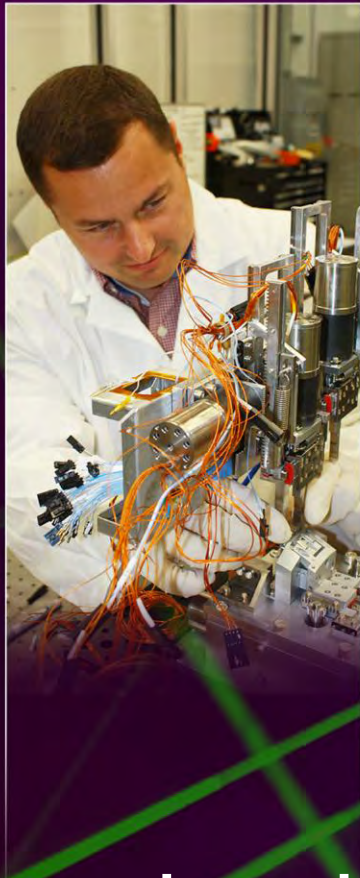


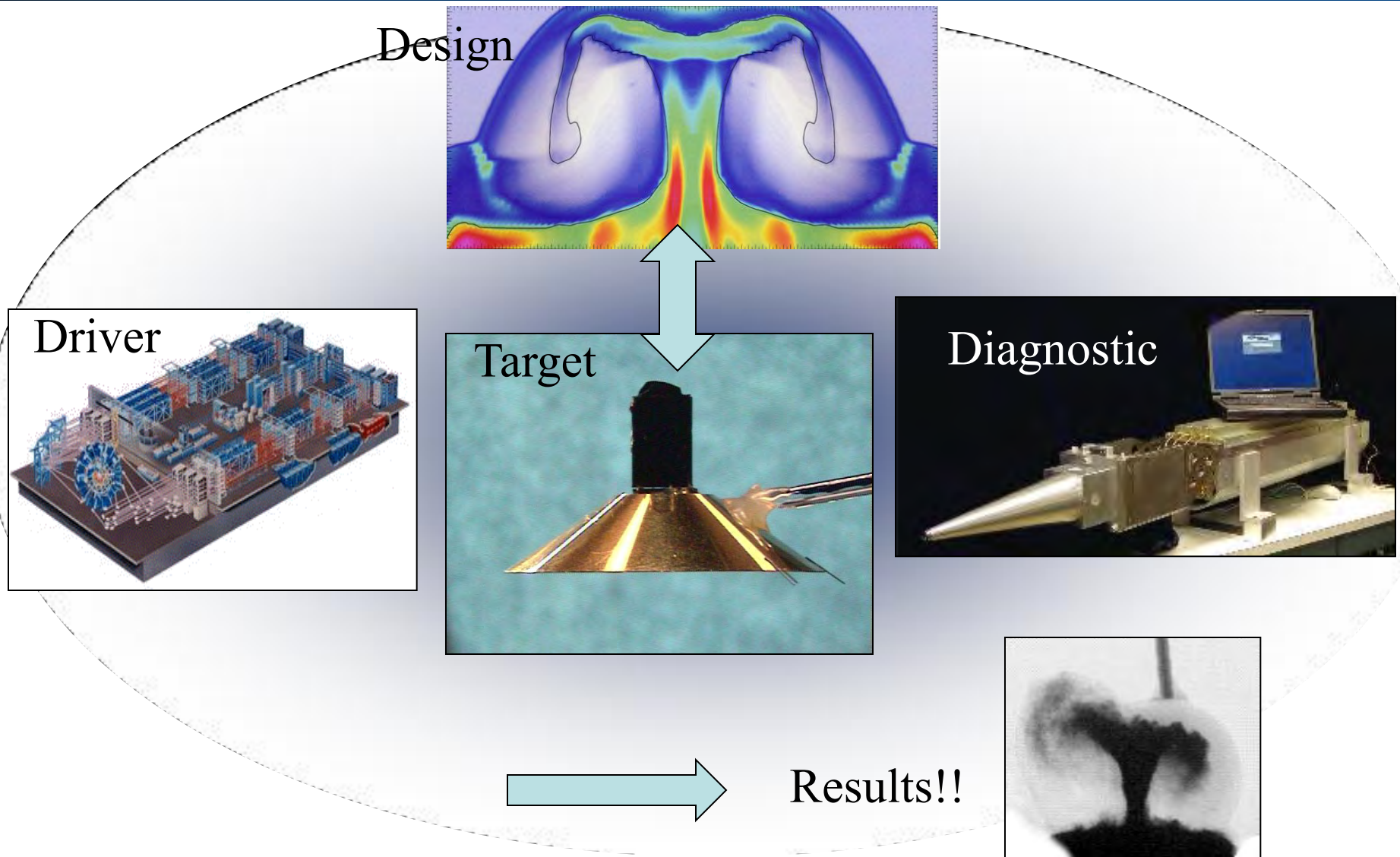
Target basics

Abbas Nikroo, General Atomics

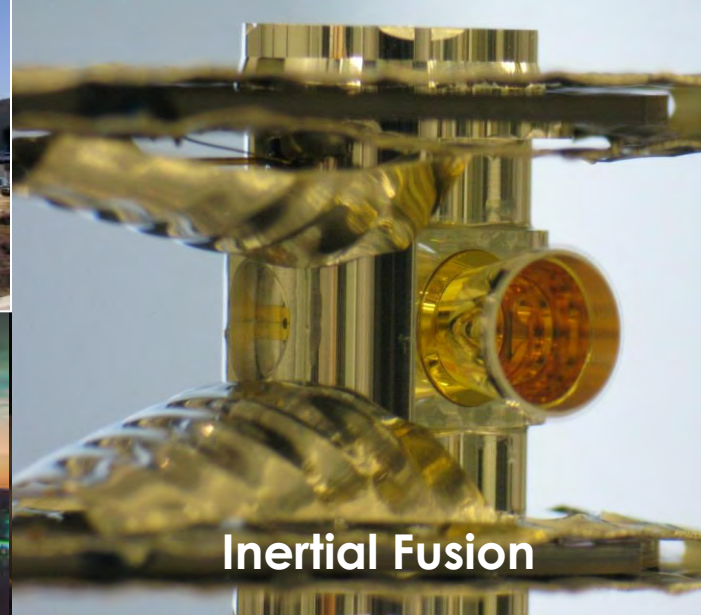
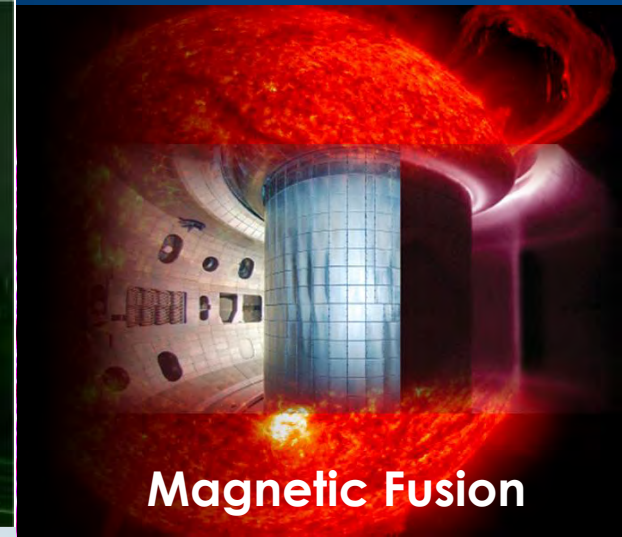
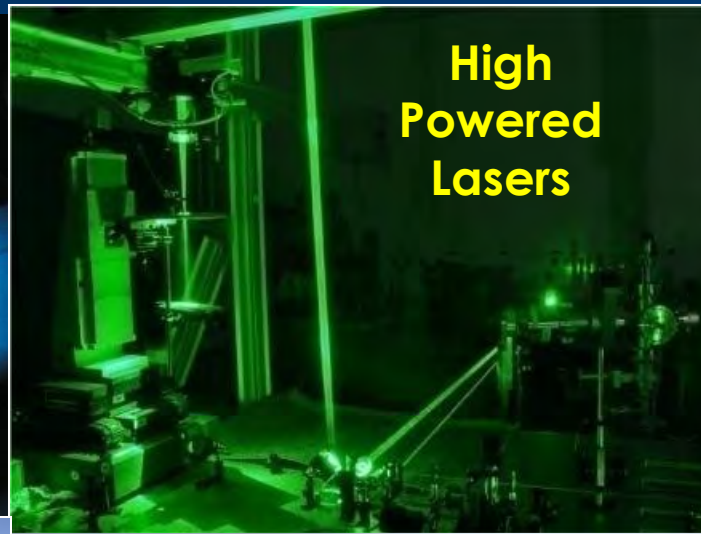
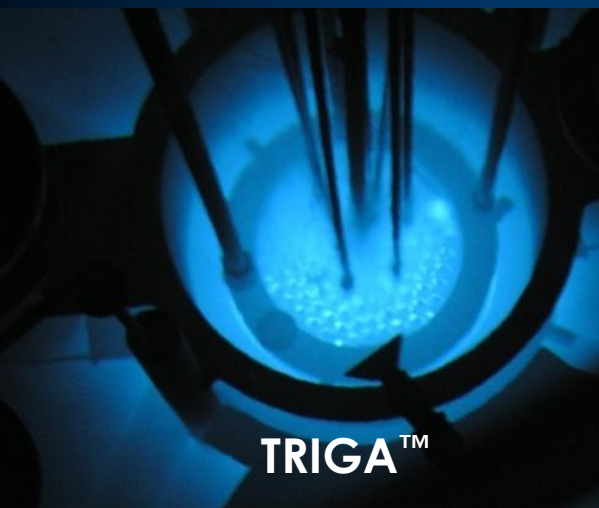


Omega Laser Users Group meeting,
April 28, 2011

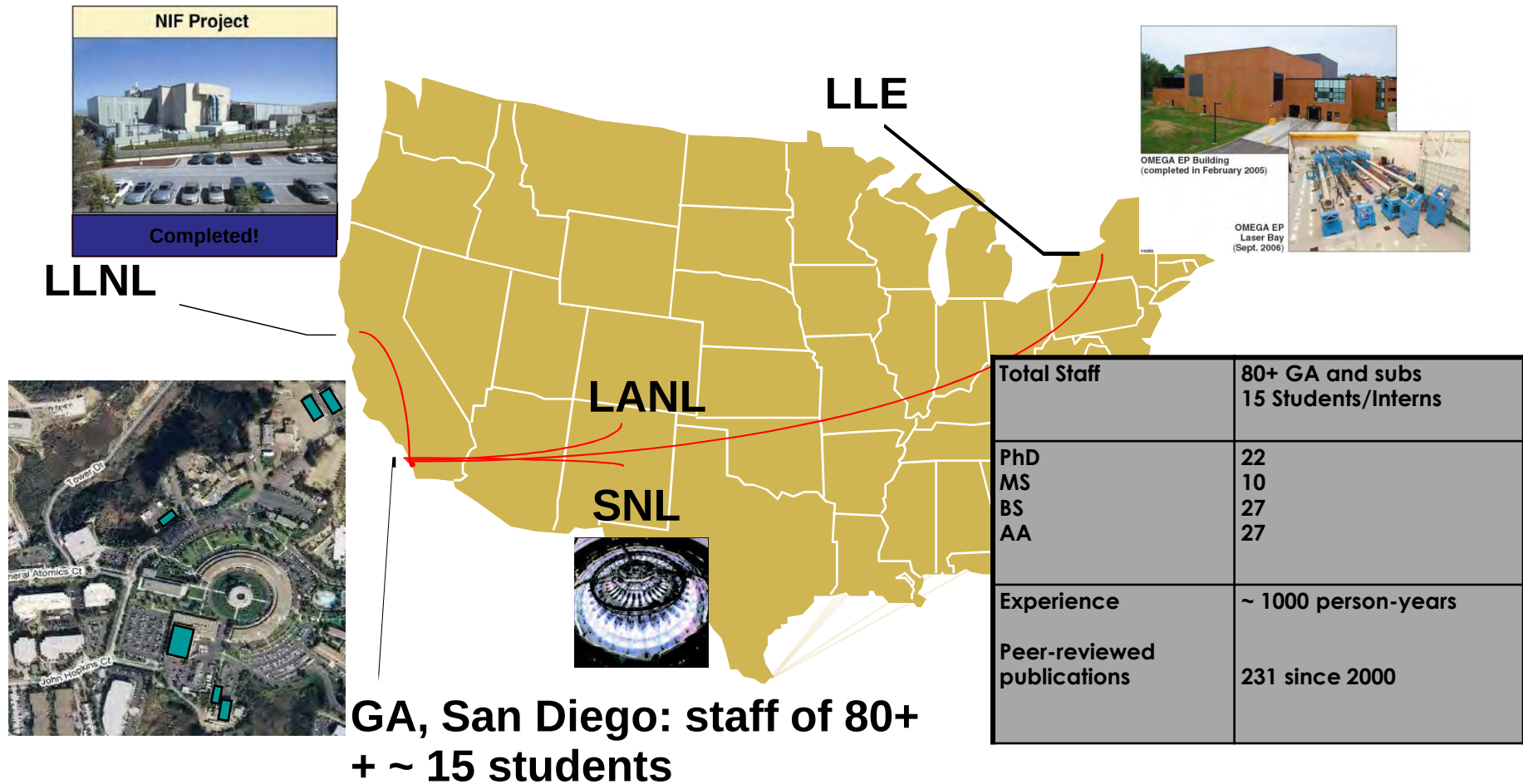
The target is one of the key elements of a successful experiment



GA's major infrastructure has made it a natural choice for development and production of targets

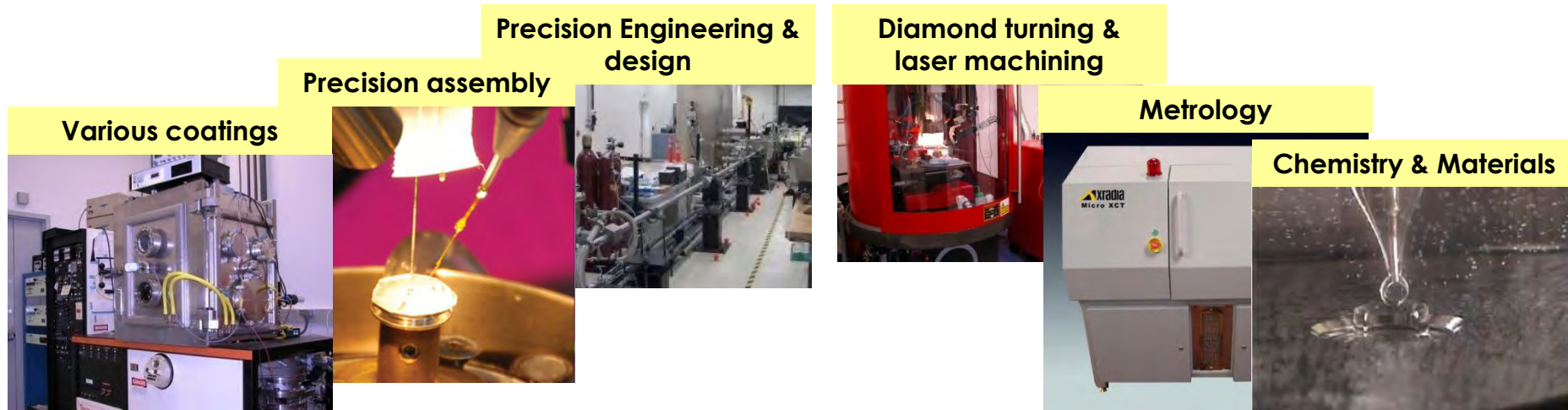


Components and targets for ICF program are primarily made at GA and the national labs

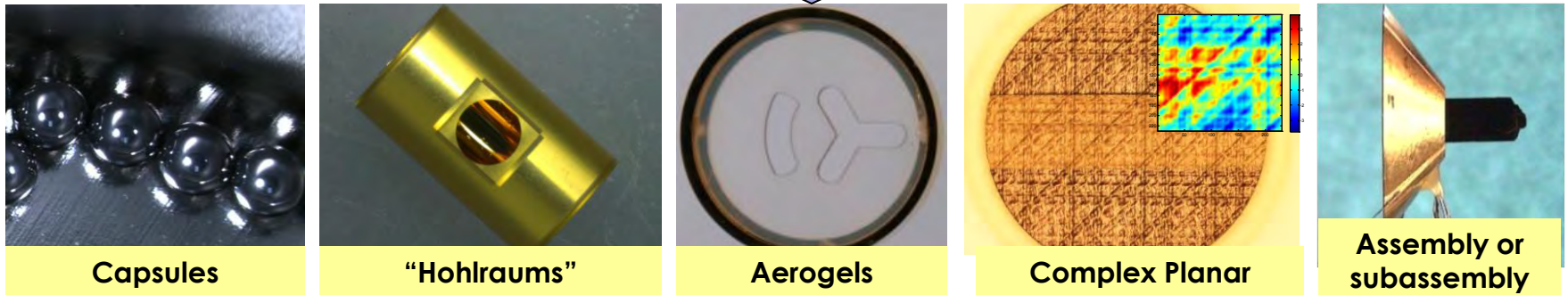
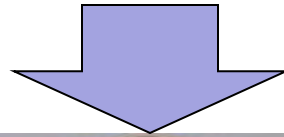


Assembly is performed primarily at the laser facilities

A variety of capabilities are needed for fabrication of various classes of ICF targets

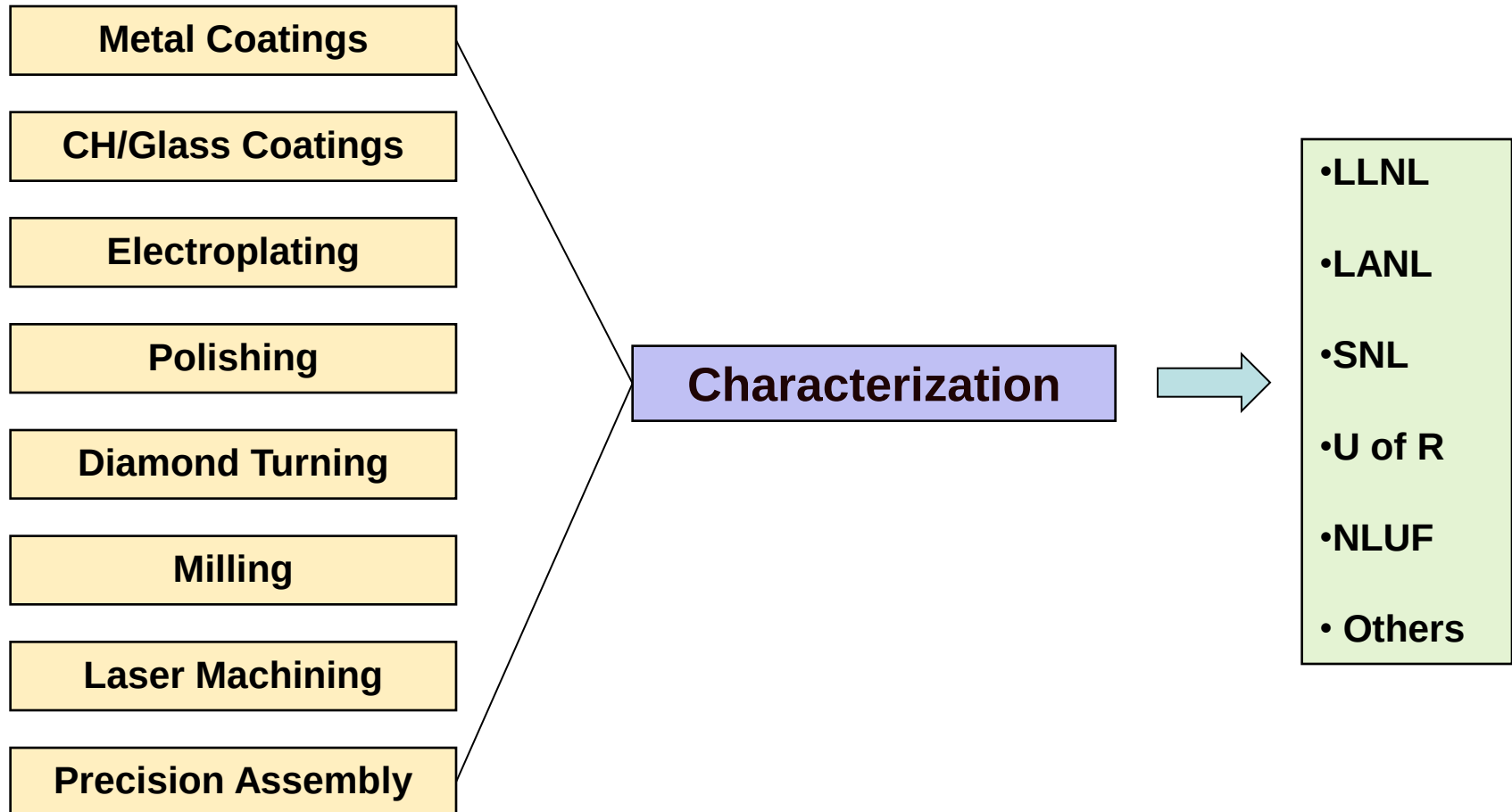


Multiple capabilities are often needed to make a single target



Simpler components (e.g. simple planar foils) are simply purchased

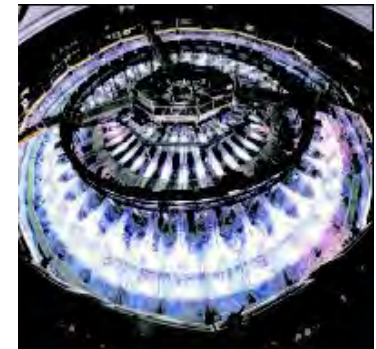
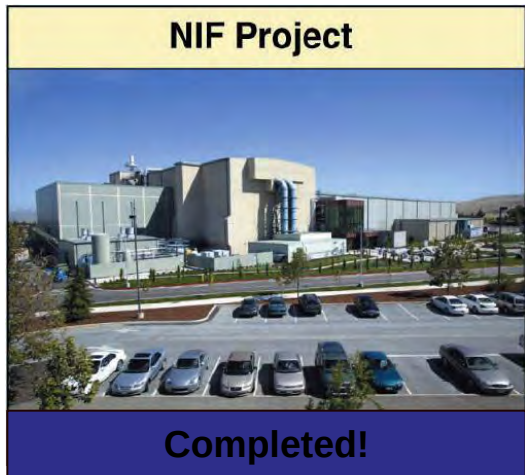
Commonality of capabilities and equipment at one facility improves efficiency and reduces duplication of resources



GA and the labs have this necessary infrastructure

GA produces targets for all the major NNSA ICF facilities

- NNSA's three major new ICF facilities



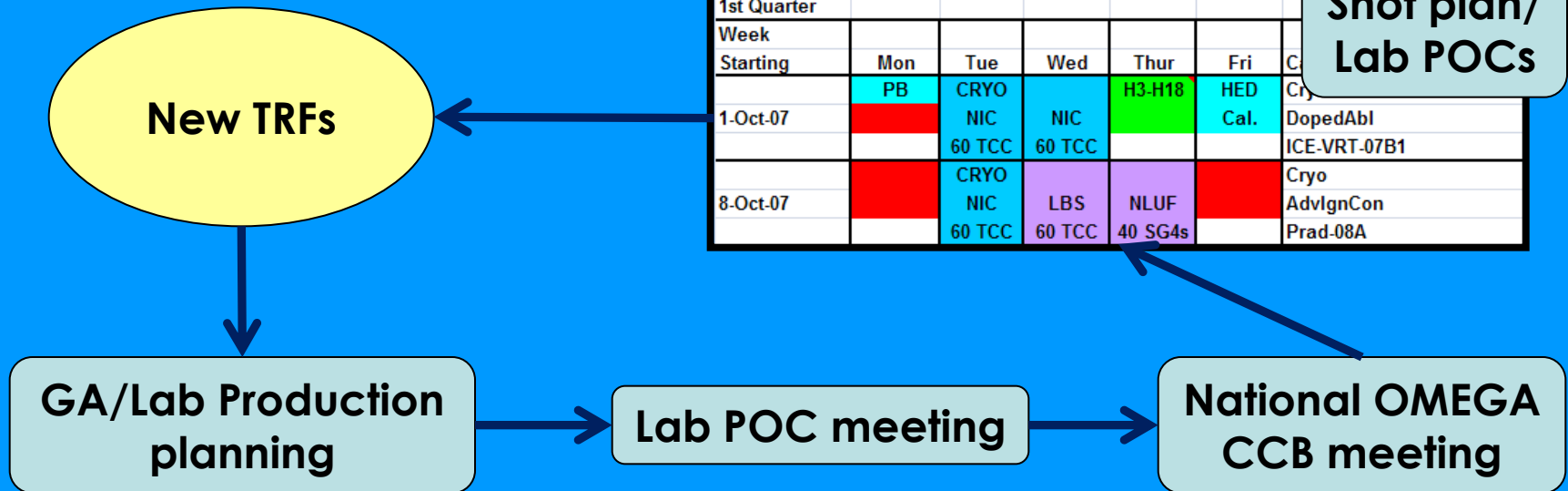
Z-R

- The facilities use thousands of high precision targets/year
 - OMEGA ~ 4000 components and targets/year
 - ZR ~ 200 targets/year
 - NIF ~ two thousands components/year
 - Other some work depending on complexity

A number of target platforms have already been transferred from Omega to NIF

We anticipate target needs through scheduling in close partnership with laboratory Point of Contacts and PIs

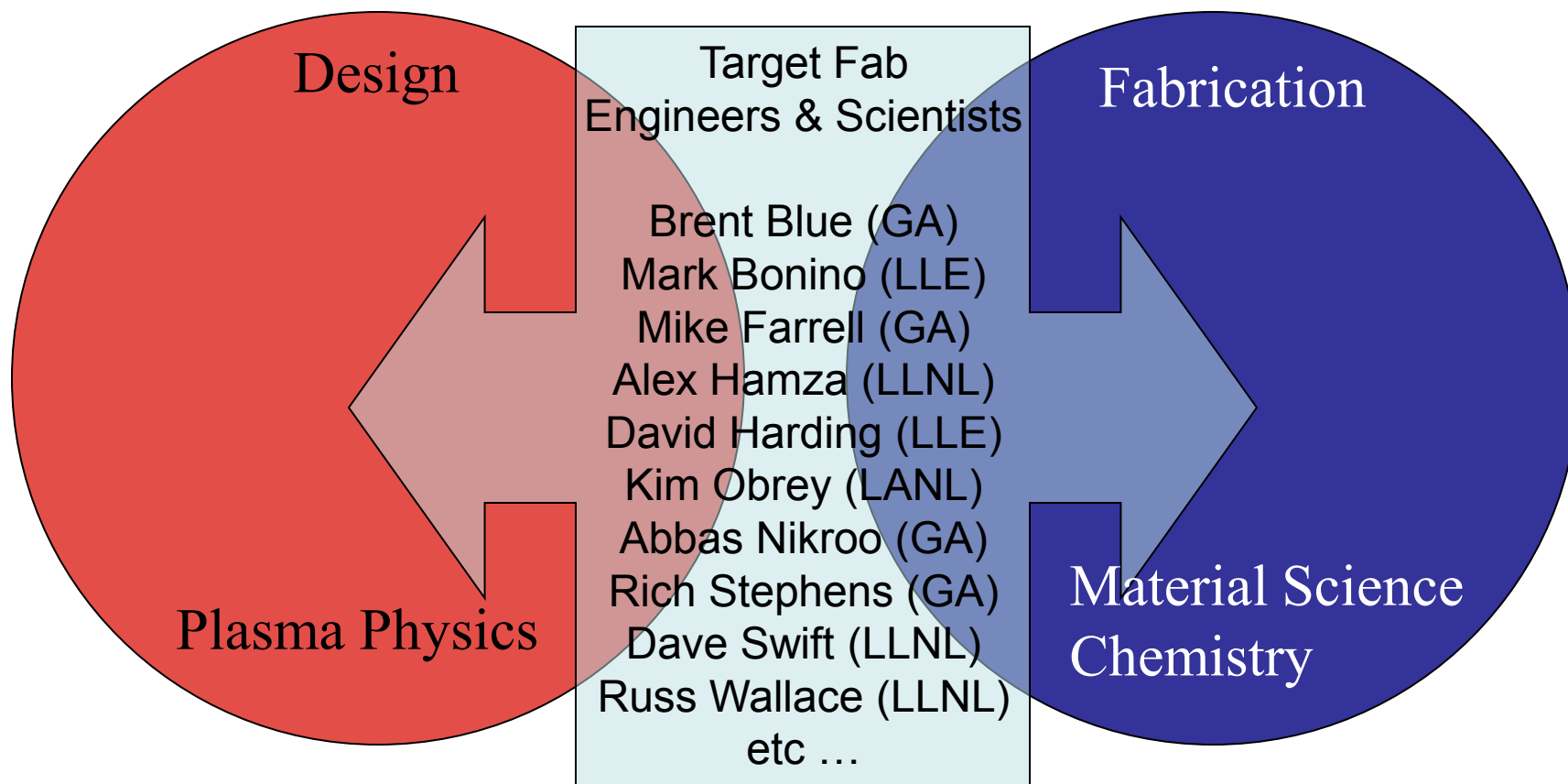
OMEGA change control board process



- Discusses all OMEGA targets:
 - Track status
 - Flag and resolve issues
 - Planning

Make sure you know you lab and GA POC's and "Target Fab Engineers"

Engage target fabrication early



“3 page” experiment request is an effective tool in communicating the target needs

NIC Campaign: Hydroinstability

Omega FY11



Campaign Name: CHaRM_11

Purpose:

- Quantify ablator drive from shock speed determination
- Measure ablative RM growth on CH ablators at long pulse durations
- Determine effect of initial bump width on growth

Specific Deliverable of this campaign:

- Measurement of shock speeds in CH ablator during foot

What would we do with results:

- Validate EOS models
- Design NIF foot pulse to minimize bump growth

PI/Designer: E. Loomis/D. Braun

Major issues: Minimize damage in PAPBL geom

Omega

Summary	Q1FY11	Q2FY11	Q3FY11	Q4FY11
Shot Opps	10	10		
Config #1	5	5		
Config #2	5	5		
Target #1+2, Type: B	5	5		
Target #2, Type: B	5	5		

6/4/10

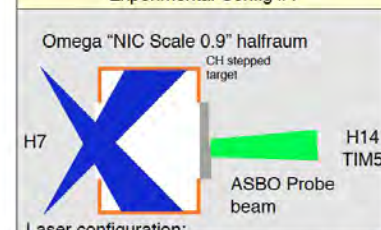
NIC Campaign: Hydroinstability

Omega FY11



Campaign Name: CHaRM_11

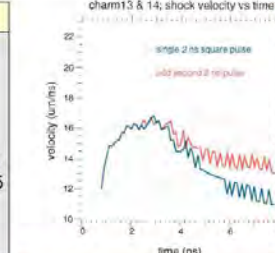
Experimental Config #1



Beams	# CPPs	CPP size	Pulse	Special
9 C3 + 6 C2 (H7)	15	SG4	sg2007	-2.5 ns

- Could use C1 also if not driving BL (see next slide)
- Self-emission (SOP) should disappear upon shock breakout
- CH and quartz window anticipated to “blank” until M-band drops to low level

6/4/10



Diagnostics required:				
Diag	TIM	Priority	Type	Call
VISAR/SOP	5	1	3	Dove rotate
Dante		1	3	
XRFC	1	2	3	

Experimental set-up: One for each unique illumination AND c.g. if you change effect, requires a different setup
Priority: (1: must have, 2: like to have, 3: nice-to-have)
Type: (1: New diag, 2: major mod, 3: minor mod or existing)

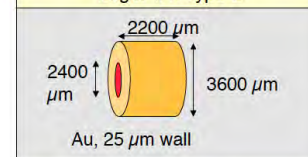
NIC Campaign: Hydroinstability

Omega FY11

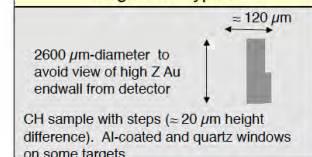


Campaign Name: CHaRM_11

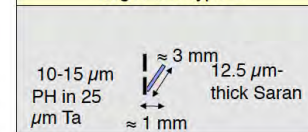
Target #1: Type C



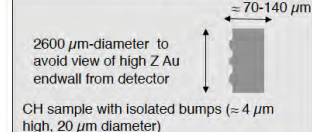
Target #1: Type B



Target #1: Type B



Target #1: Type B



Use vacuum NIC Scale 0.9 halfraum platform to delay Au stagnation

6/4/10

Get to know your target ABC's!

Type A : R&D never done before

Type C: “routine” , made several or more times before

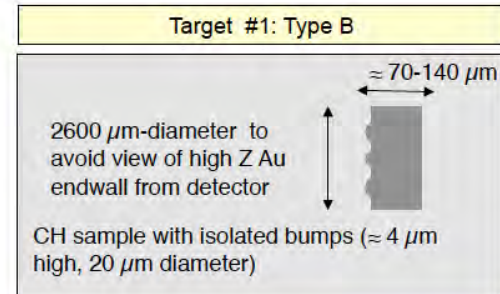
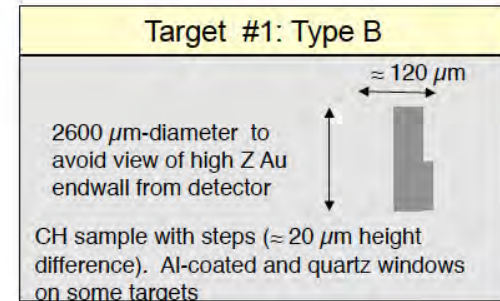
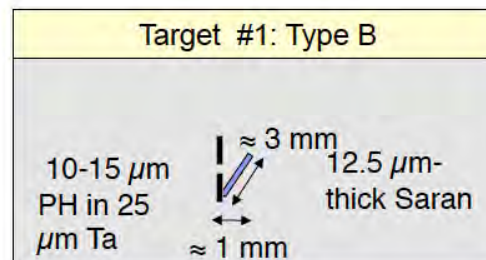
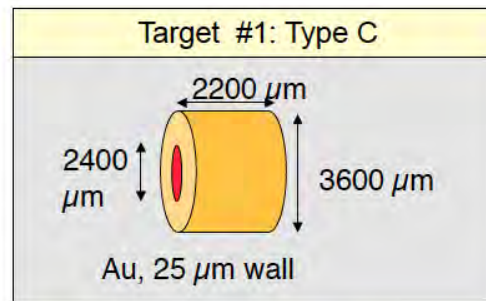
Type B: in between A and C

Consult target fab regarding proper designation!

NIC Campaign: Hydroinstability

Campaign Name: CHaRM_11

Omega FY11
NIC
The National Ignition Campaign



Use vacuum NIC Scale 0.9 halfraum platform to delay Au stagnation

6/4/10

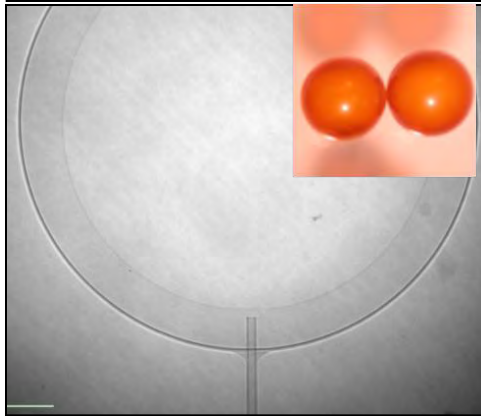
A target may go from routine (Type C) to R&D (Type A) just by changing one of the materials (ask Bob Heeter!)

Machined components can come in a variety of flavors

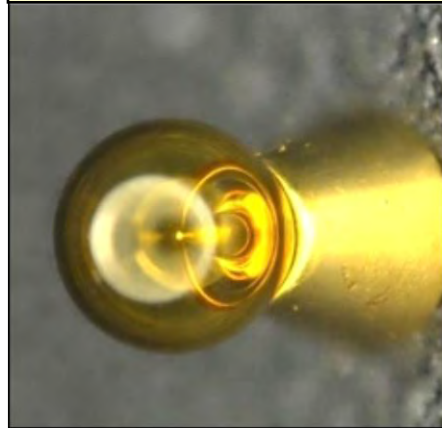


A shell is a shell is a shell ...?

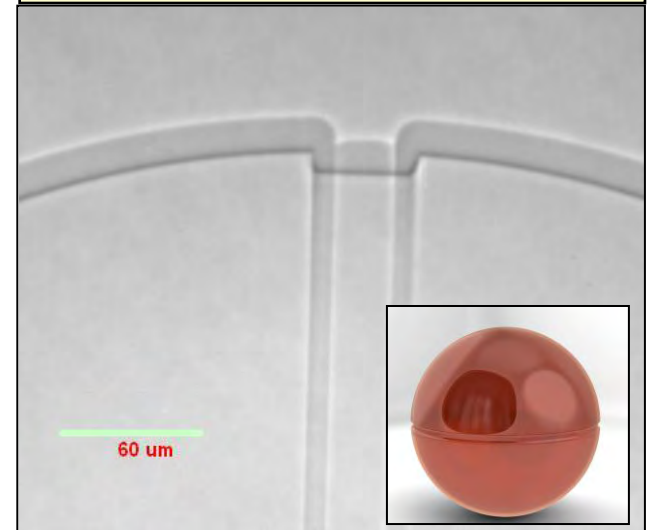
Foam capsules with
fill tube for FoamImp



Capsule and cone
for Fast Ignition



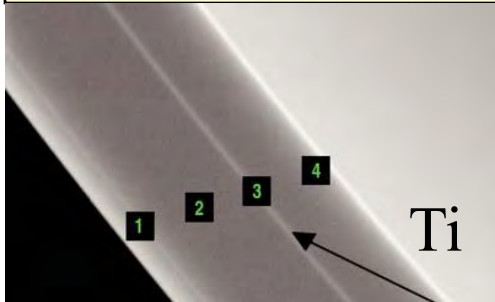
Inner trenched capsule for
DIImE



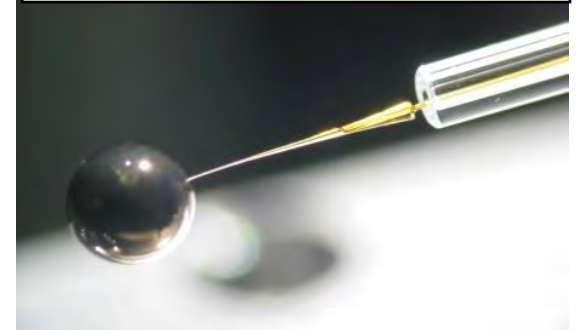
Double Shell for
DynHohl



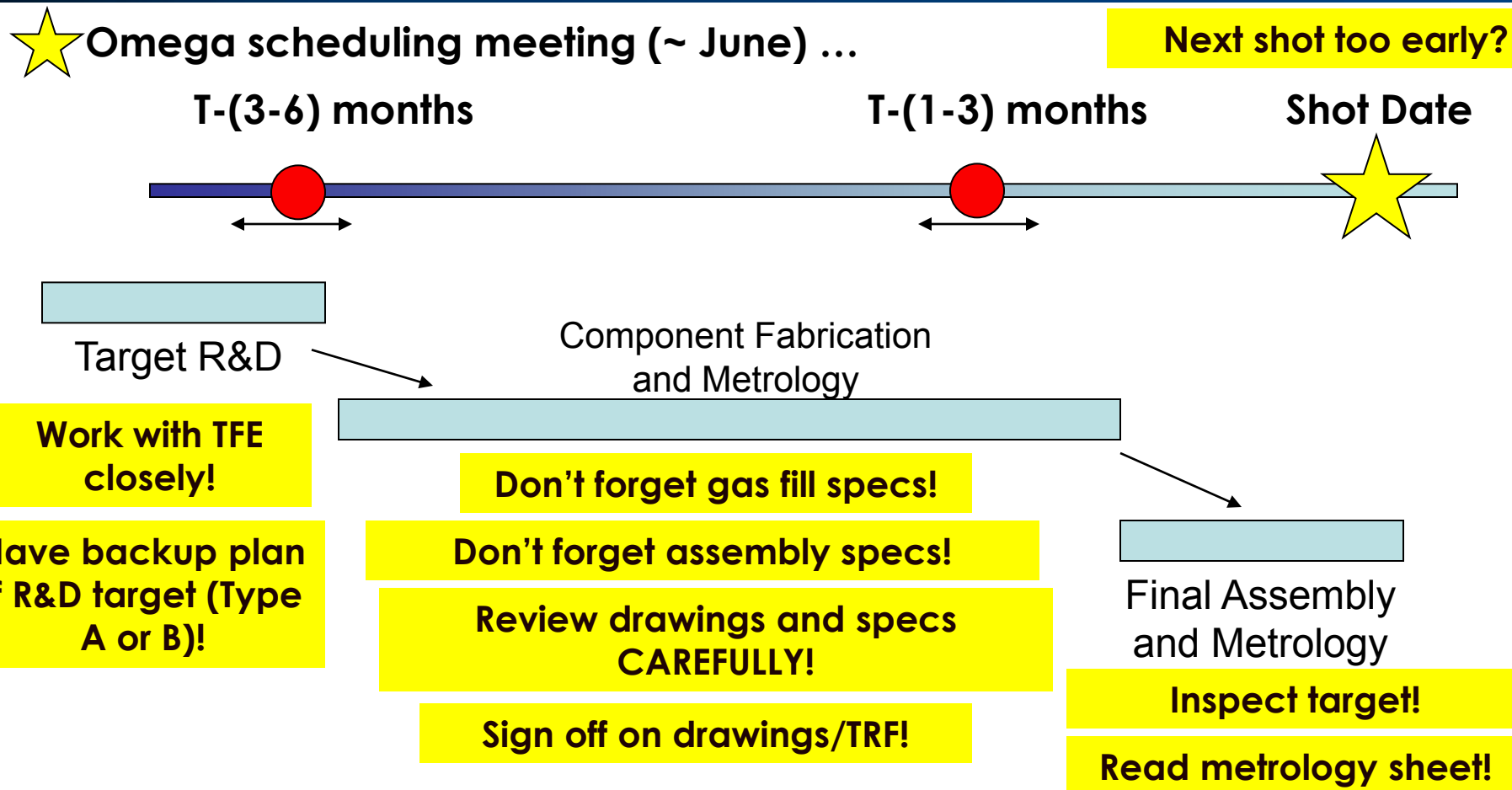
Buried doped layer



Beryllium fill tube shell

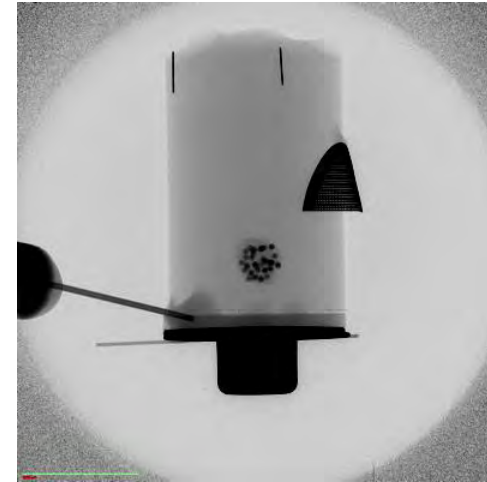
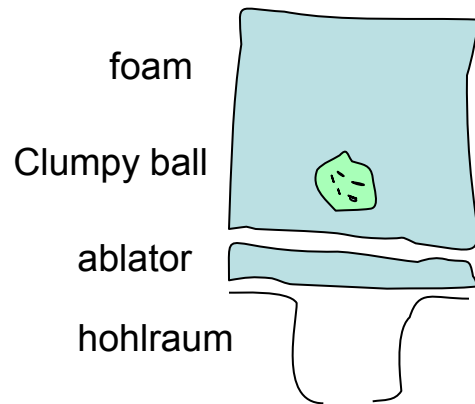


Blueprint for a successful target acquisition

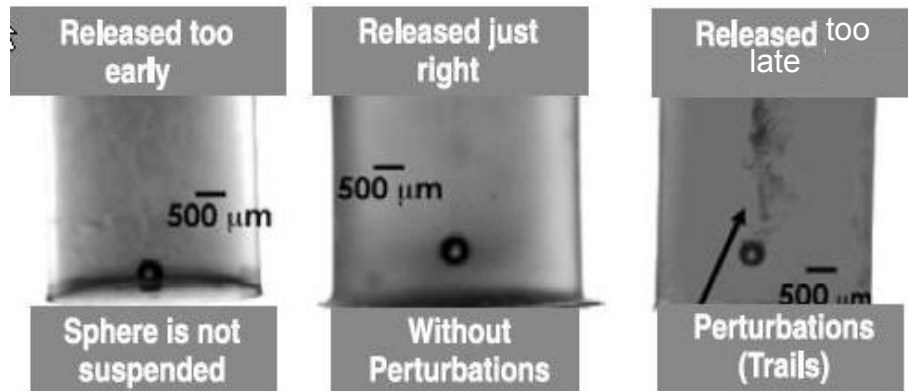


Plan early and stay engaged throughout the target production timeline

Target design and fabrication techniques may evolve significantly during the course of a campaign



NLUF AstroShock targets as an example

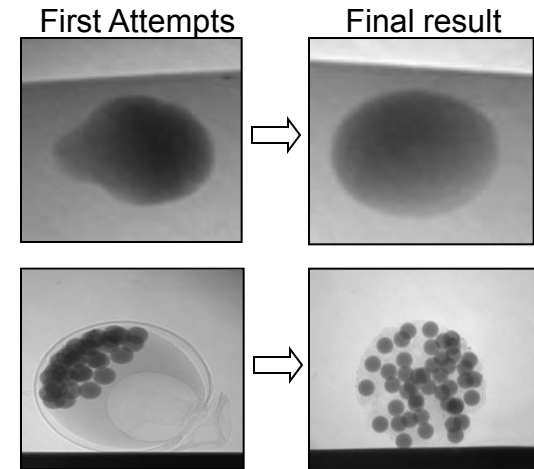


Dispersed

- uniformity
- shape

Clumpy

- random distribution



Significant R&D may needed to determine if we could even make the targets

Target request form (TRF) documents target types, quantities, specifications

Component Type: Esh. Center Best Effort

ORIGINATOR: E. GIRALDEZ
 ORDER #: CPM-AWE HohlDyn-10A 1.150 Au Halfraum
 CUSTOMER: AWE
 DATE: 12/8/09
 WebTRF: 512

PAGE: 1 of 1

COMPONENT SHIPMENT DATA
 SPECIFICATION: AWE-HohlDyn-10A 1.150 Au Halfraum

PART ID	SPECS.	1	2	3
Hohlraum Length (mm)	1.150 ± 0.005	1.150	1.150	1.150
Wall Thickness (mm)	0.025-0.050	0.035	0.035	0.035
Diagnostic Hole 1 Radius (mm)	0.400 ± 0.010	0.400	0.400	0.401
Diagnostic Hole 2 Radius (mm)	0.400 ± 0.010	0.400	0.400	0.400
LEH Diameter (mm)	1.200 ± 0.005	1.200	1.200	1.200
Hohlraum ID Diameter (mm)	1.600 ± 0.005	1.600	1.600	1.600
Flange Diameter (mm)	1.800 ± 0.005	1.798	1.800	1.800
Hohlraum Radius (mm)	0.125 ± 0.013	0.125	0.125	0.125
Flange Radius Max (mm)	0.050 MAX	0.030	0.030	0.030
Flange Hole Radius (mm)	0.050 ± 0.010	0.050	0.050	0.050

COMMENTS:



GA DDC Capsule Cryo SCD A CD shells 04/16/2009 6 External None C30272 3020 DDC 296 DiagDev-CIS-09A

Read final metrology sheet!

<http://gatrf.lle.rochester.edu/>

Best Effort	WONO	GA Order	Cust. #		
None	C30272-9570	IDC-LLE-296-Int-FI-09D Rev 0		Order Specs	Status
None	C30272-9570	IDC-LLE-296-Int-FI-09D Rev 0		Order Specs	Status
None	C30272.9490	COM-Int-FI-09D Cone & Shell	Int-FI-09D	Order Specs	Status
				Order Specs	Status

Clear

Query

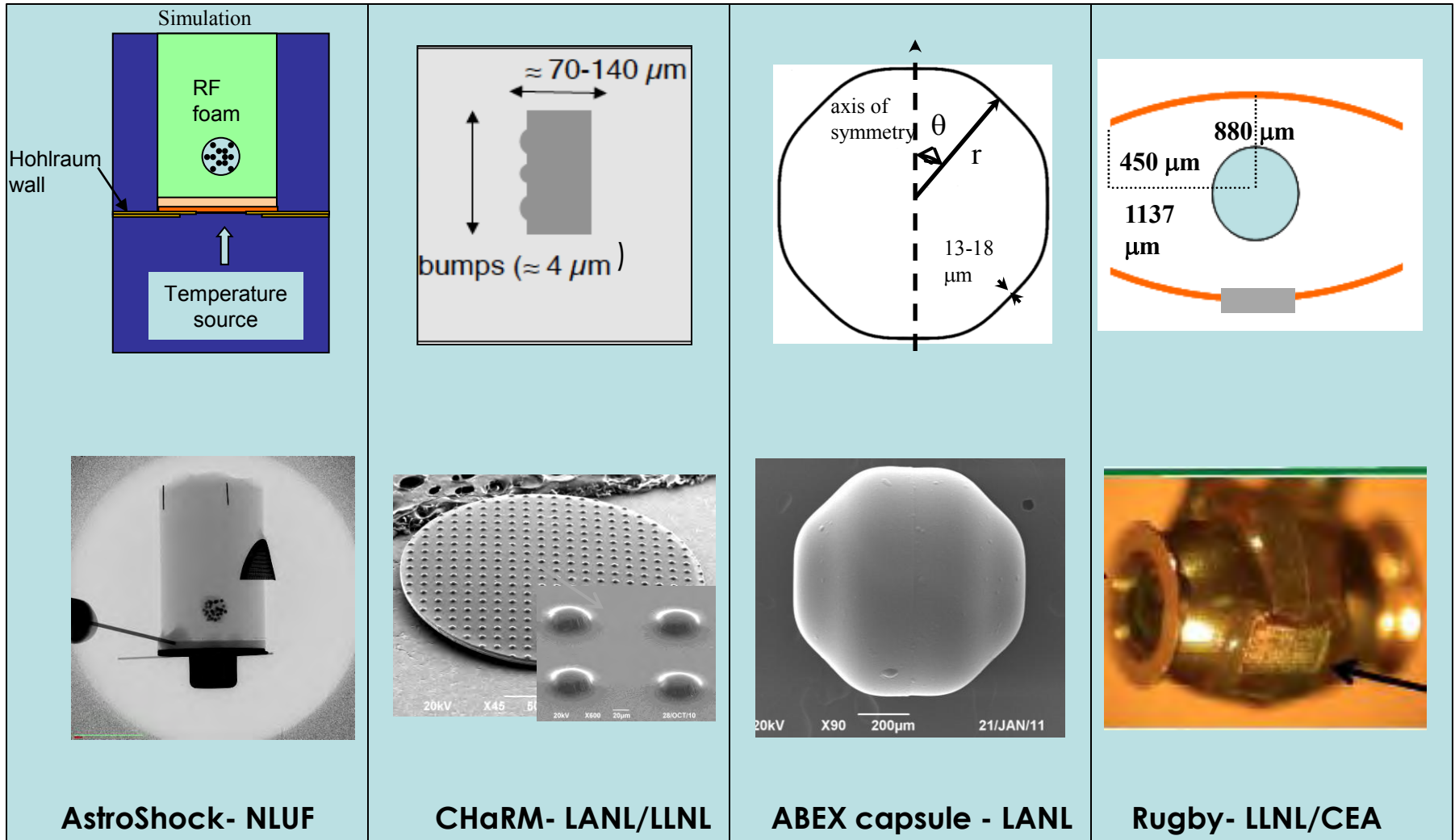
Update

Save as New

2008 Laboratory for Laser Energetics

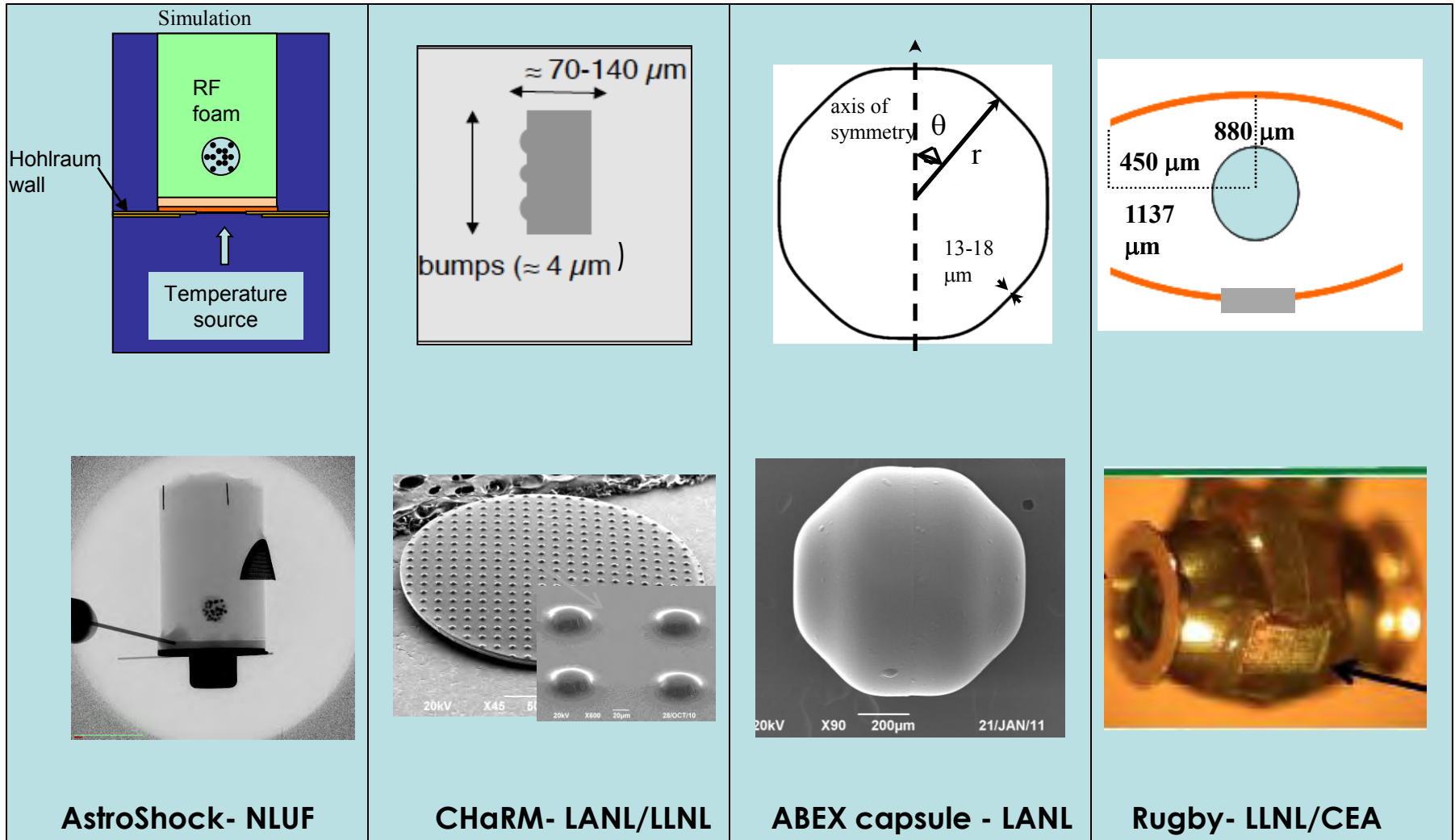
TRF is starting and ending point for ensuring targets for your experiments

Early planning, close communication and iteration with target fab allows fabrication of complex targets ...



... and a successful experiment

Early planning, close communication and iteration with target fab allows fabrication of complex targets ...



... and a successful experiment

