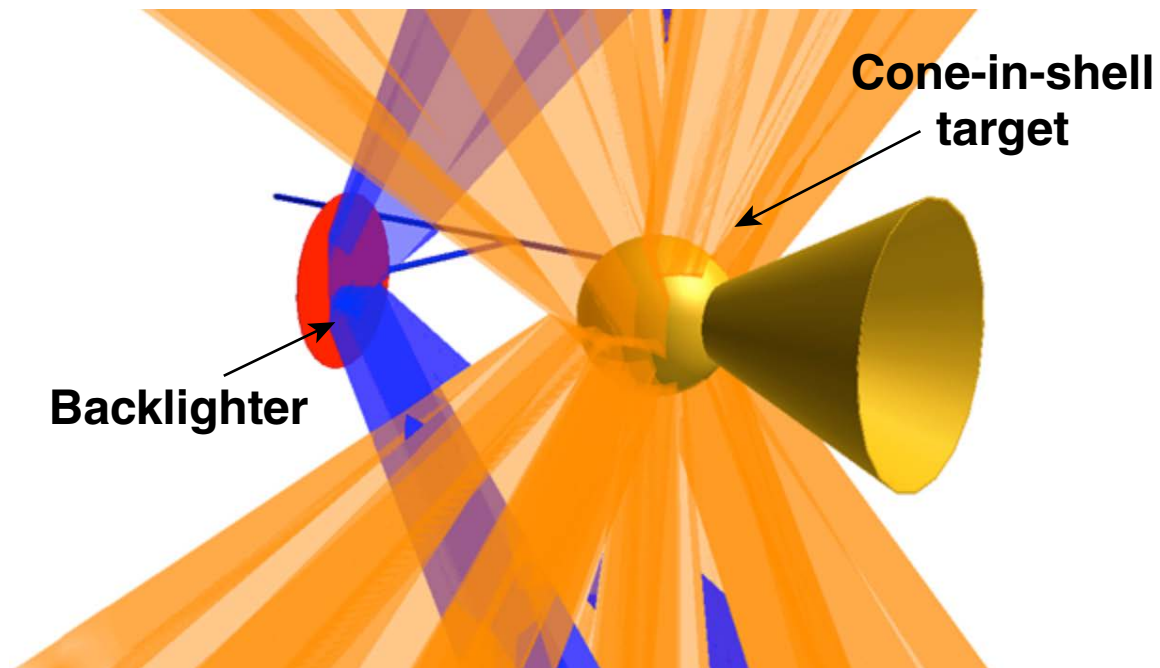
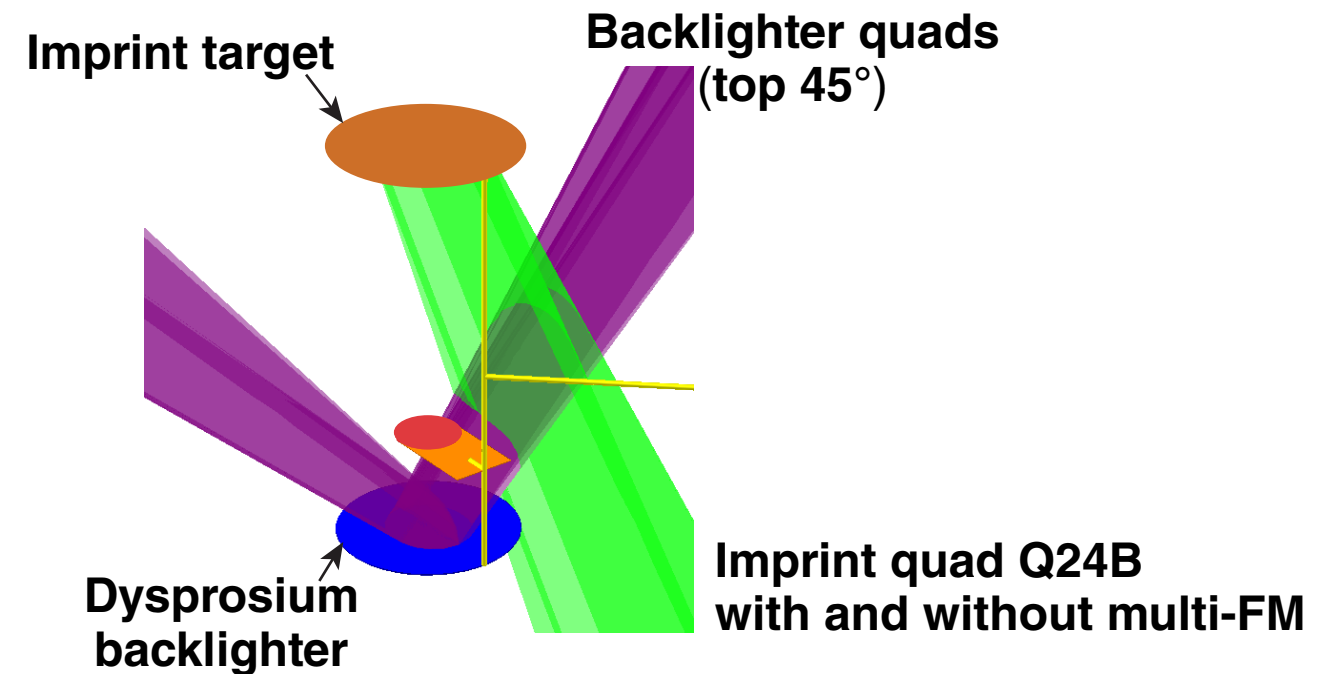


Numerical Simulations of Hydrodynamic Instability Growth and Imprint Experiments at the National Ignition Facility

NIF polar-direct-drive spherical-imprint platform



NIF planar multi-FM platform



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Summary

Imprint and hydrodynamic instability growth experiments have been performed at the National Ignition Facility (NIF)



- Initial experiments examined single-mode modulation growth and showed good agreement with *DRACO* simulations
- Upcoming spherical imprint experiments examine the growth of broadband imprint and the preimposed surface perturbations
- *DRACO* simulations of these experiments indicate that the growth of the imprint modes will dominate
- *DRACO* simulations of the planar imprint experiments predict that multi-FM smoothing by spectral dispersion (SSD) is highly effective in mitigating imprint seeded nonuniformities

Collaborators



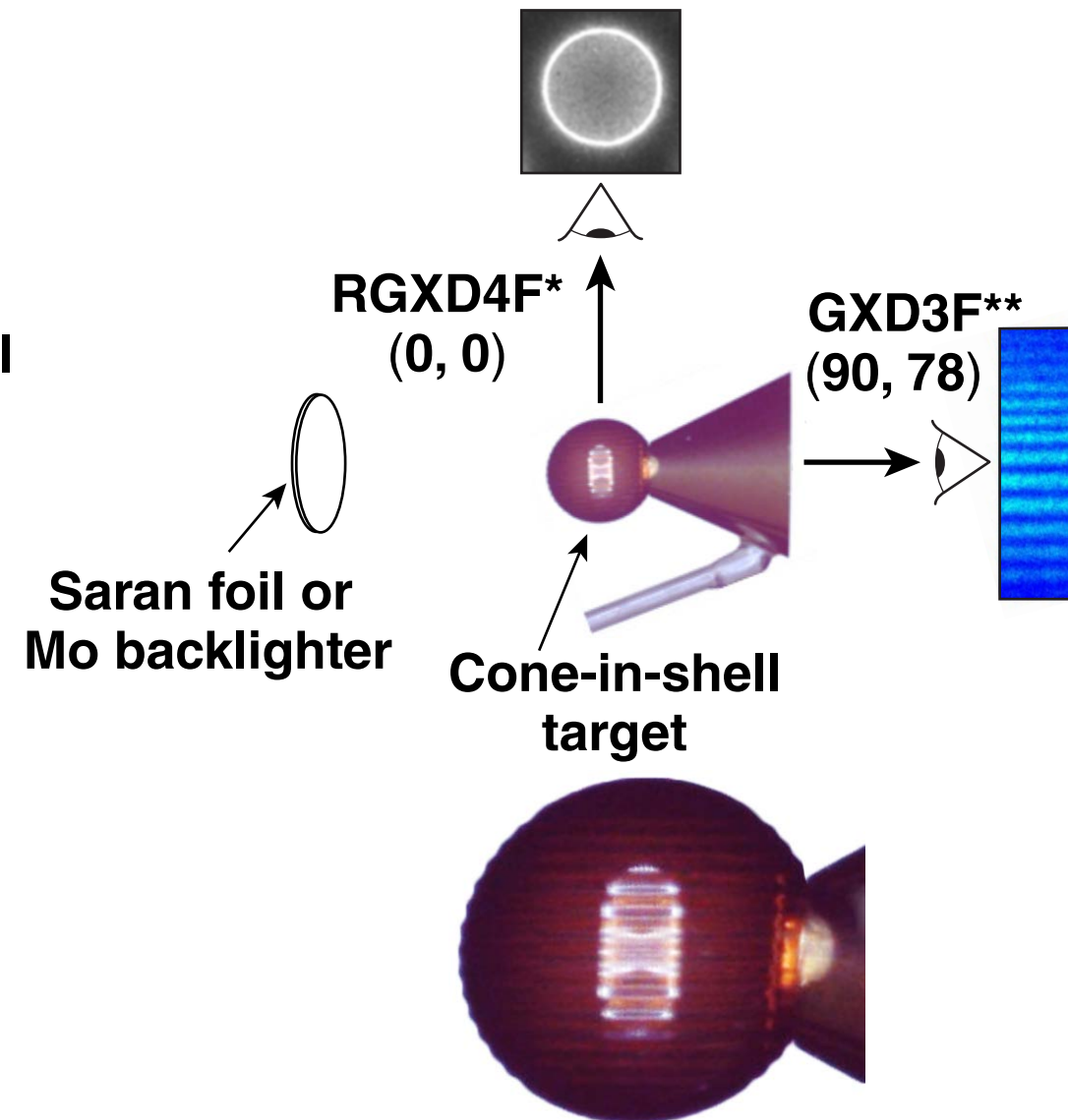
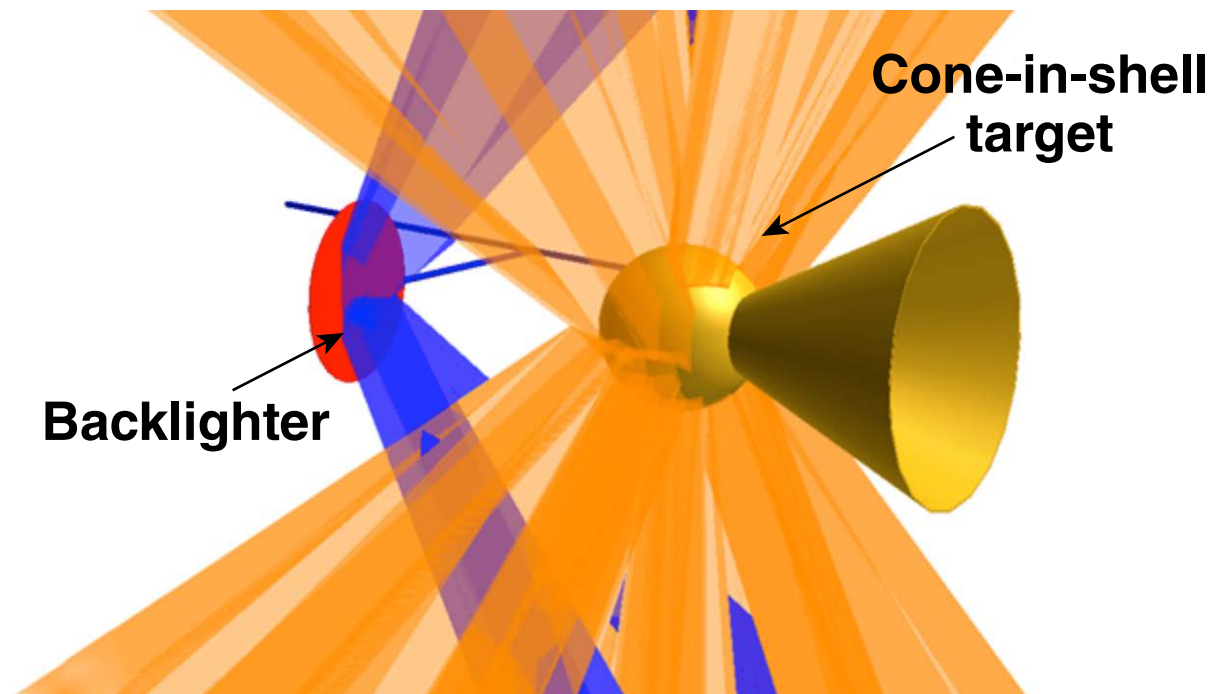
**M. Hohenberger, P. B. Radha, M. J. Rosenberg,
R. S. Craxton, V. N. Goncharov, J. A. Marozas, F. J. Marshall,
P. W. McKenty, S. P. Regan, and T. C. Sangster**

**University of Rochester
Laboratory for Laser Energetics**

NIF polar-direct-drive (PDD) spherical-imprint experiments employ cone-in-shell CH targets and simultaneous x-ray radiography and side-on self-emission imaging

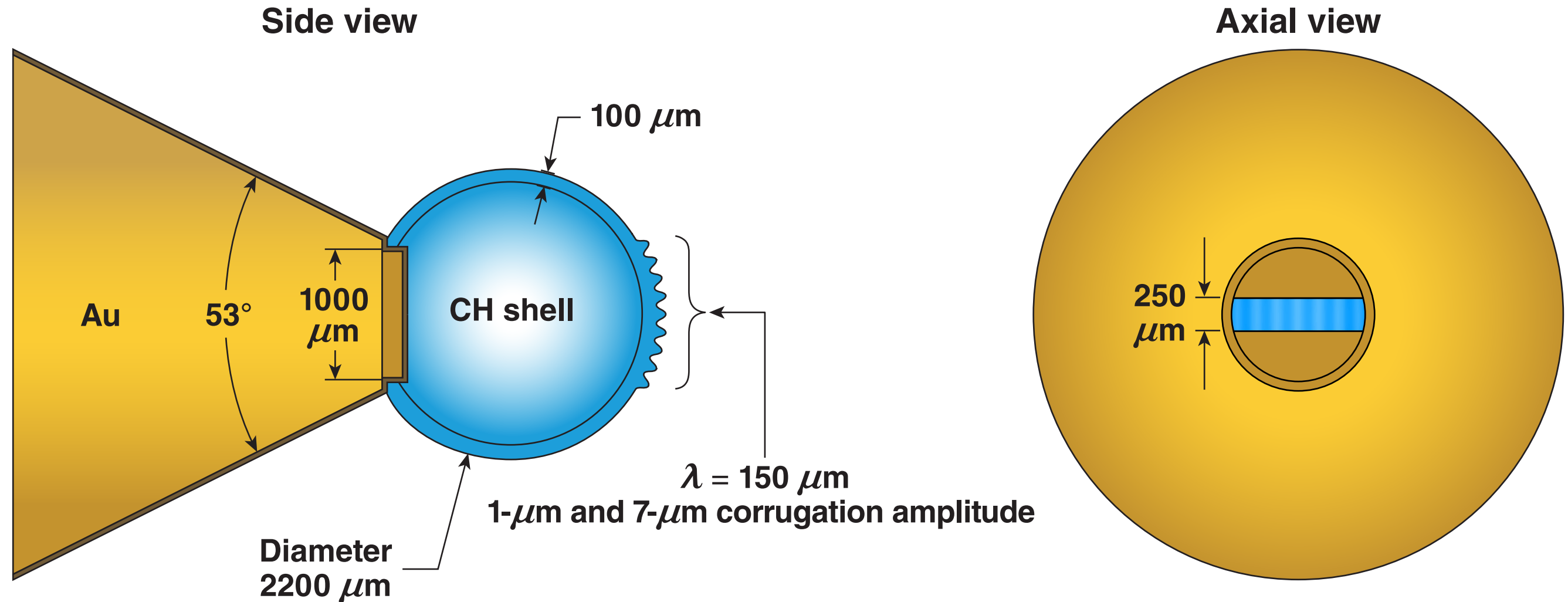


The CH shell is driven with 34 quads

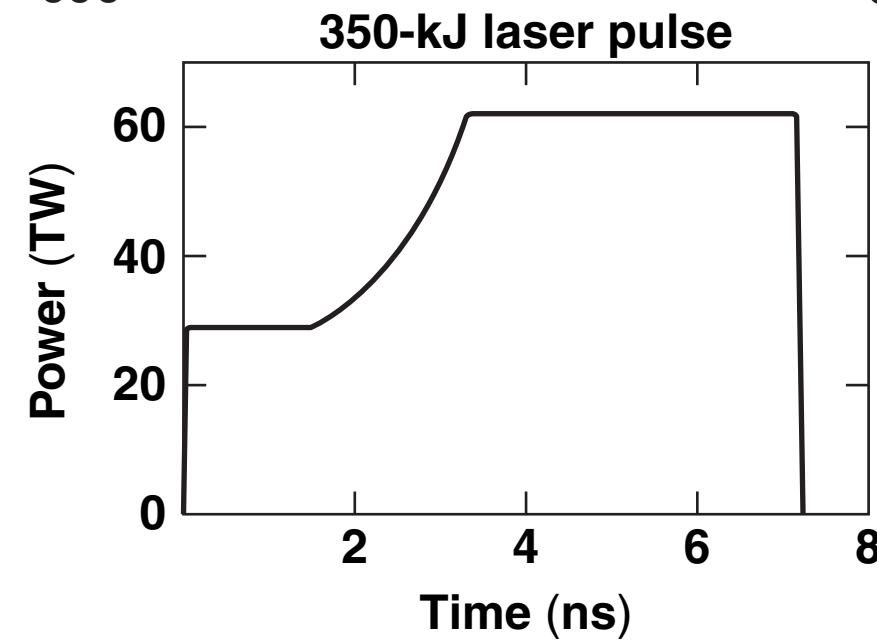
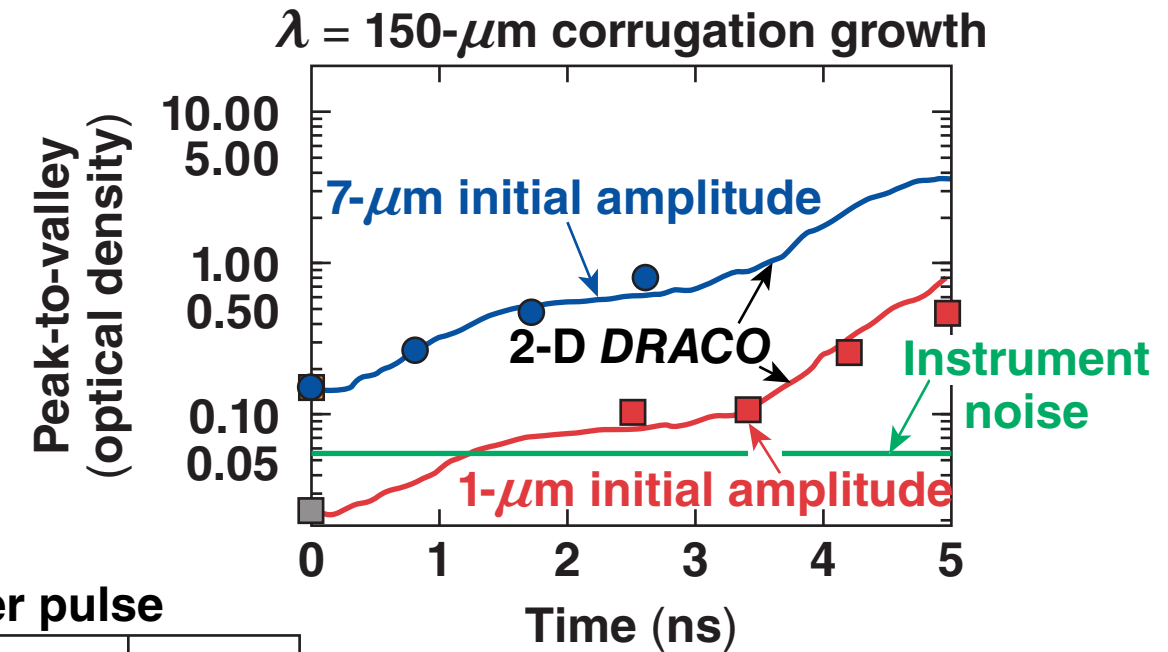
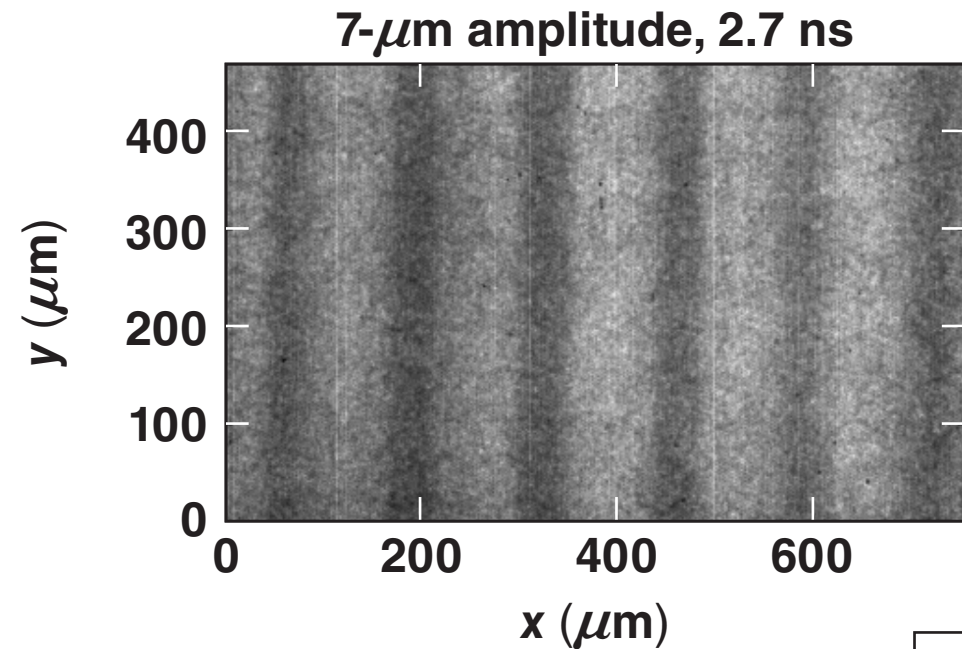


* RGXD4F: rotated gated x-ray detector 4F
 ** GXD3F: gated x-ray detector 3F

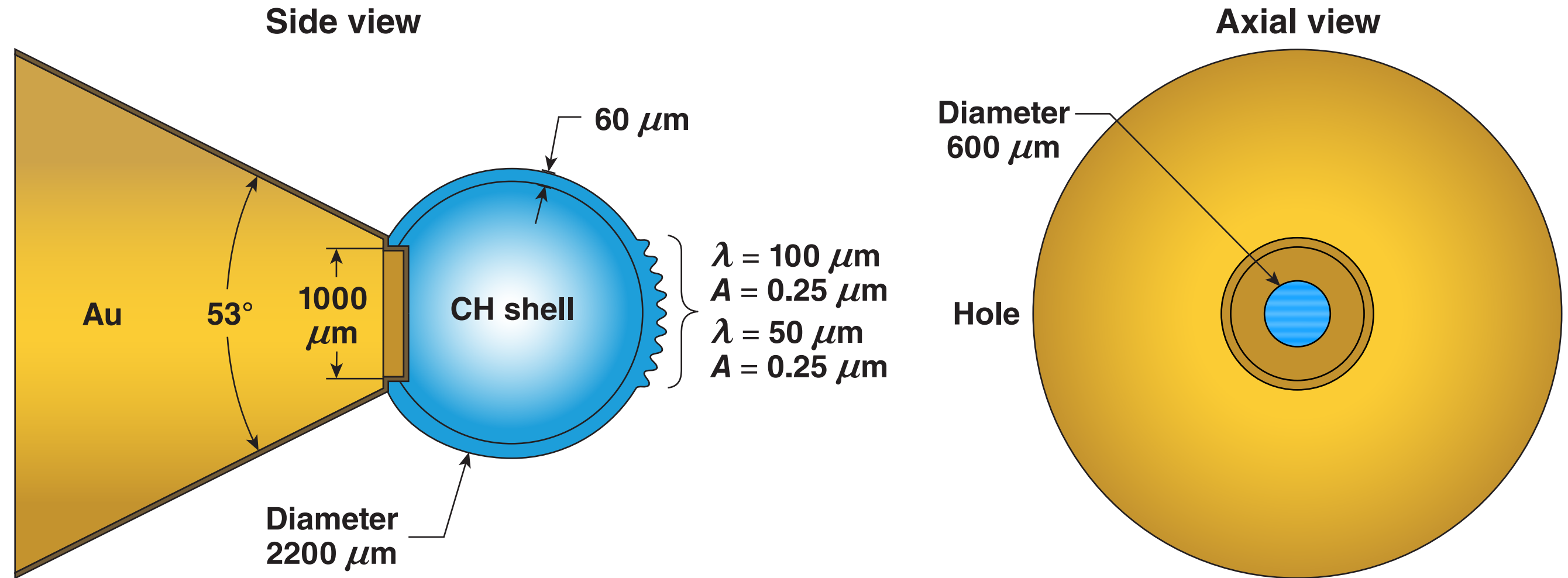
NIF shots N141119 and N141120 used corrugated shells and slotted cones for 1-D imaging of a single-mode modulation growth



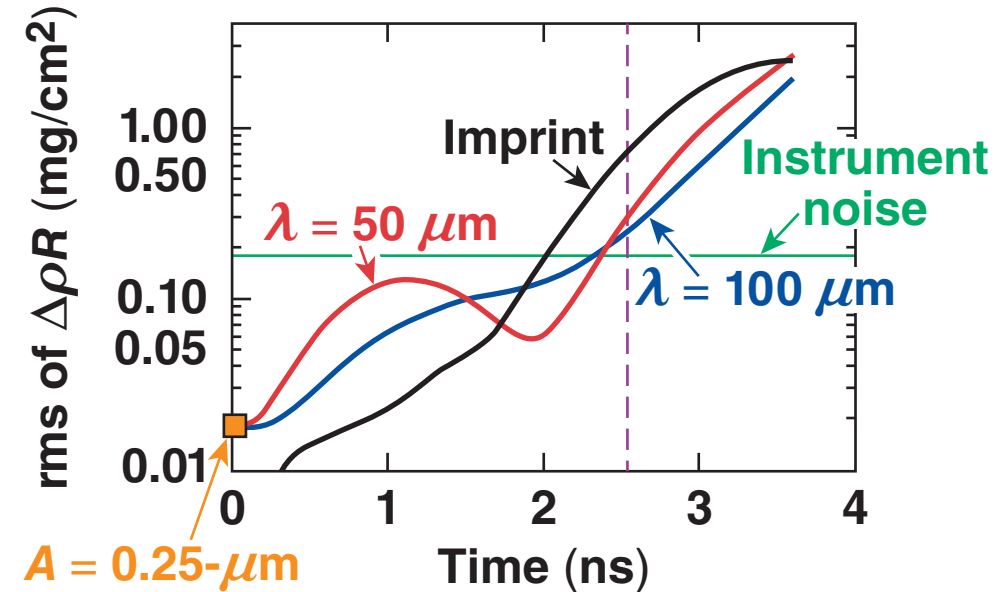
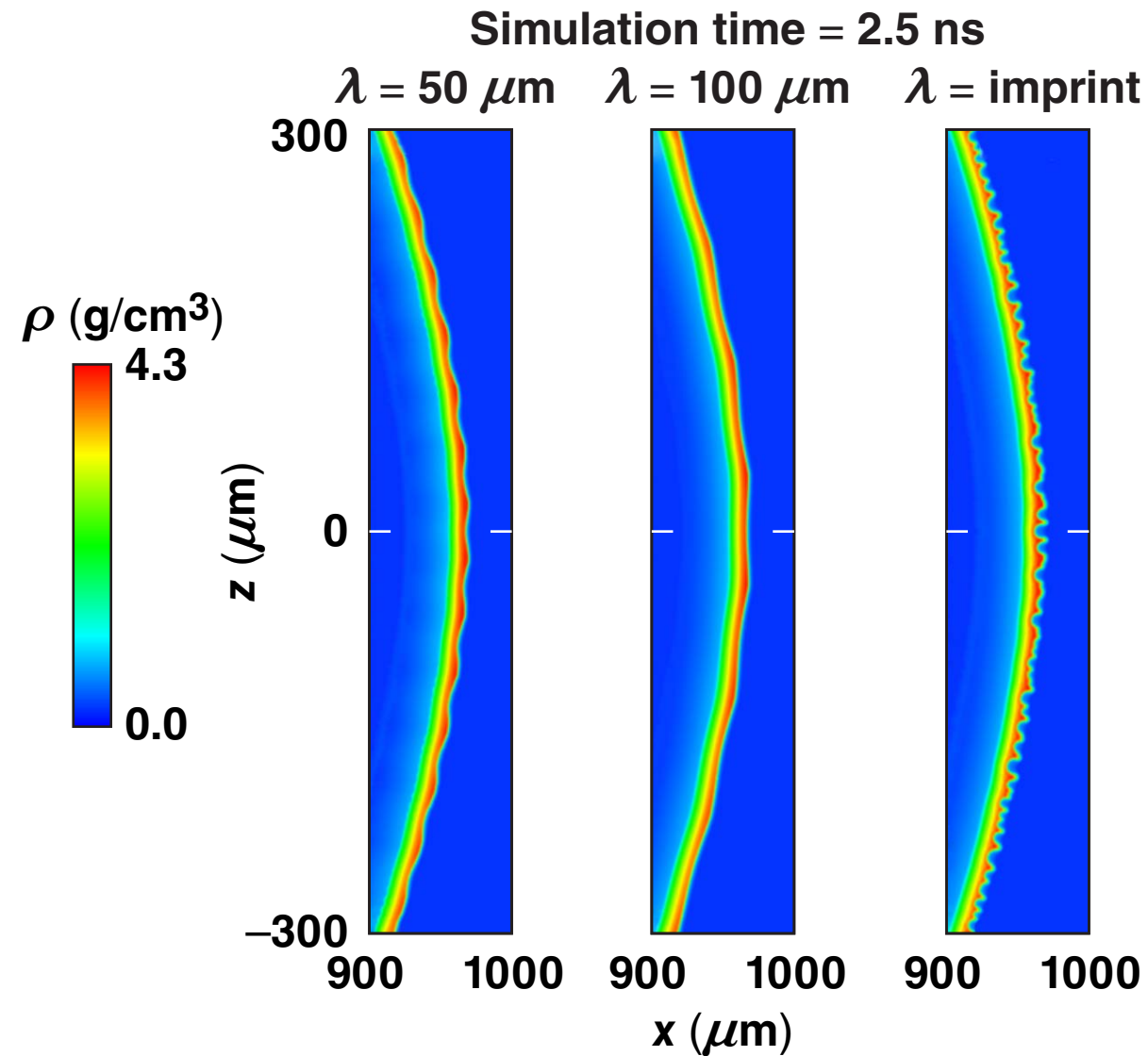
Two-dimensional *DRACO* simulations predict the initial shell compression and the Rayleigh–Taylor (RT) growth of preimposed surface perturbations



Upcoming spherical-imprint experiments will use cones with a hole for 2-D imaging of broadband imprint and the preimposed surface-perturbation growth

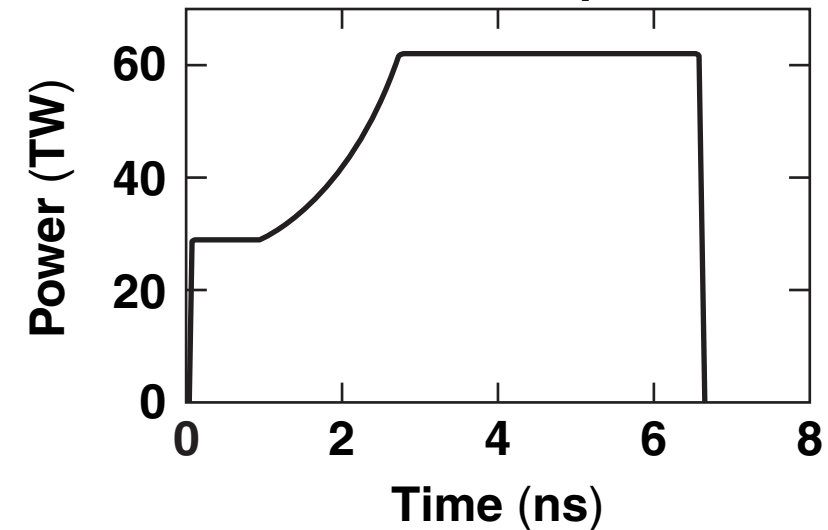


DRACO simulations of the spherical-imprint experiments predict short-wavelength imprint modes dominate preimposed shell modulations



$A = 0.25\text{-}\mu\text{m}$ corrugation

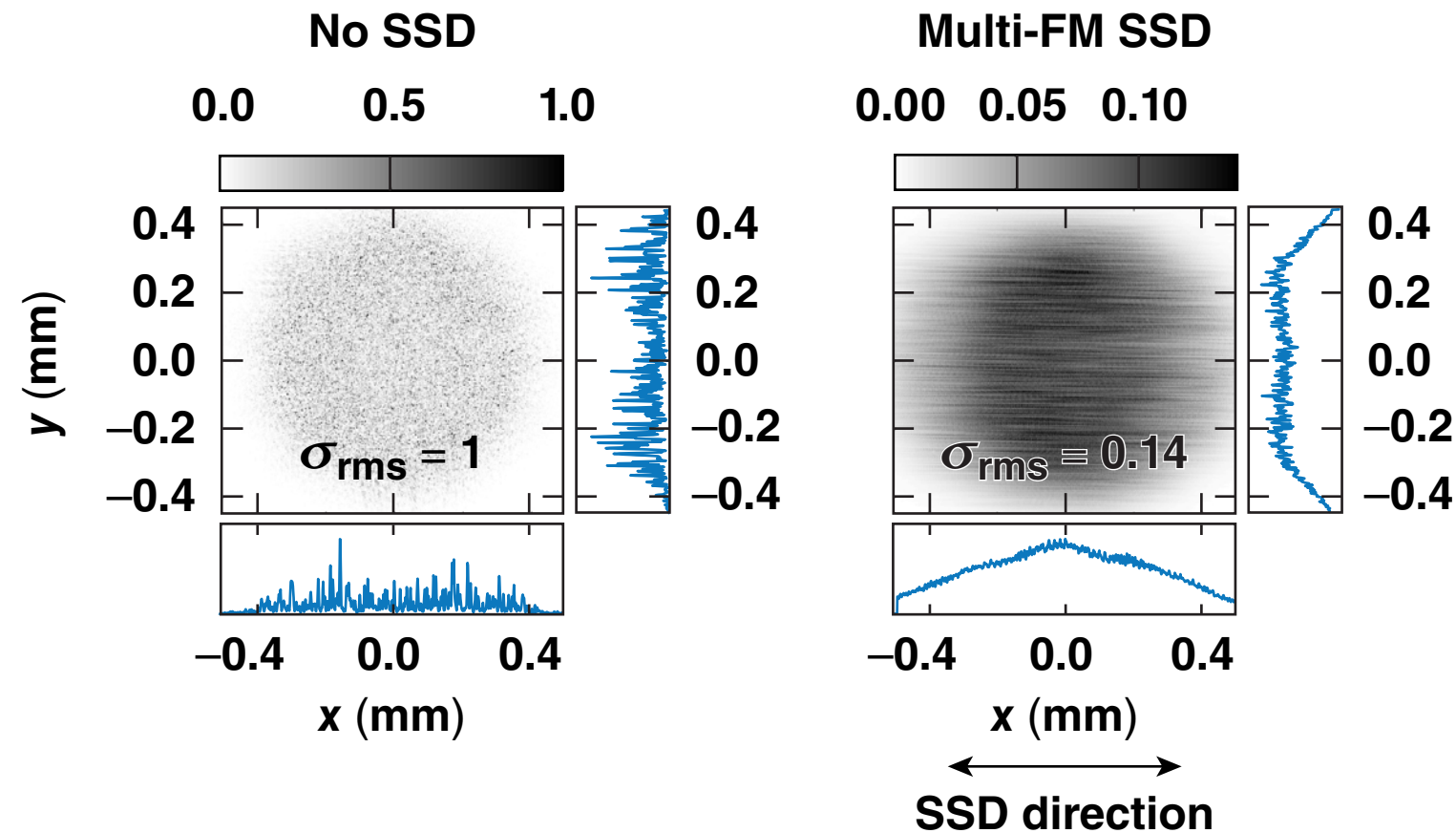
335-kJ laser pulse



Imprint simulations include all of the single-beam imprint modes

TC12563

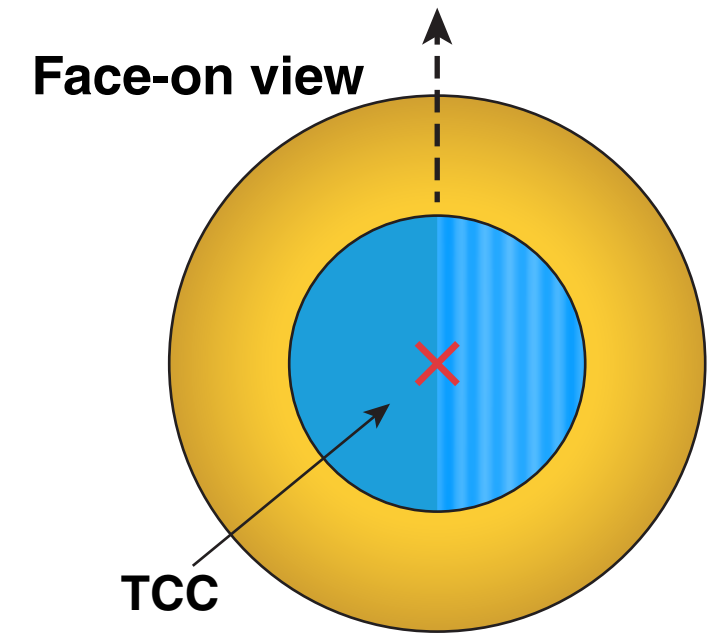
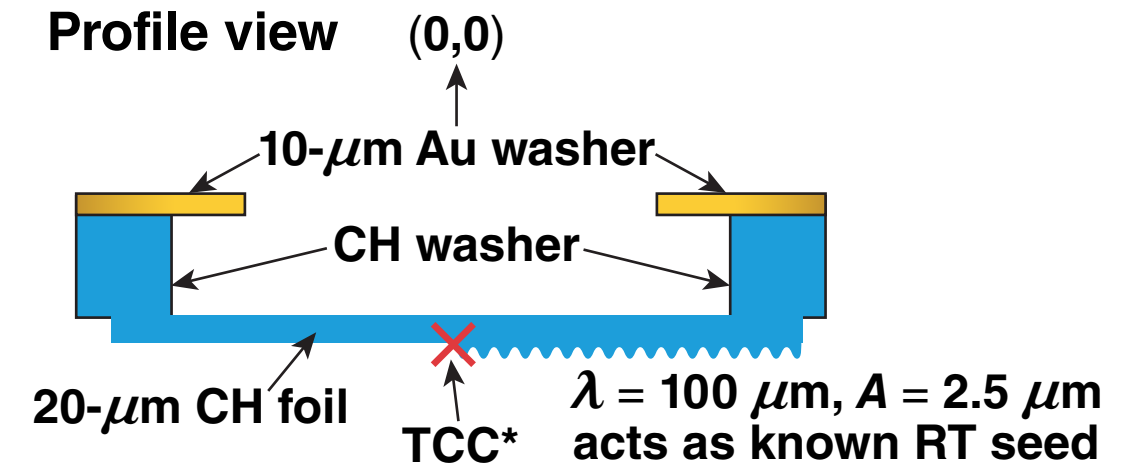
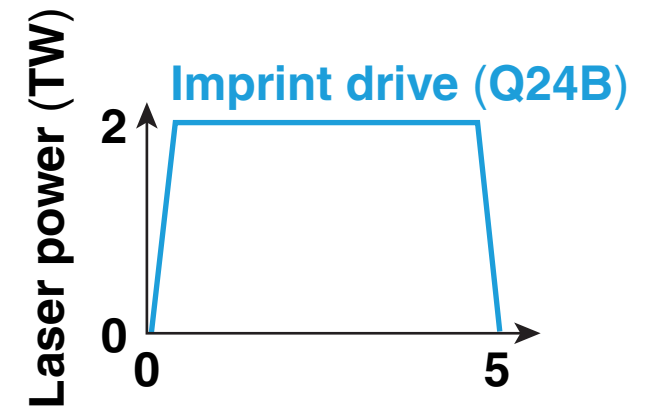
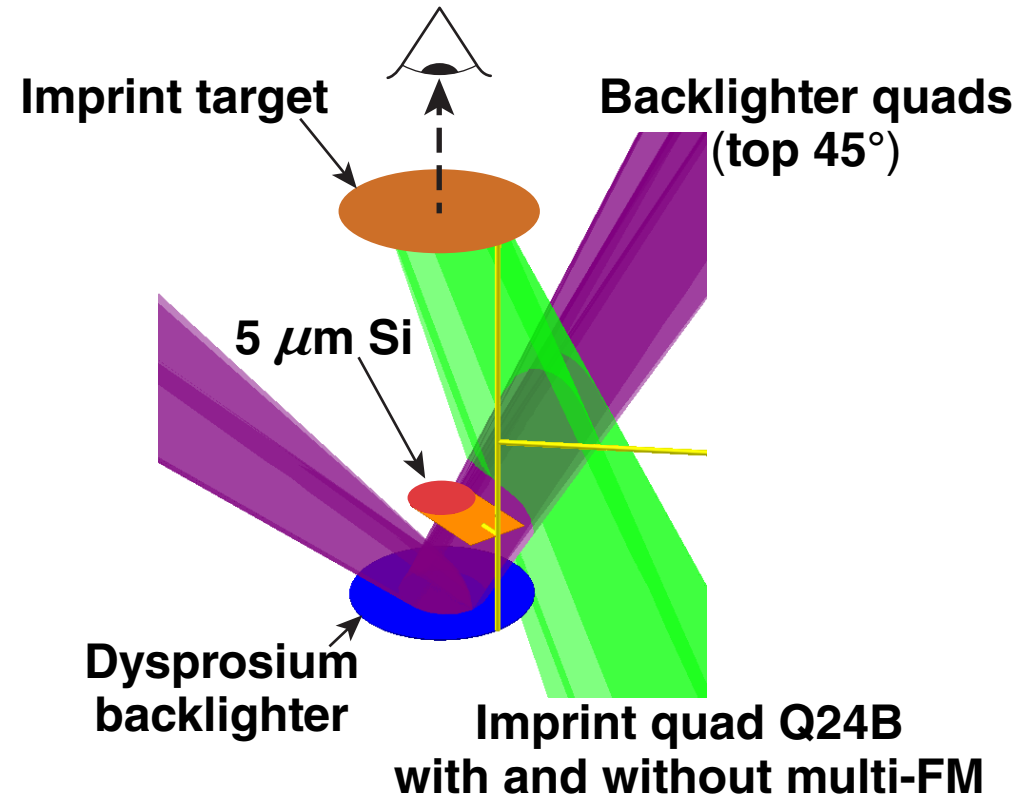
To mitigate laser imprint, single-beam smoothing is required for PDD ignition experiments on the NIF



- 1-D multi-FM SSD* has been developed on OMEGA to provide the single-beam smoothing required for PDD ignition on the NIF
- A single quad (Q24B) will be converted to multi-FM SSD by Q1FY16

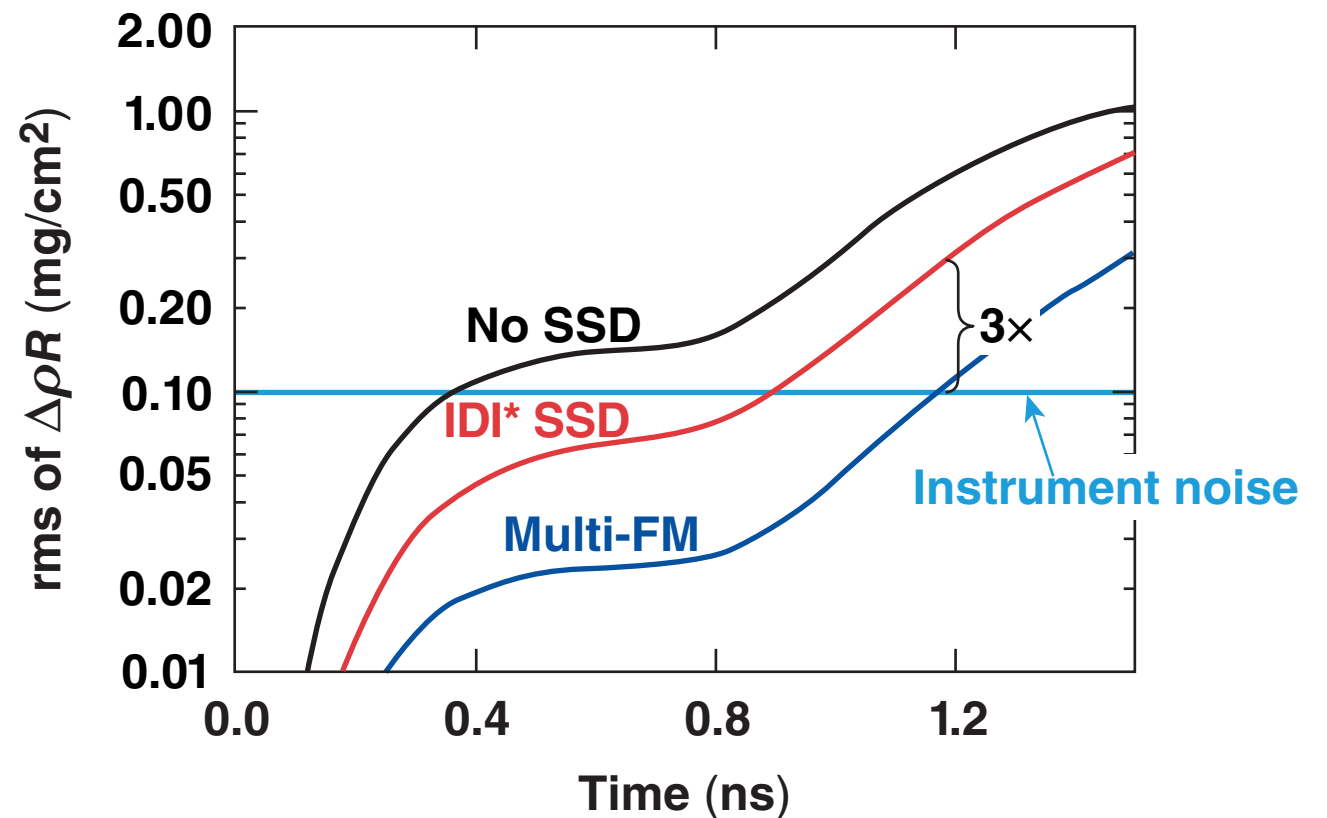
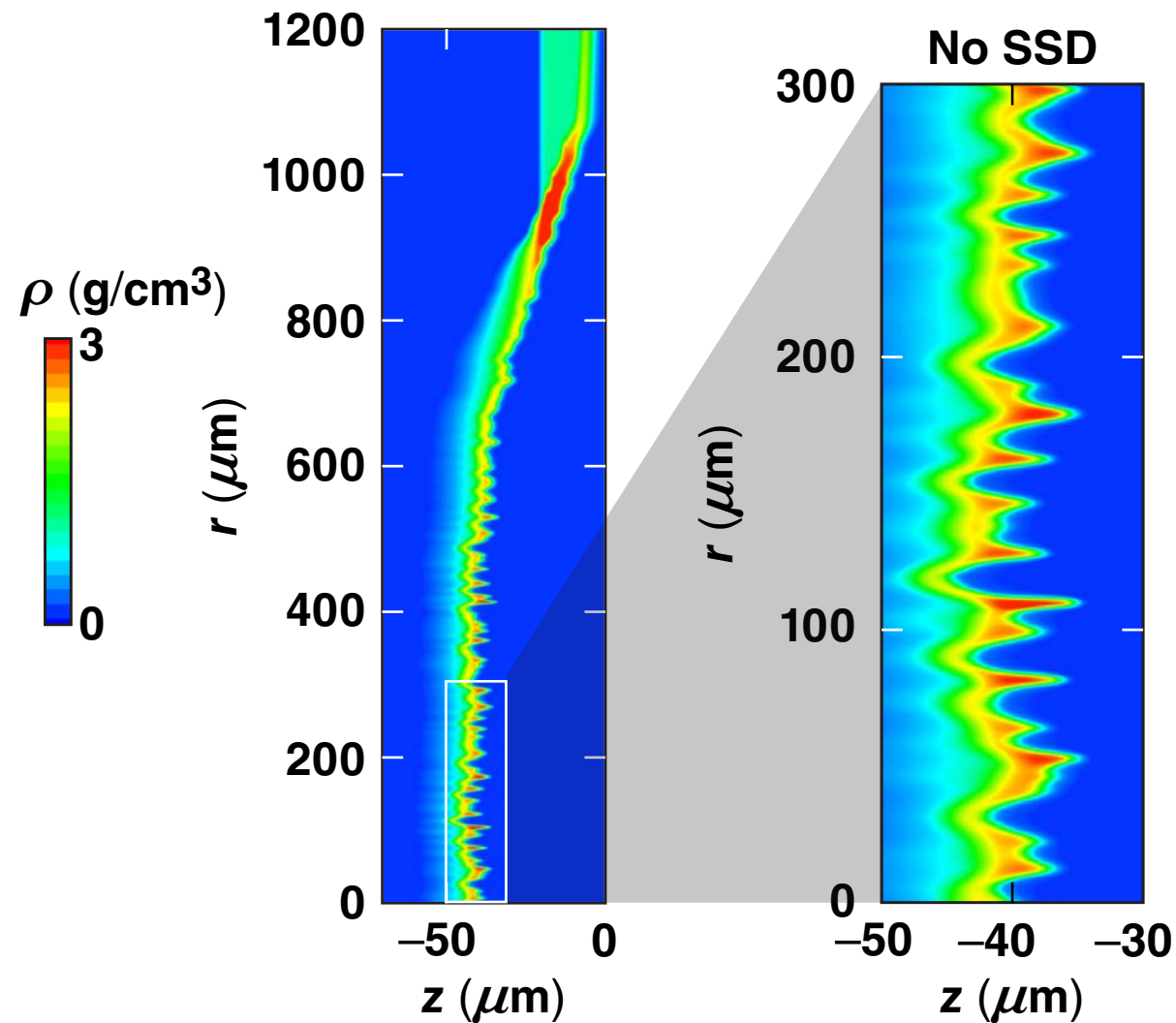
*J. A. Marozas, J. D. Zuegel, and T. J. B. Collins, Bull. Am. Phys. Soc. 55, 294 (2010).

One-quad multi-FM planar-imprint experiments will be used in Q1FY16 to validate multi-FM SSD on the NIF



*TCC = target chamber center

Two-dimensional *DRACO* modeling predicts high effectiveness of multi-FM SSD in mitigating imprint-seeded nonuniformities



Simulations include all single-beam imprint modes and resolve the speckle size.

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