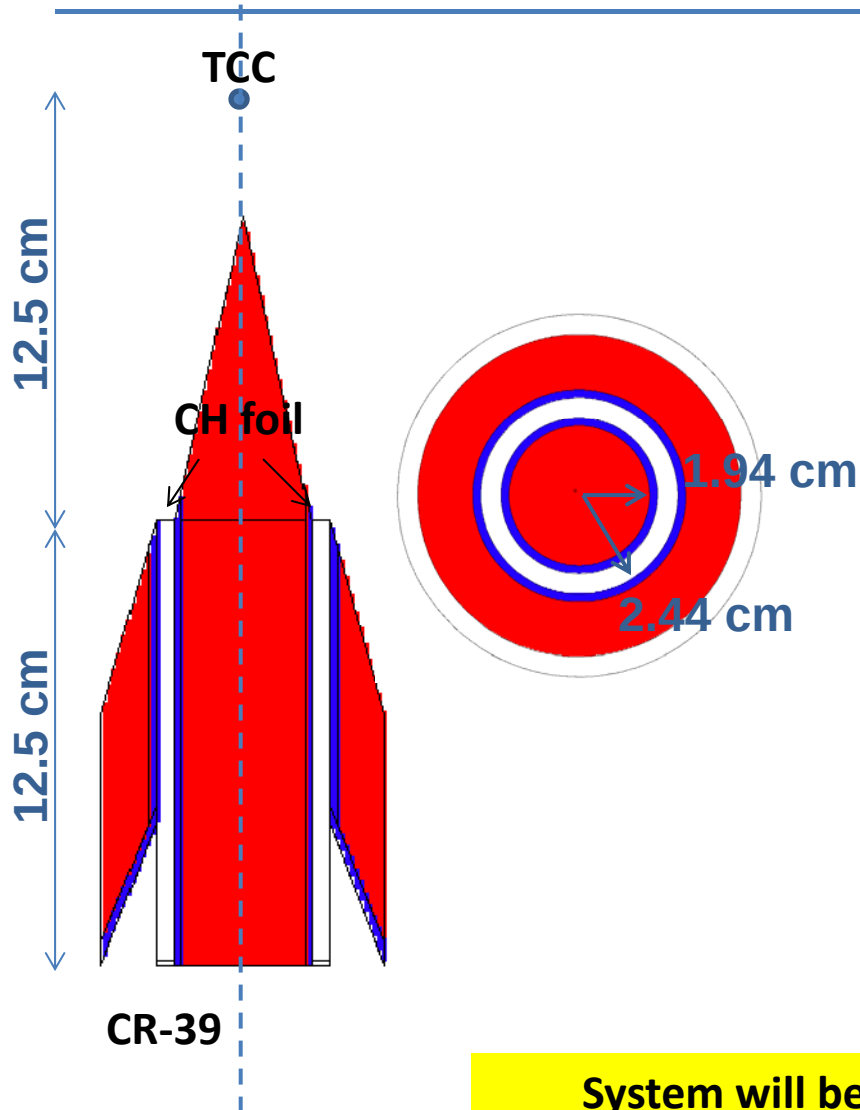
Alpha energies are well-separated in contrast space



New triton data was taken on OMEGA
4/10 Diag. Dev. shots

MIT accelerator will be used for full-scale proof-of-principle experiments

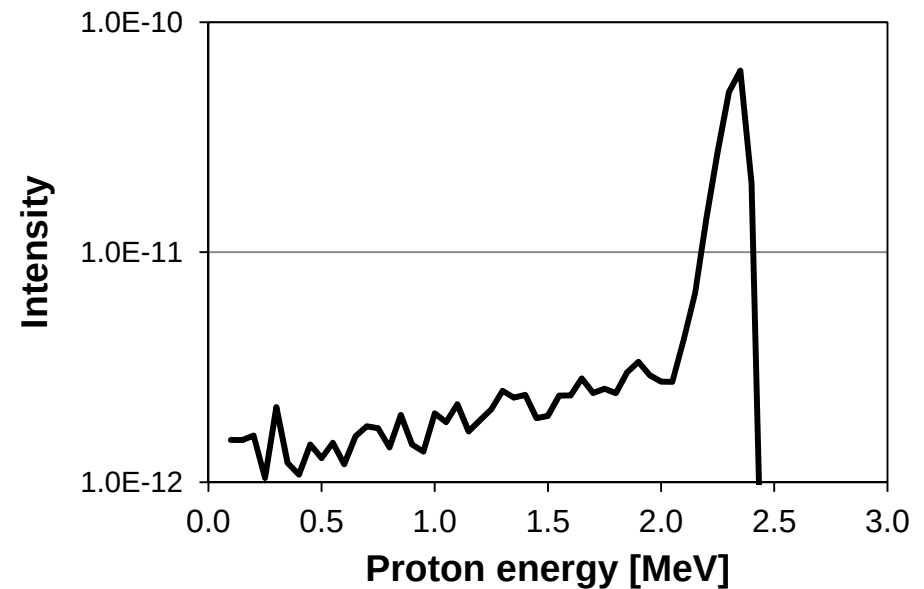
A proton recoil spectrometer concept is also being studied



Efficiency: $\sim 2e-9$

Resolution: $\sim 5\%$

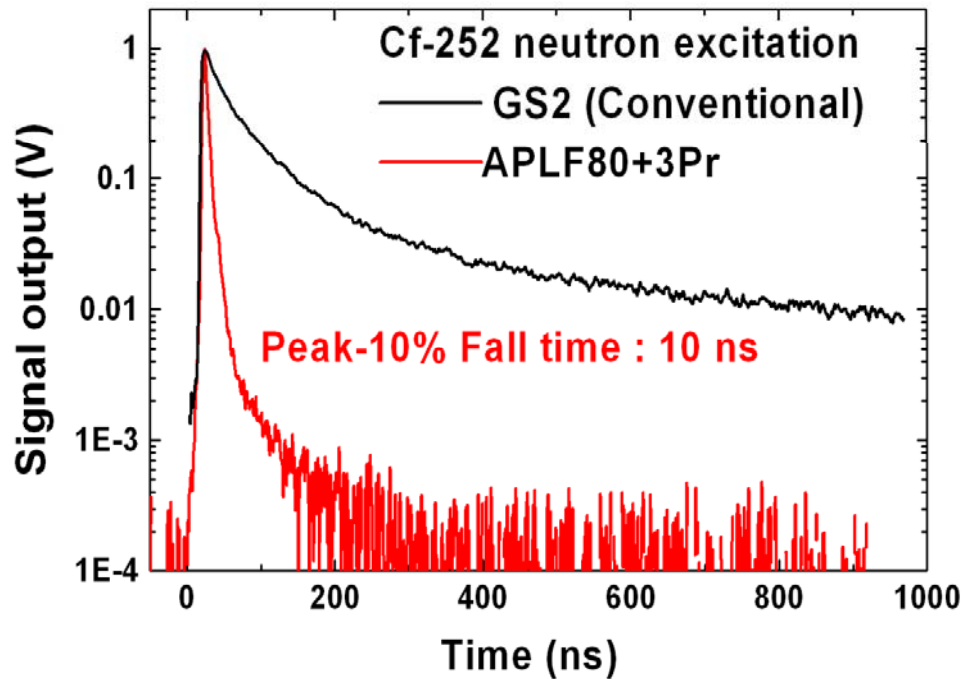
Energy separation based on track size in CR-39



System will be designed to fit in a TIM

ILE in Japan is working on an Li scintillator based time-of-flight detector system

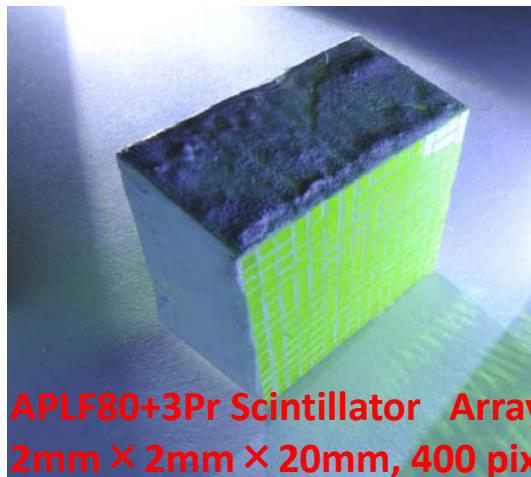
Neutron source experiment



Purpose: DD DS-n detector

OMEGA/ILE:
Multichannel counting mode

NIF:
Current mode, gating out primary
neutron flash



APLF80+3Pr Scintillator Array
2mm × 2mm × 20mm, 400 pixel