

OMEGA shot rate allows innovative diagnostics and targets to be developed, opening new areas of science

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NIF opens new windows in HED science



As well an important role for OMEGA is to develop techniques / diagnostics for NIF



Advances in High Energy Density Physics Require:



Given a driver innovation in targets and diagnostics drive new science



The HED diagnostic effort on NIF is international



Most of the NIF diagnostics were developed on Nova or OMEGA



Installing 39 NIF Diagnostics up to 2011, most of them developed/tested on OMEGA

Diagnostic		Acronym	Purpose and Function								
Static x-ray imager		SXI(upper)	Provides time integrated images of low energy (3-7 keV) x-ray emission and				2000				
		SXI (lower)	is used to survey hohlraum experiments and pointing of laser beams								
Streaked X-ray Detectors		SXD1	Measures with continuous time resolution x-ray emission from the targets								
		SXD2	and used to synchronize the arrival time of laser beams on targets					ſ			
Broad-band, time-resolved x- DANTE 1		DANTE 1	Measures the soft x-ray flux vs time and primarily used to determine the				2000			Installed	
ray spectrometer		DANTE 2	radiation temperature in the hohlraum					L		mstaneu	
Full Aperture Backscatter Station FAE		FABS 31B-in FABS 36B-out	Light backscattering stations that measure the angular, temporal and spectrally resolved light backscattered into the focus lenses. One quad of beams on the inner cone 31B and one quad. on the outer cone 36B								
Near Backscatter Imager		NBI 31B-in	Light backscattering stations that measure the angular temporal								
		NBI 36B-out	andspectrally resolved light backscattered near the focus lenses. One quad of beams on the inner cone 31B and one quad on the outer cone 36B								
Filter Fluorescer Dia	gnostic	FFLEX	Measures hard x-rays bands (10 keV to 400 keV) with time resolution on some channels from which the hot electron fraction can be inferred								
Time-Gated X-ray Detectors		GXD1	Images x-rays with time	Diagnostic	Acronym			Purpose and	Function	N	Operatio
		GXD2	resolution of 60 micron	Electromagnetic Power	EMP	Measures elect	romagneti	frequency spe	ectrum in	the target chamber	2009
Thomson Scattering		TS	4ω Thomson scattering f	in scattering f Wedge Range Filter WRF Measures the energy of charged particle products (protons) 2							2009
monison seattering		15	temperature	Gamma Reaction History GRH Measures y spectrum and time history. Used for bang time, burn hostory							2010
Velocity Interferometer For		VISAR	Measures the shock velo	Hardened X-ray Imager	h-GXI	core containing	ining THD fuel to determine core temperature and shape				⁹ 2010
Any Kenector			in the Nic Ignition pulse	Hot spot x-ray Spectrometer	HSXRS	Measures x-ra	y emission	emission from ablator dopants mixing into the hot core.			
VISAR/Streaked Optical Pyrometer		VISAR/SOP	Measures the timing of t	X-ray Pinnole Camera XPHC Measures sta		Measures statio	IC X-ray images of implosions				2010
				Neutron Time-Of-Flight	NTOF4.5-4of	temperature, n	emperature, neutron bang time, y history				2009
DIM insertable Strea	ak	DISC	Hardened x-ray streak c	Neutron Time-Of-Flight	NTOF20- 2 of	Two NTOFs located 20 m from TCC used to measure neutron yield temperature, and areal density (or).		ure neutron yield, ion	2010		
4ω fiducial for x-ray str				Magnetic Recoil Spectometer	MRS	Measures the a ion temperatur	s the absolute neutron spectrum between 6 and 30 MeV from which erature, areal density (ρ r), and neutron yield can be directly inferred				h red 2010
				Neutron Imaging	NI	Measures static neutrons from asymmetry and (ρr_{stel}) .	c neutron i a burning l d from the	mages of prima DT capsule to as downscattered	ary (14 Me ssess hot fraction,	eV) and downscattered spot size and fuel the cold fuel areal densit	y 2011
				High Enegy X-ray Imager	HEXRI	In combination of the cold fuel	with ARC, from whic	measures spat h cold fuel area	ially reso al density	lved x-ray scattering ima (ρr _{shell}) can be inferred	^{ges} 2011
				Neutron Activation Detector	NAD	Measures the in	ntegrated i	eutron flux by	activatio	on of witness foils	2009
And the				Advanced Radiographic Capability	ARC1	Advanced radio an x-ray black	ographic ca ighting sou	pability using A rce to radiogra	ARC the sl pically im	hort pulse laser to produc nage imploding capsule	e 2011
		ere will		Radiochemical Diagnostic	RadChem-gas	Uses radiochemical separations and nucle n-gas neutron activation products produced from shell of the target with gas sample collect			lear count om tracers ction	unting methods to measure ters embedded in the ablator	
		C				Uses radiochen	nical separ	ations and nucl	ear count	ting methods to measure	2011

DIXI

Radiochemical Diagnostic

Dilation x-ray imager

2011

RadChem-solid charged particle activation produced from tracers embedded in the ablator

shell of the target with solid sample collection

10 psec x-ray imager

The technology for backlighting of laser plasmas takes time and shots to develop



Point projection backlighting with thermal x rays is not yet routinely used; hard x-ray backlighting will have new problems.

Complex multi-target area back-lighter assemblies are routinely fielded on OMEGA



A wide range of hydrodynamic experiments have been performed on OMEGA for both stockpile stewardship and astrophysics



Instability at a spherically 2D vs. 3D instability divergent interface 2D numerical simulation of supernova SN1987A 1.1 1.61 Coupled instability Multi-mode instability at multiple interfaces COMPANY DOC Muller, Fryxell, and Arnett, Astron. Astrophys. 251 (1991) in again can access only the er

Radiographic images from recent experiments on Omega studying mixing in supernova explosions

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U of M: Supernova Radiatively Reduced Hydrodynamic Growth Experiment on NIF based on OMEGA experience

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Possible because of technique development with OMEGA shots

The first university experiments at NIF have been conducted (C. Kuranz et al., University of Michigan)



The serpentine geometry allows a 14-frame sequence of images of an imploding capsule to be recorded over about 700 ps



On Nova gated x-ray imaging demonstrated control of symmetry by changing beam pointing



The NIF Gated X-ray Detectors (GXD) are smart versions of detectors developed on OMEGA and Nova





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We have successfully commissioned ignition-scale hohlraums at 290eV



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NIF gated x-ray imagers allow drive symmetry to be tuned by measuring the shape of the imploded targets



First NIF backlit in-flight capsule experiment was performed on Scale 4.6 mm, 660 kJ hohlraum drive



Simulations that match measured peak drive calculate 12% mass fraction vs 4% measured



First backlit shell reached ignition design 380 µm/ns

The Wedge Range Filter (WRF) were used on NIF fall 2009 after major OMEGA/MIT development



Inferred ρr from energy downshift of the escaping D³He protons is also less than predicted



Similar trend for proton spectrum increases confidence in radiography result
Next step is confirming sensitivity to initial capsule thickness as we did at
OMEGA

The NIF magnetic recoil was developed on OMEGA by MIT and LLE



- Advances in HED requires innovative targets
- New diagnostics require a significant number of development shots
- OMEGA is playing a major role in development of NIF diagnostics

Diagnostics can be categorized by the attributes of the implosion they measure



Gated x-ray imaging measures mix, presumably seeded by surface perturbations



Ignition tuning will use n hardened gated imager to monitor mix



Diagnostics work in emission, absorption or scattering



Probing techniques on large ICF facilities take time and shots to develop