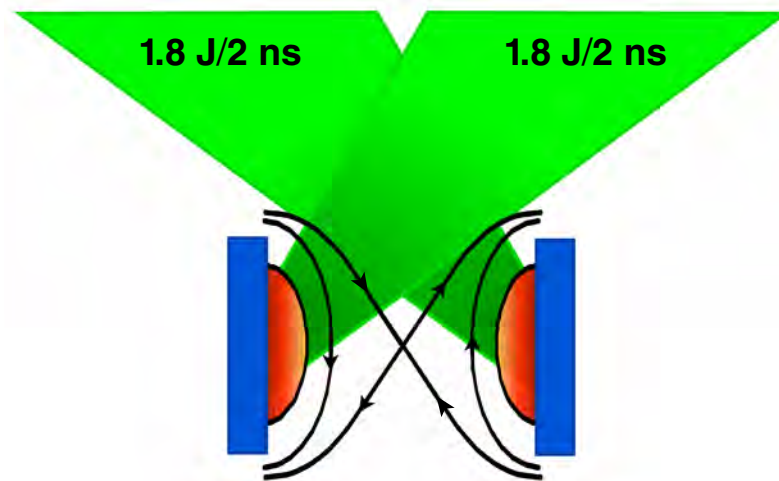


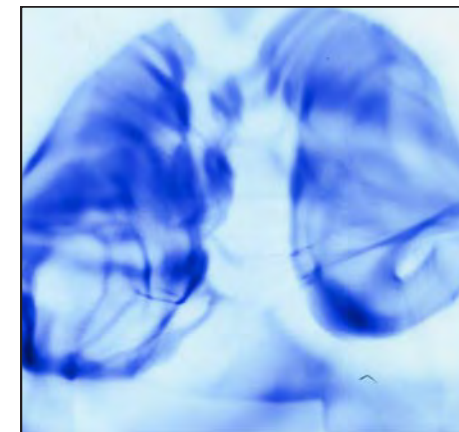
Magnetic Reconnection of an Externally Applied Magnetic Field in a High-Energy-Density Plasma



Experimental setup



Proton radiograph



-2 0 2
x (mm)

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Division of Plasma Physics
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Summary

Reconnection of an external magnetic field was observed in a high-energy-density (HED) plasma



- **Magnetic reconnection of an externally applied magnetic field in counter-propagating HED plasmas was studied on the OMEGA EP Laser System**
- **Formation of counter-propagating magnetized “ribbons,” magnetic-flux pile-up, and reconnection were demonstrated**
- **Particle-in-cell (PIC) simulations closely match the experimental results**

Collaborators



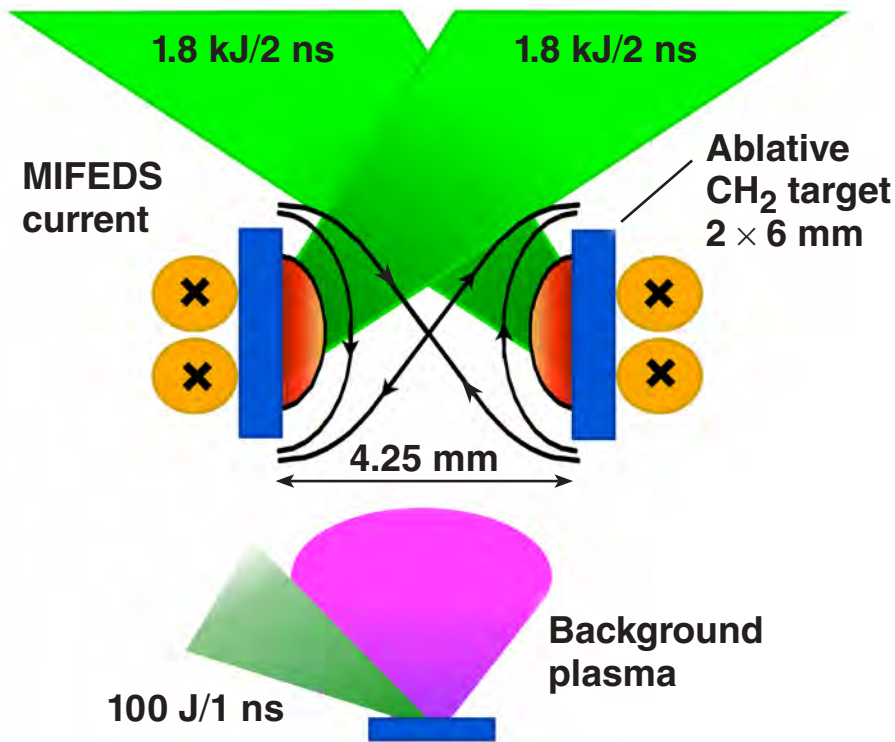
**D. H. Barnak, P.-Y. Chang, S. X. Hu,
P. M. Nilson, and R. Betti**

**Laboratory for Laser Energetics
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**W. Fox and A. Bhattacharjee
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**K. Germaschewski
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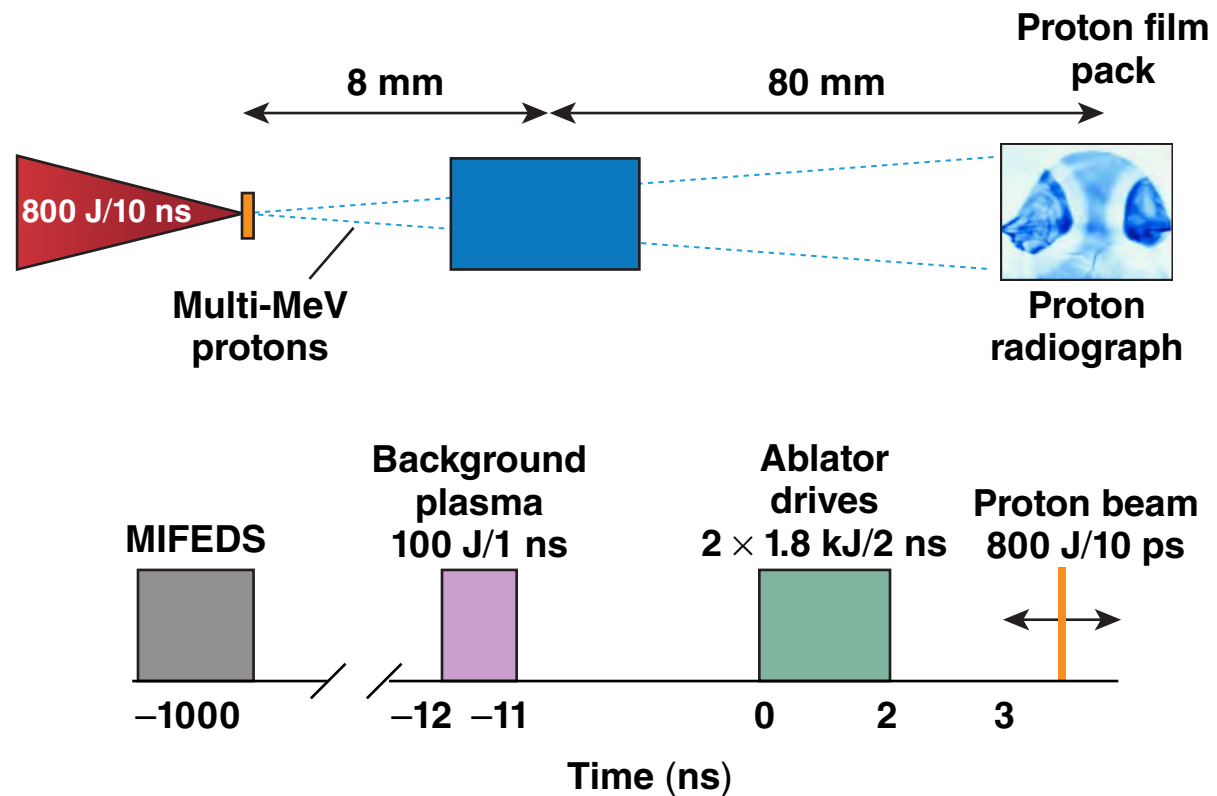
We studied the reconnection of an external B field by colliding two HED plasma bubbles on the OMEGA EP Laser System



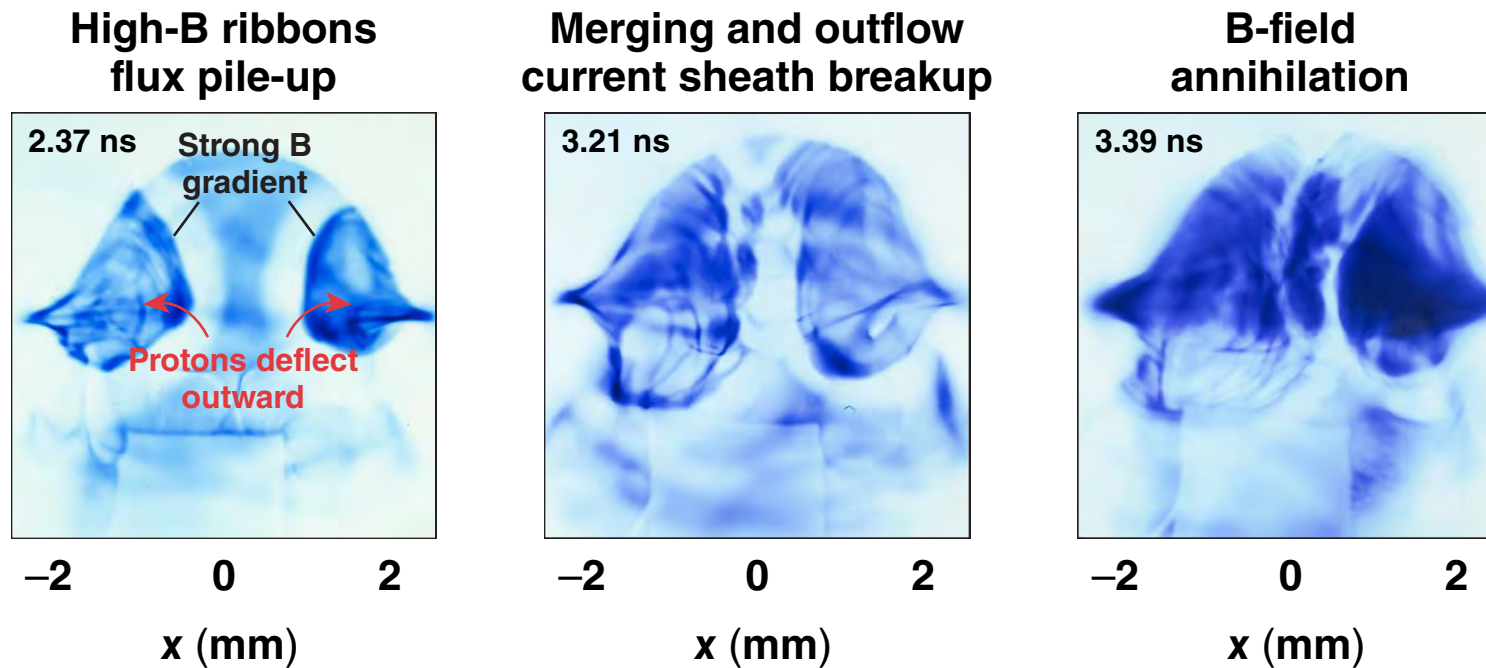
The external field (8 T at the target) is created by a pulsed current generator magneto-inertial fusion electrical discharge system (MIFEDS).*

The reconnection volume is prefilled by tenuous background (BG) plasma.

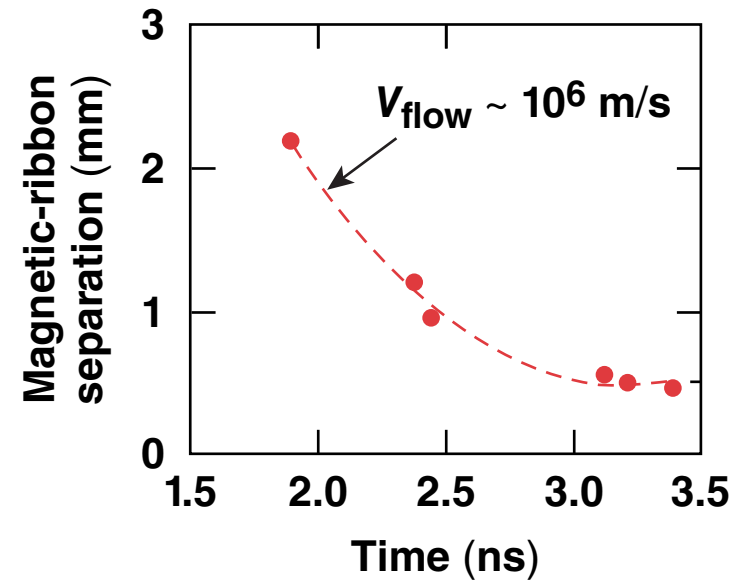
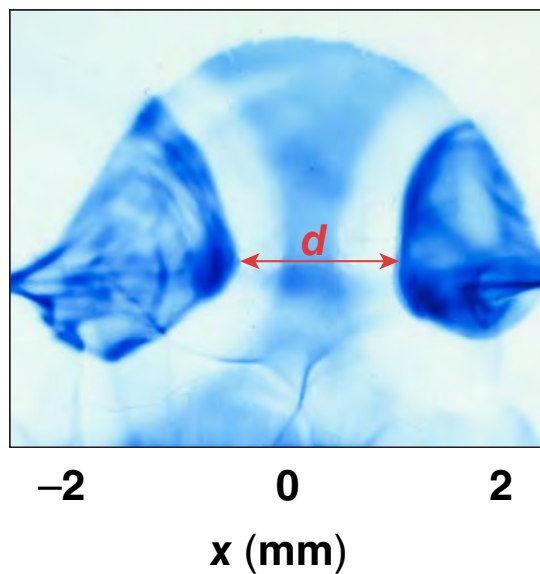
The interaction region was probed by laser-produced fast protons



Proton (13-MeV) radiography images show the formation of high-B ribbons, flux pile-up, outflow, and reconnection

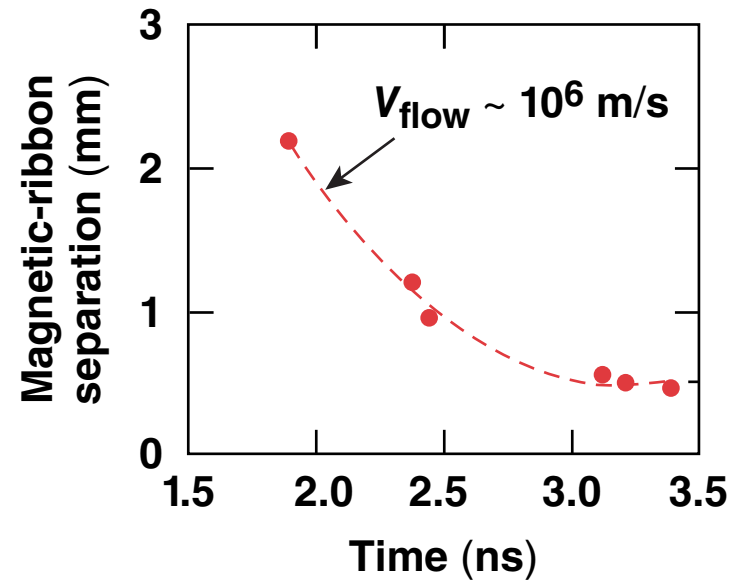
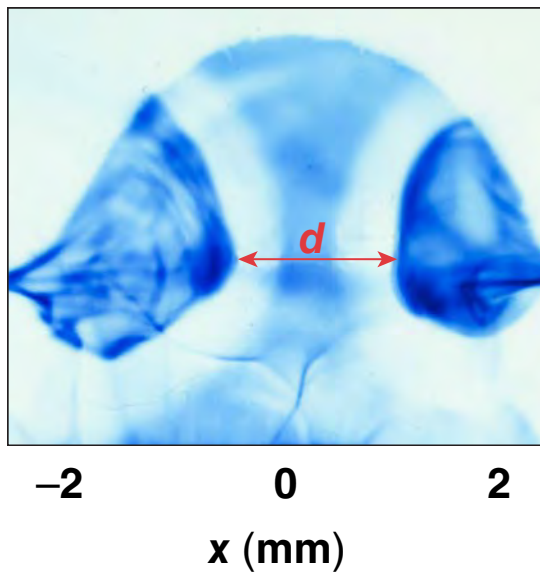


The ribbons collide with a high velocity, greater than the ion-acoustic speed c_s and Alfvén velocity V_A



Flow (m/s)	1×10^6
V_A (m/s)* (estimated*)	2×10^5
c_s (m/s)* (estimated*)	3×10^5

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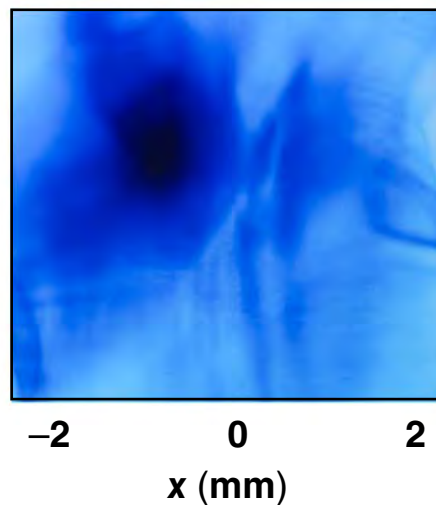
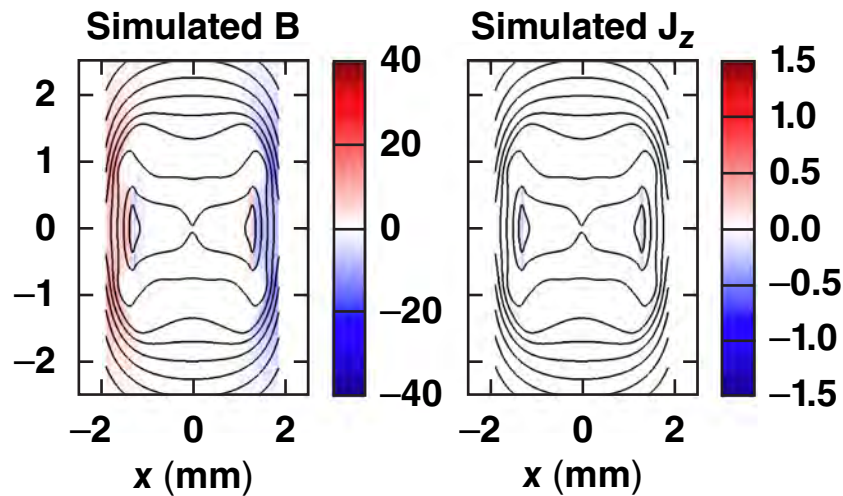


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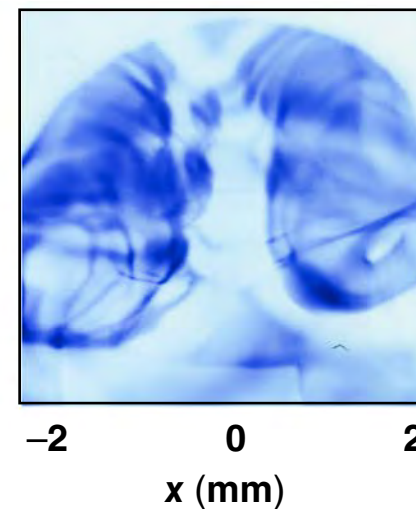
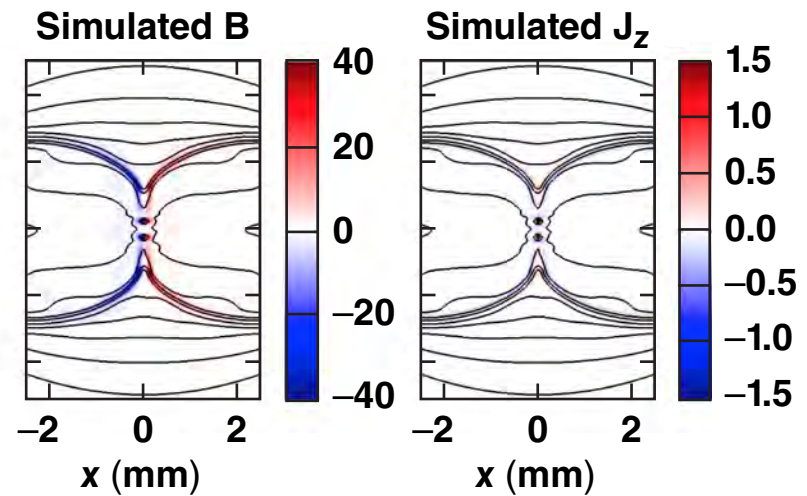
Density (cm^{-3})	2×10^{19}
B (T)	30 ($\beta \sim 10$)
d_i (mm)	4×10^{-2}

The background plasma is necessary for reconnection by allowing for the inboard current

No background plasma

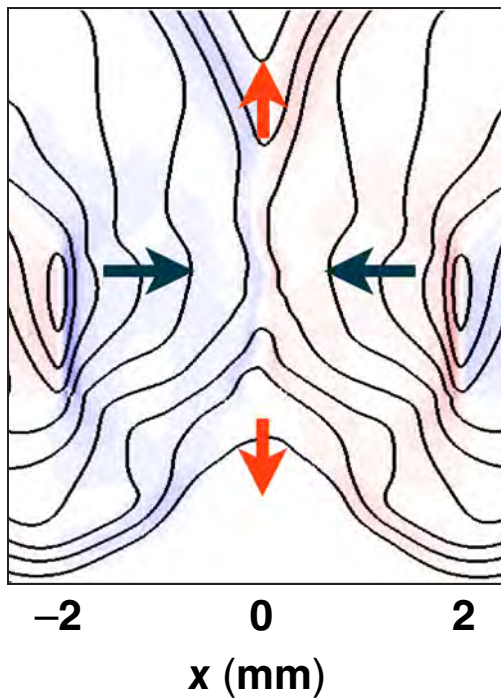


Background plasma

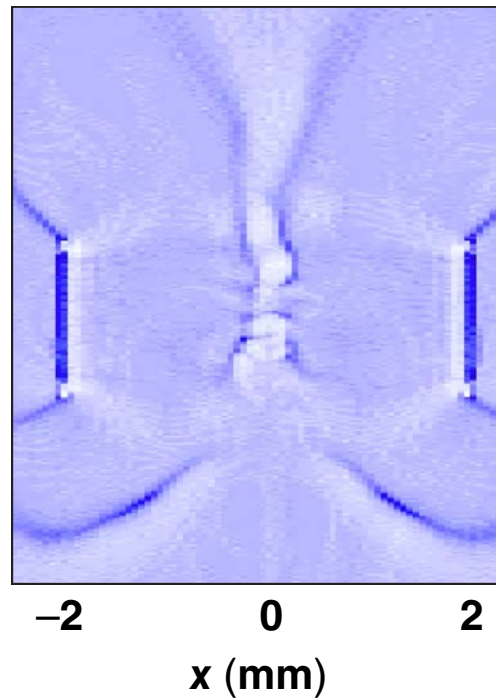


Simulated and experimental proton radiography images agree reasonably well

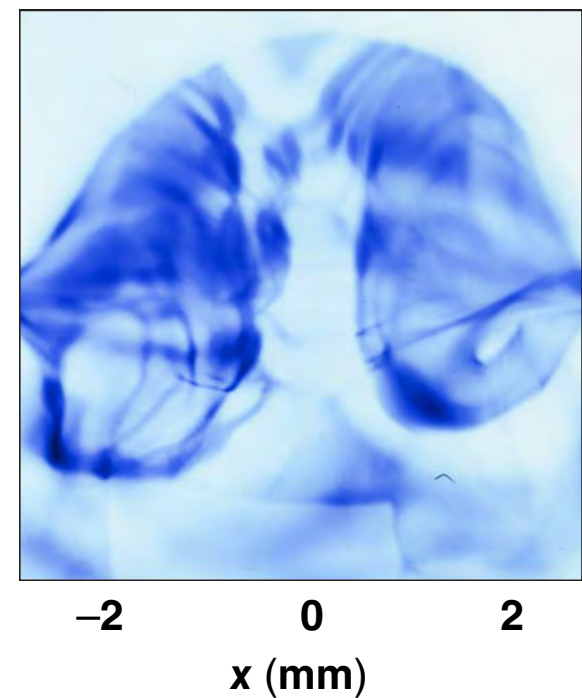
Simulated B flux contours



Simulated proton tracks



Measured,
13-MeV proton tracks



- Up-down asymmetry caused by background plasma flow (from below)
- Colliding and reconnecting magnetic ribbons
- Clumps in the reconnection layer (island formation?)

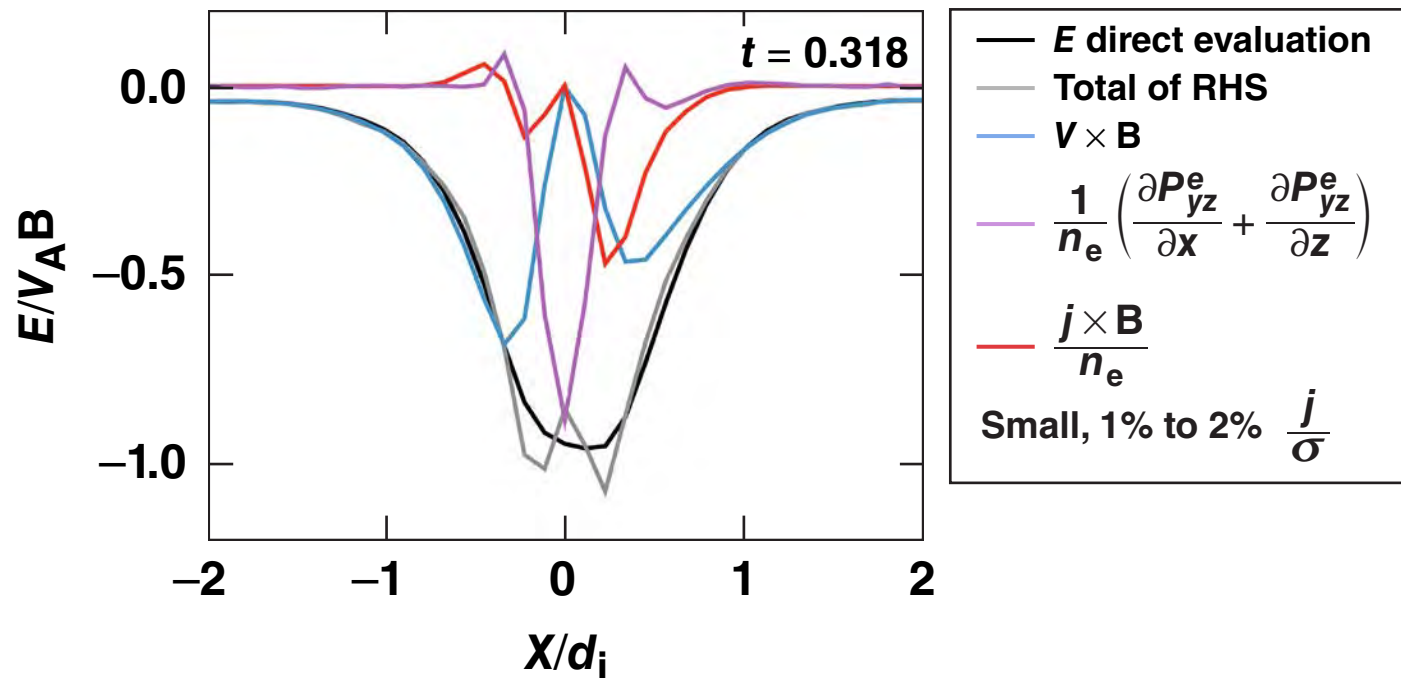
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PIC simulations provide details of the electron momentum balance at reconnection

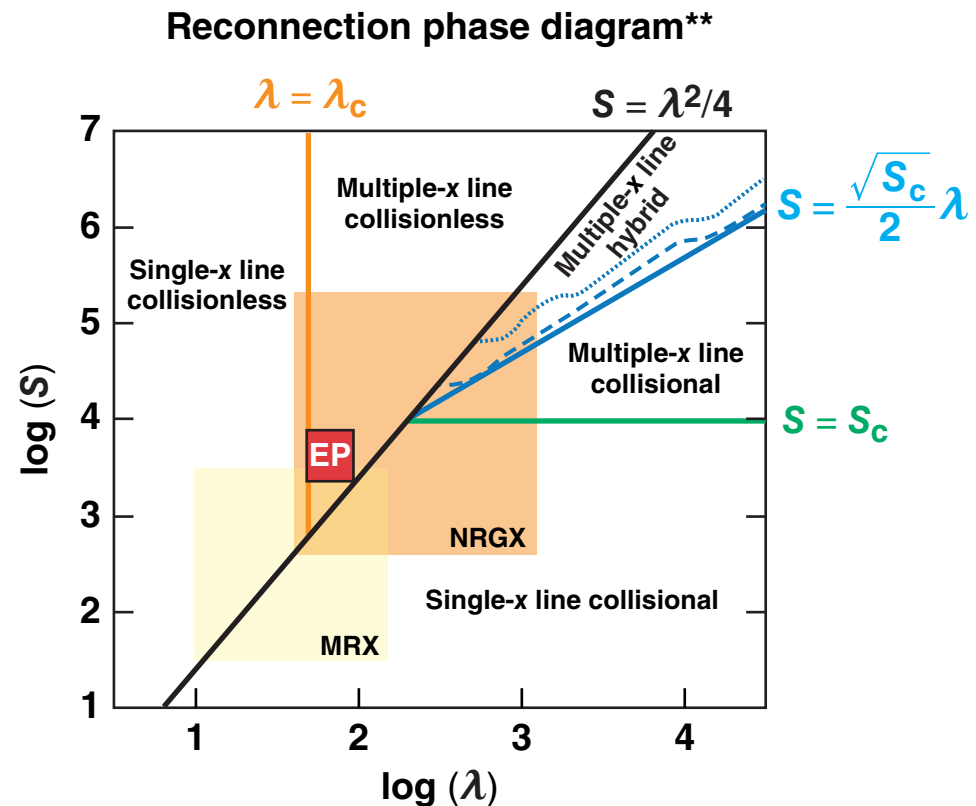
$$E = -V \times B + \frac{j}{\sigma} - \frac{j \times B}{n_e} - \frac{\nabla \cdot \hat{P}_e}{n_e}$$



High beta, high S, supersonic, and super Alfvénic flow may position the experiment into the multiple-x line, collisionless sector of the reconnection phase diagram



Density* (cm ⁻³)	2 × 10 ¹⁹
T _e , T _i * (eV)	500
B (T)	30
L _{CS} (CS length) (mm)	3
Flow (m/s)	1 × 10 ⁶
V _A (m/s)	2 × 10 ⁵
c _s (m/s)	3 × 10 ⁵
β	10
Lundquist S	3500
d _i (mm)	4 × 10 ⁻²
ρ _i (mm)	3 × 10 ⁻²
log (S), log (L _{CS} /d _i)	3.6, 1.9



*DRACO simulations

H. Ji and W. Daughton, Phys. Plasmas **18, 111207 (2011).