

First OMEGA Laser Facility User's Group Workshop
29 April to 1 May 2009 Rochester, New York

A High Resolution Transmission Crystal Spectrometer for Analyzing the Properties of EP-Generated MeV Electrons



NIST

U. Feldman^a, J.F. Seely^b, L.T. Hudson^c and C.I. Szabo^a

a) Artep Inc., 2922 Excelsior Spring Circle, Ellicott City, MD 21042

b) Space Science Division, Naval Research Laboratory Washington DC 20375-5352

c) National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD 20899 USA

Abstract

- A High Resolution Transmission Crystal Spectrometer has been designed to analyze the generation of electrons and other particles with MeV energies.
- While slowing down in target materials, the energetic electrons generate x-ray line emission by inner-shell ionization and a hard Bremsstrahlung continuum that can potentially be used for Compton scatter radiography of dense and compressed objects in energies of tens to hundreds of keV.
- The MeV electron circulation outside the small ($\geq 10 \mu\text{m}$) laser focal spot, with ranges up to 1 mm, can result in unacceptably large source size that can spoil the radiogram's spatial resolution.
- The spectrometer designed for the EP laser (ECS) will utilize a novel method to measure the hard x-ray source size, the source broadening of K-shell x-ray lines with energies up to 115 keV, and will characterize and understand the circulation of energetic electrons outside the focal spot.
- This will be accomplished by using targets configured with a small central heavy metal component for hard x-ray generation while efficiently utilizing the energetic electrons circulating from the surrounding lower atomic number material into the heavy metal component.
- The hard x-ray sensitivity of the spectrometer and the image plate and electronic detectors will be absolutely calibrated.

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Developed in 1999; fielded at the OMEGA laser in 2000 and 2001.

One transmission crystal covers 12-60 keV with moderate resolution.

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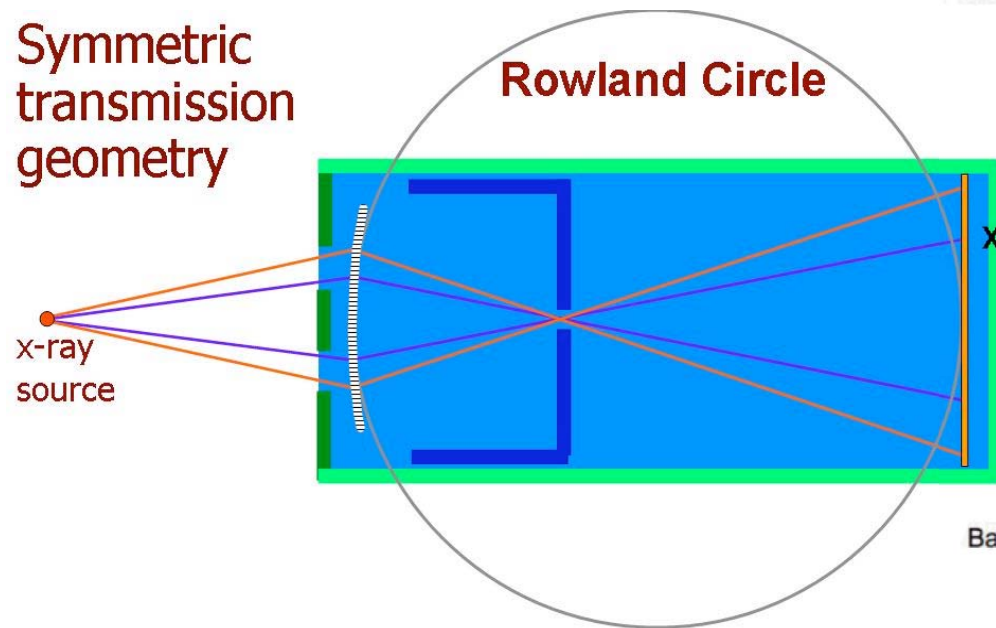
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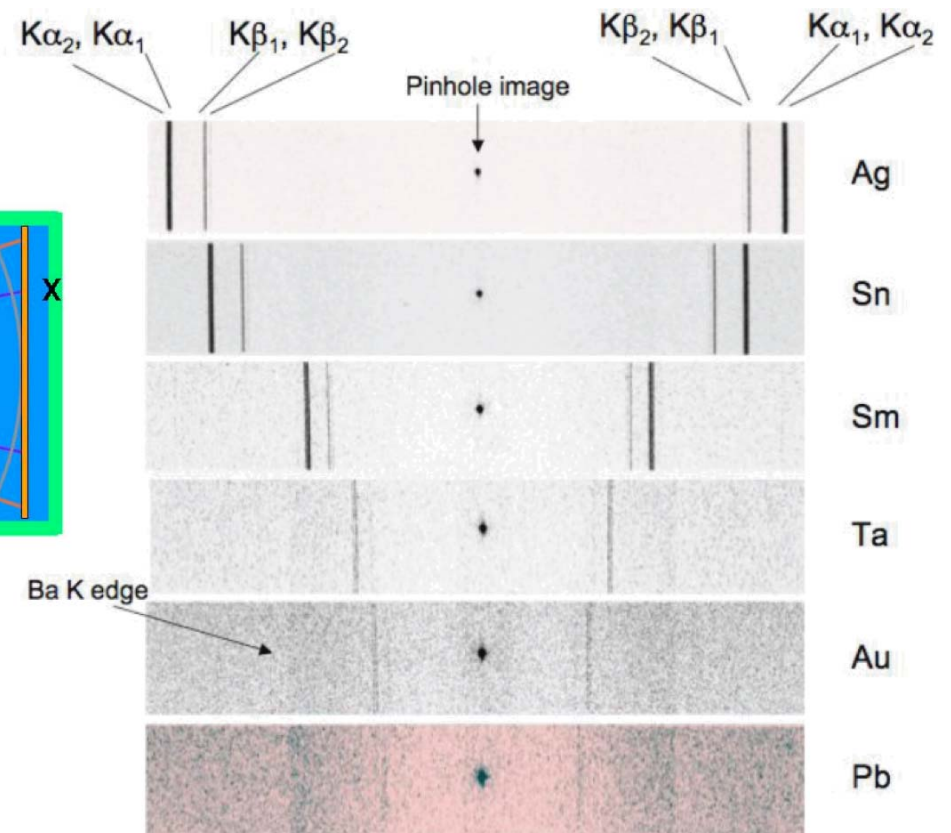
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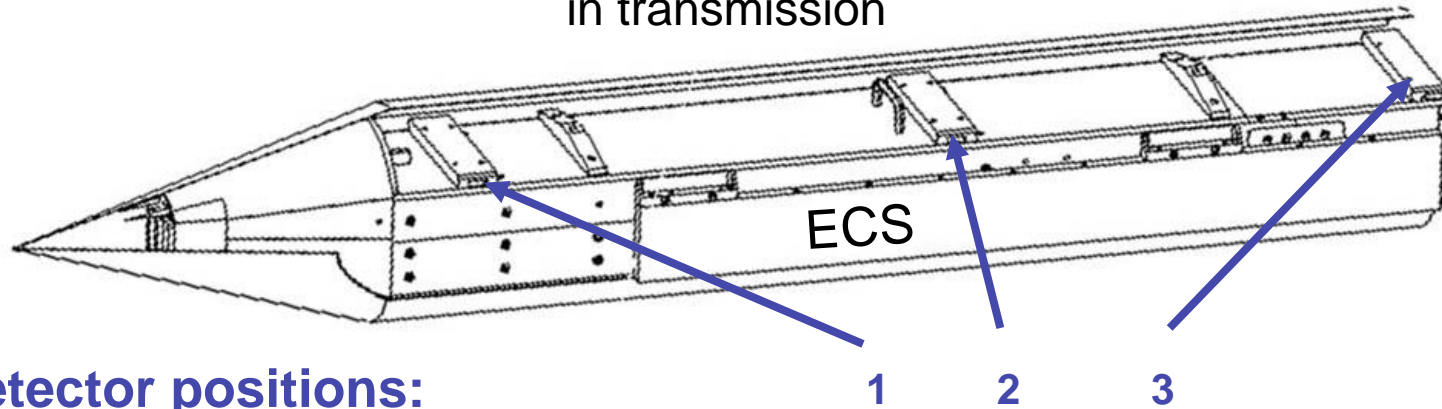
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The EP Crystal Spectrometer (ECS)

TIM based x-ray spectrometer with cylindrically bent Quartz (10-11) crystal in transmission



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Position	Distance	Energy Coverage	Resolving Power
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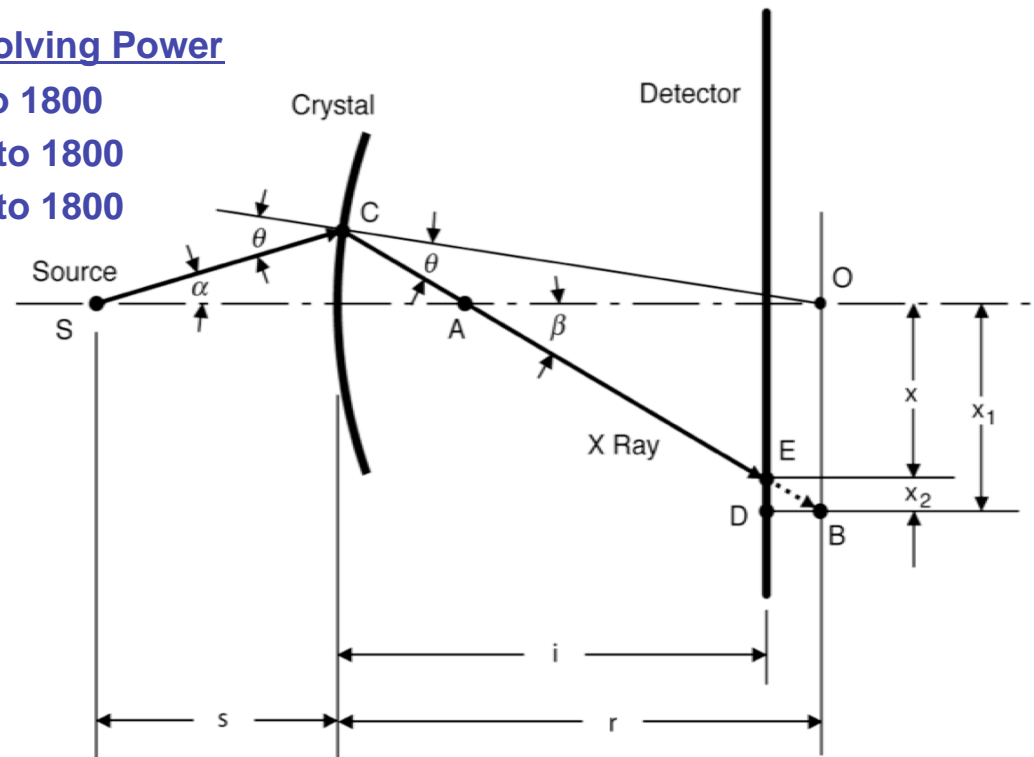
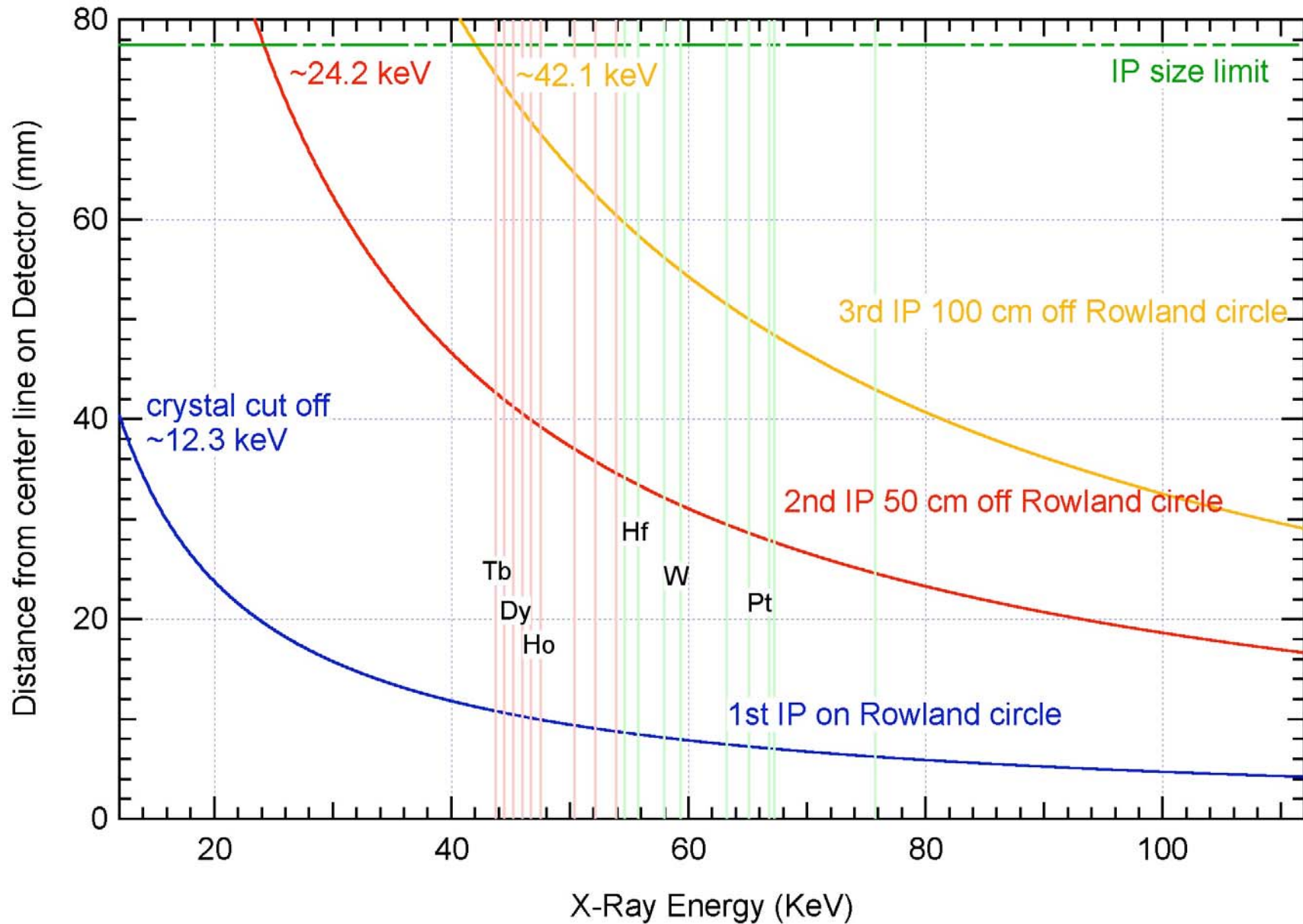
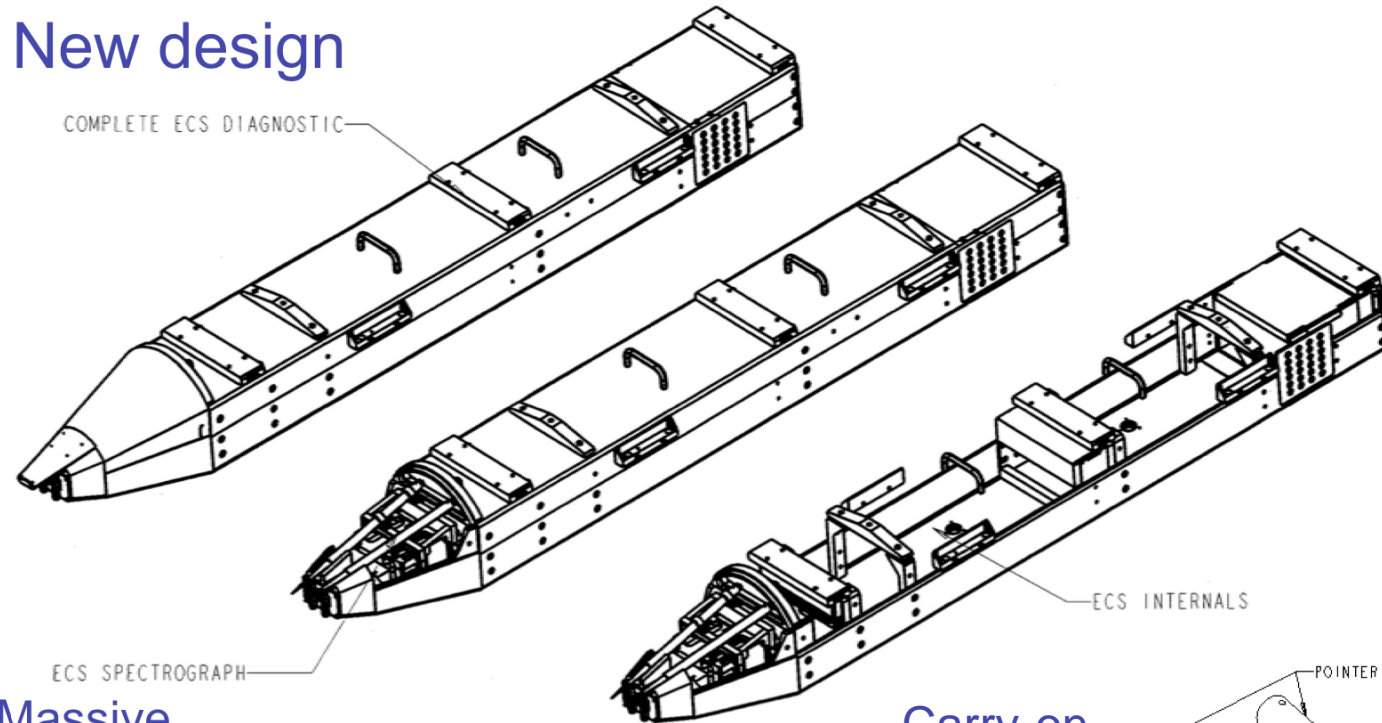


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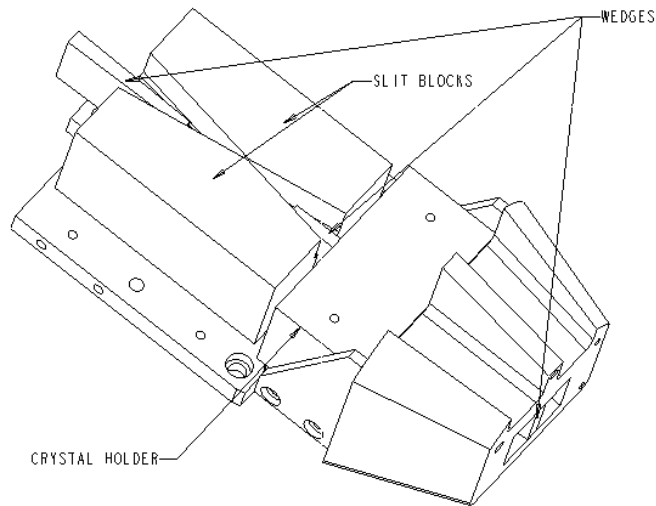


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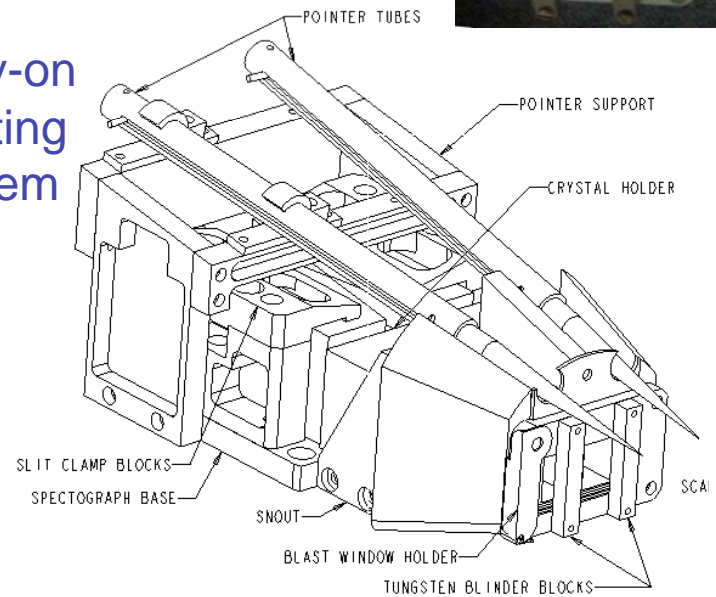
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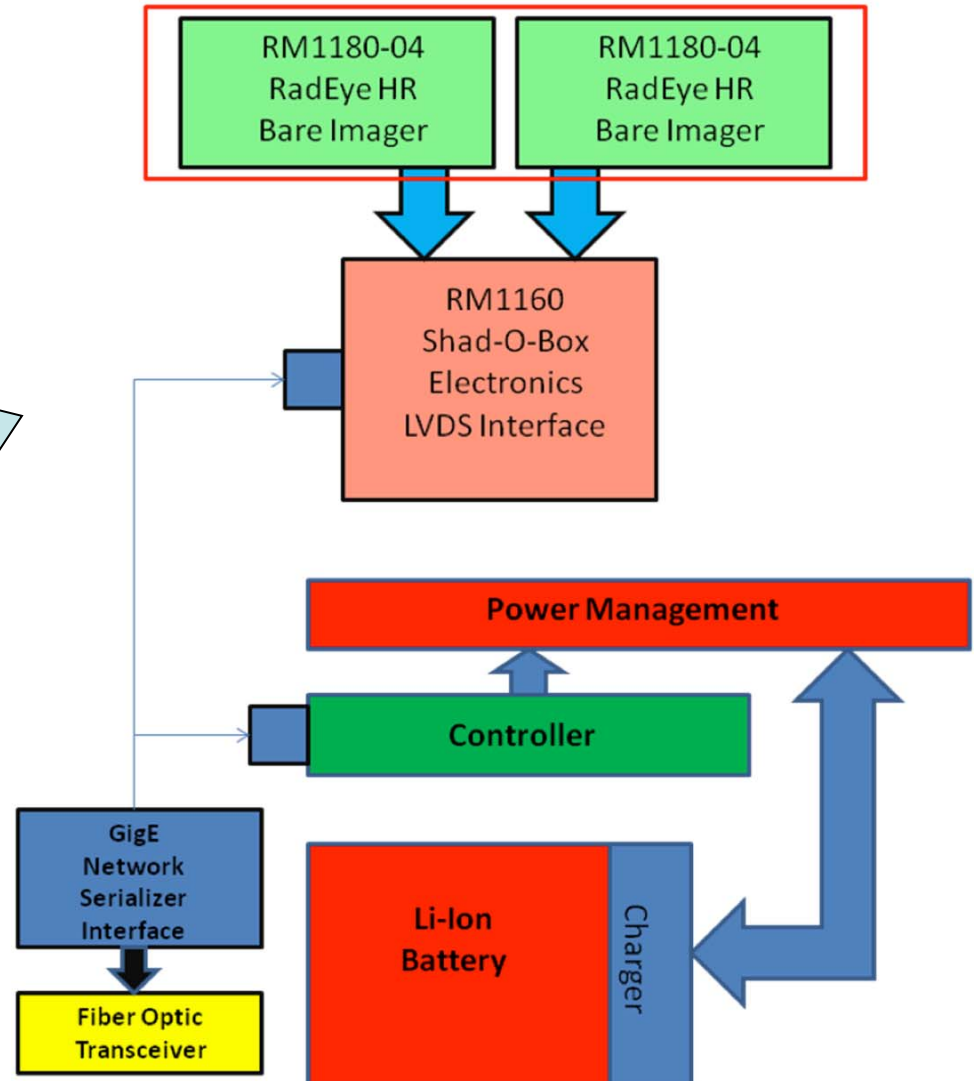
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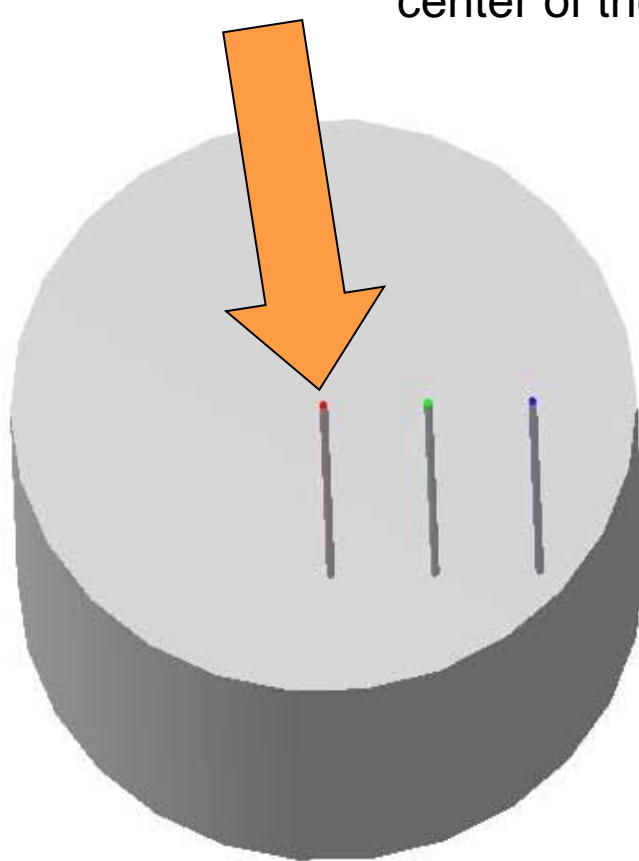
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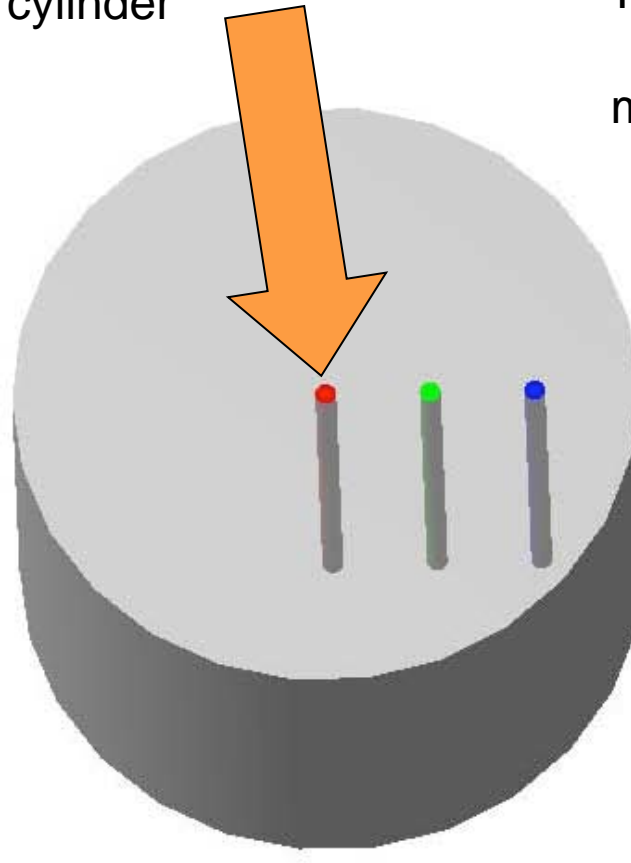
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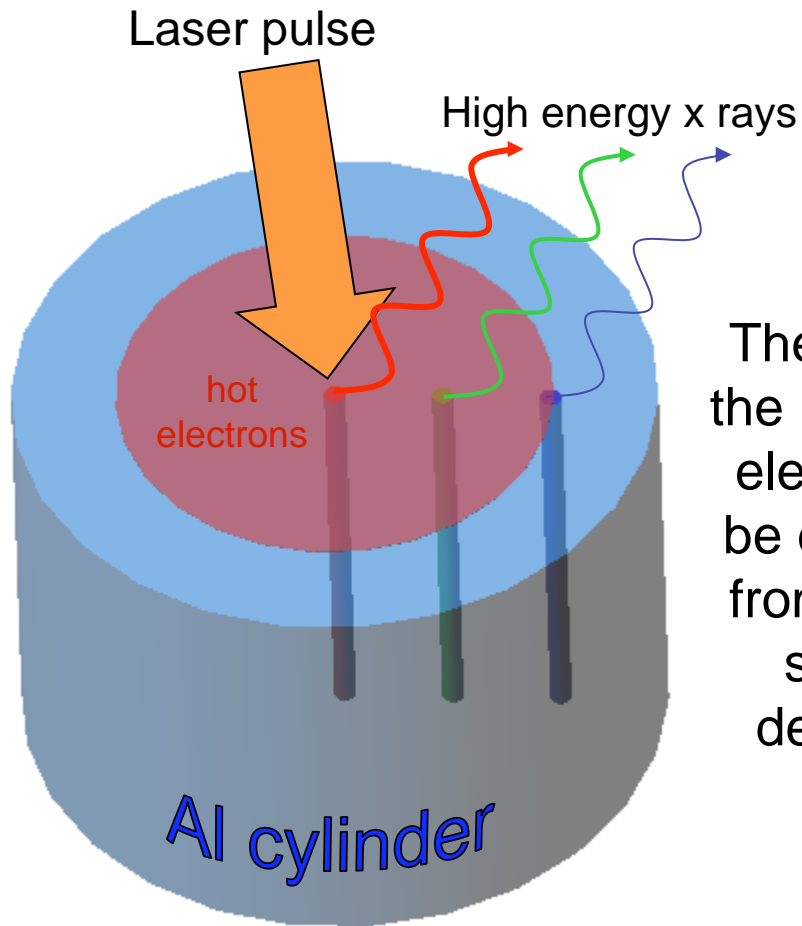
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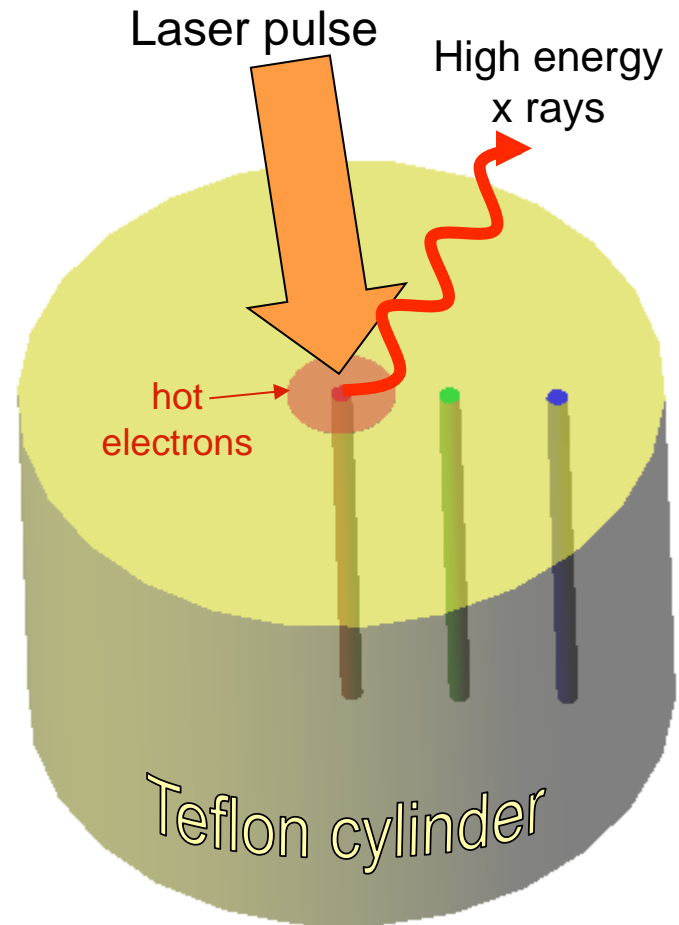
NLUF campaign:
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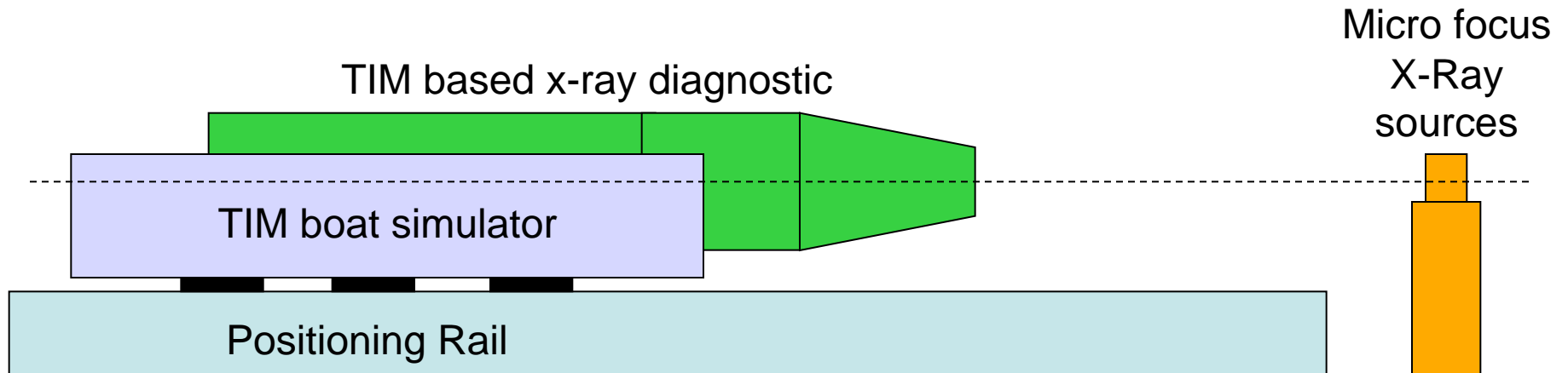
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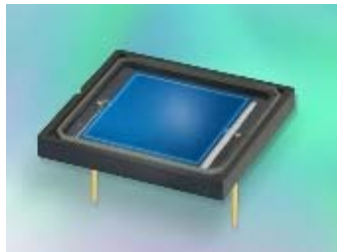


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Absolutely calibrated x-ray photo diode



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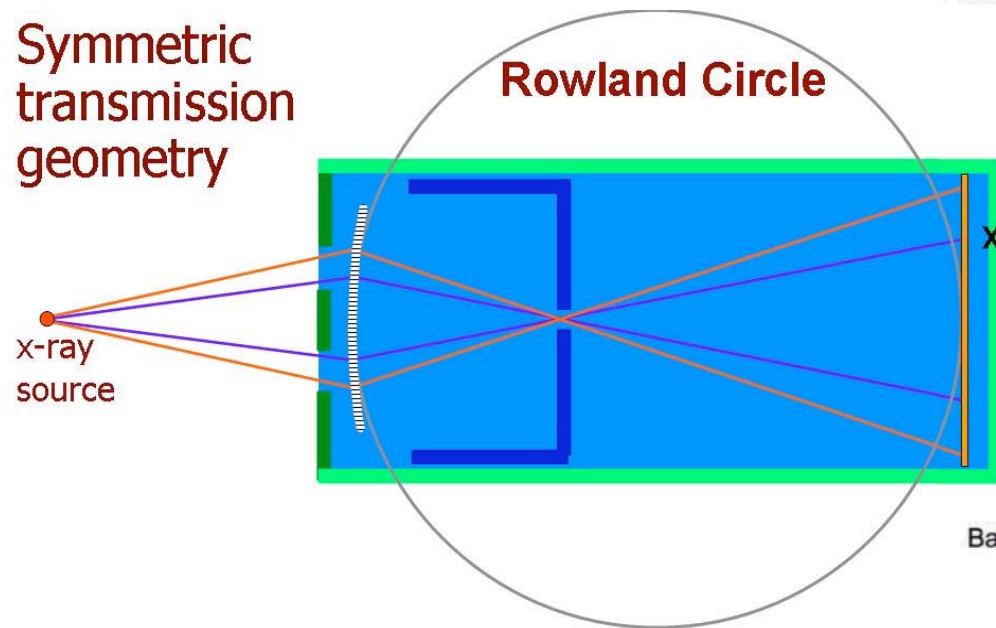
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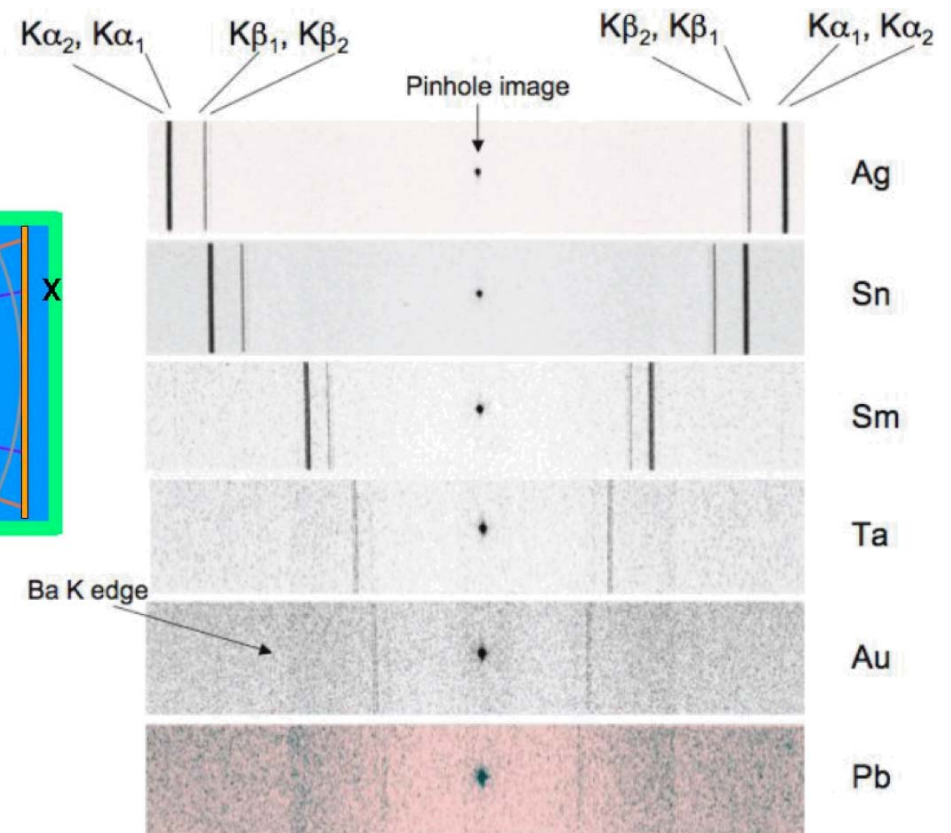
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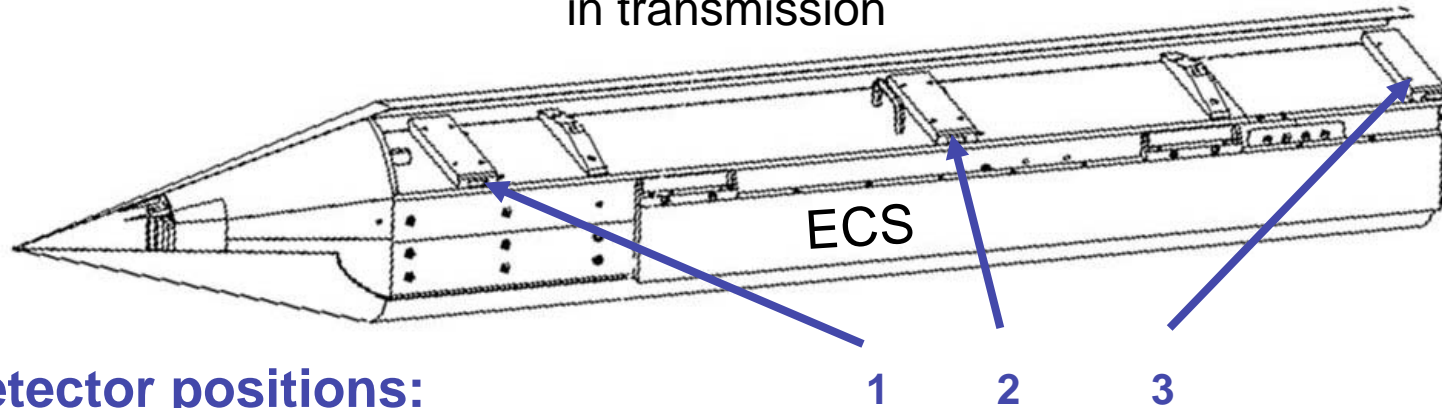
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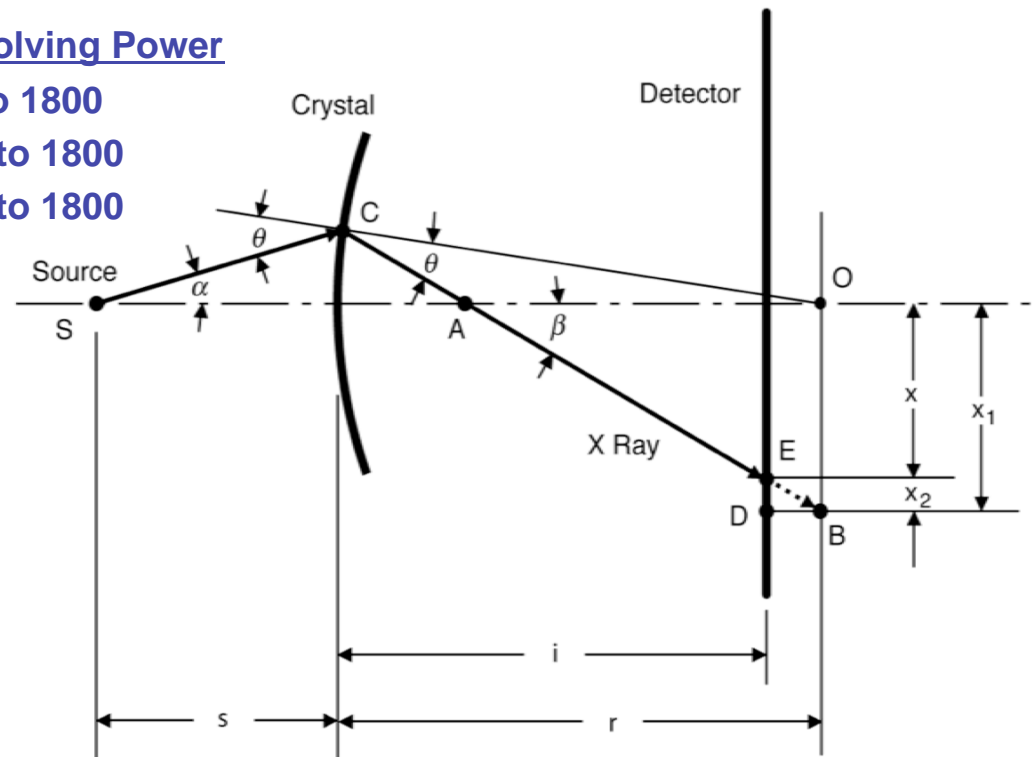
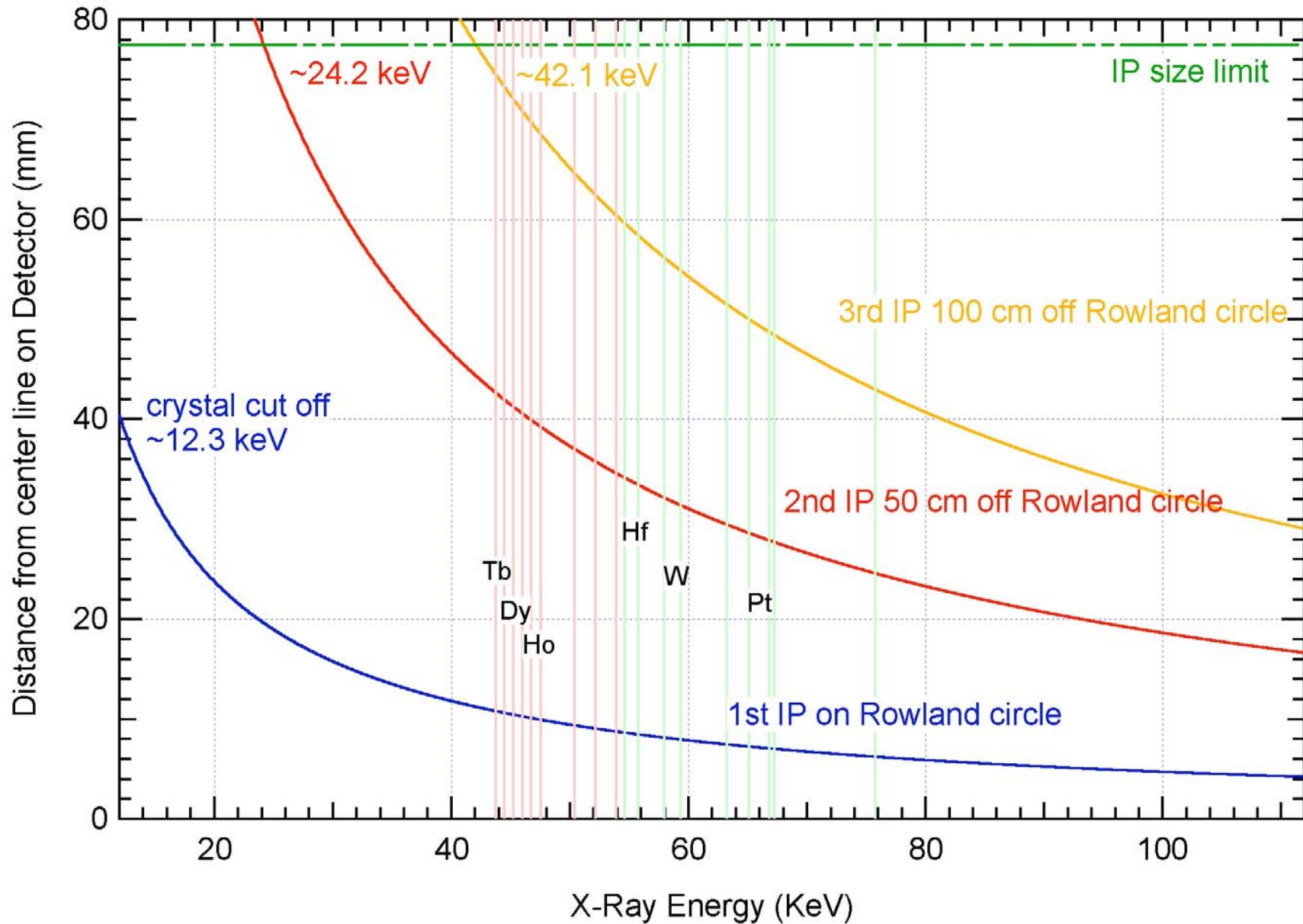
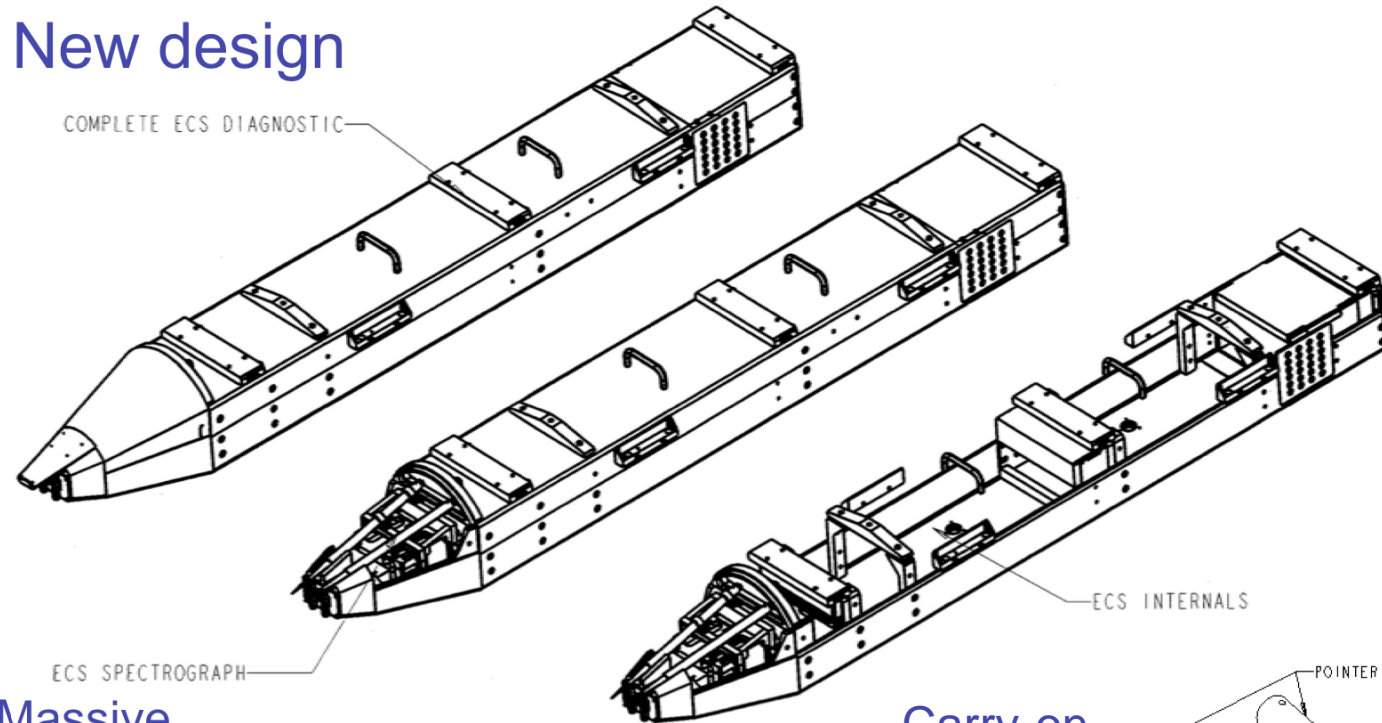


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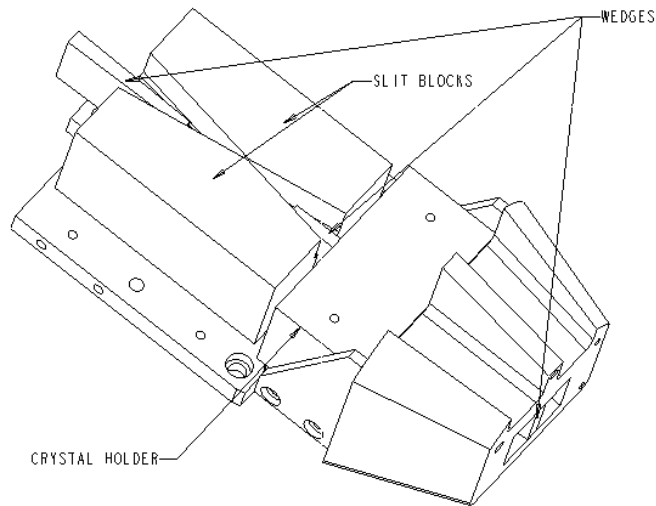


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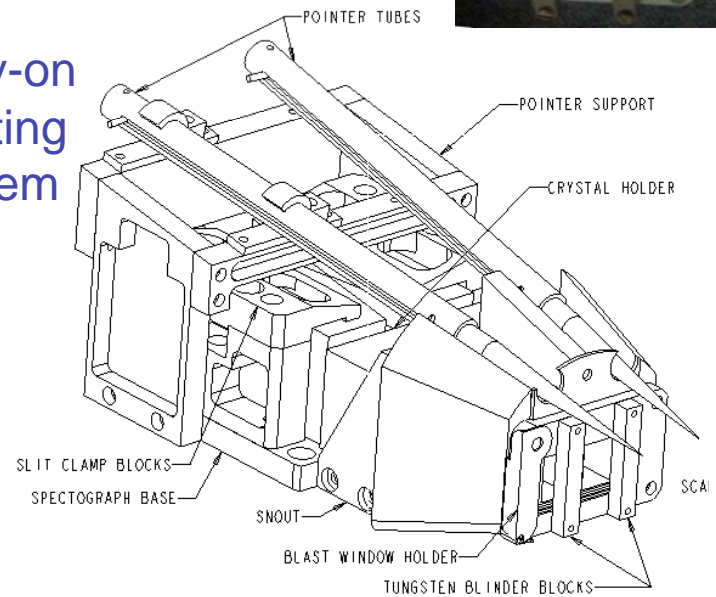
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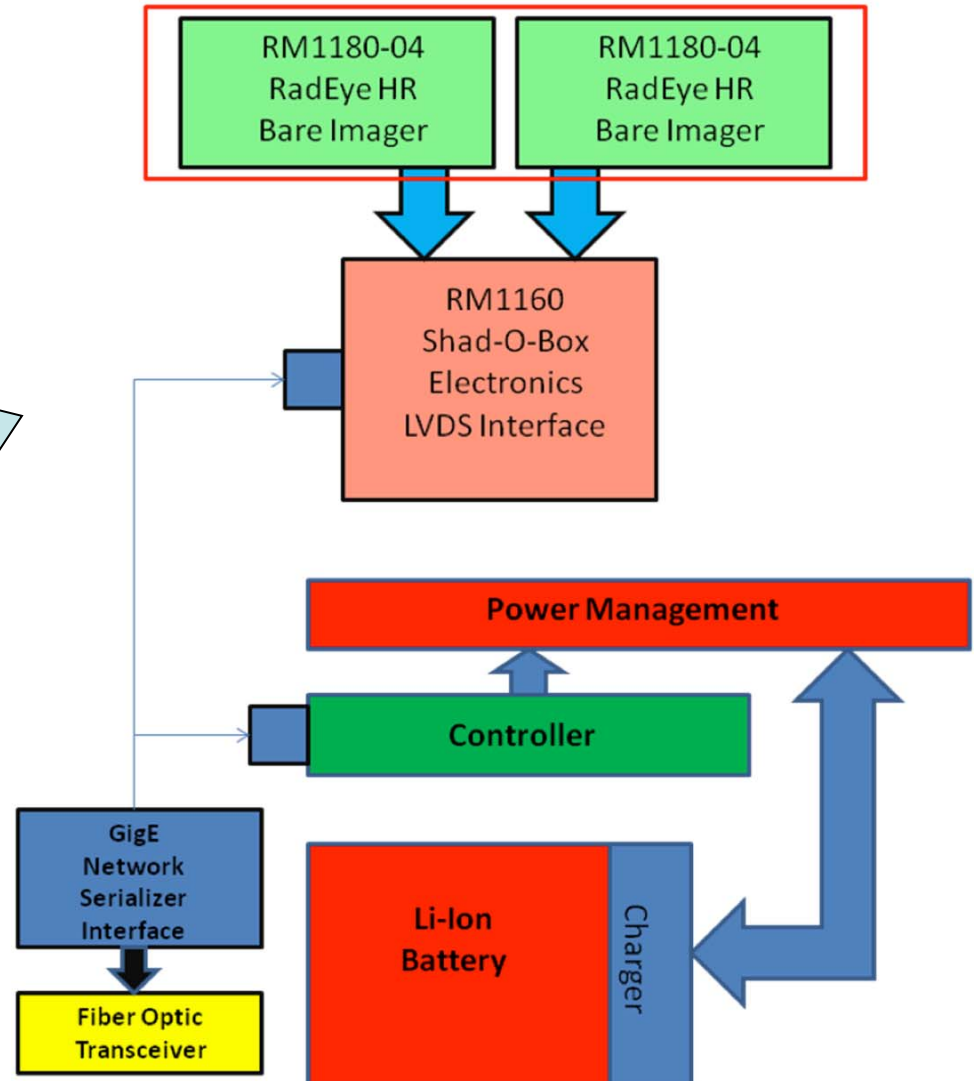
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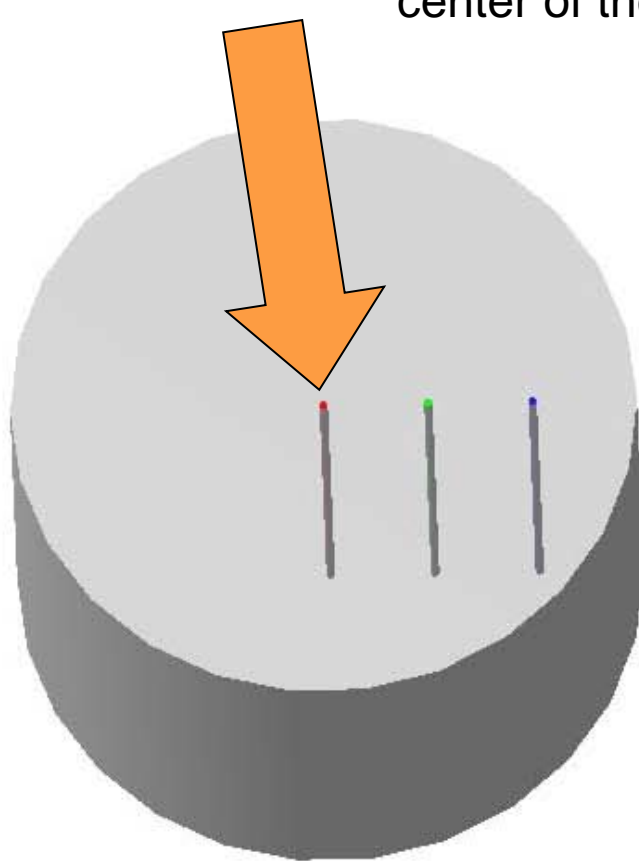
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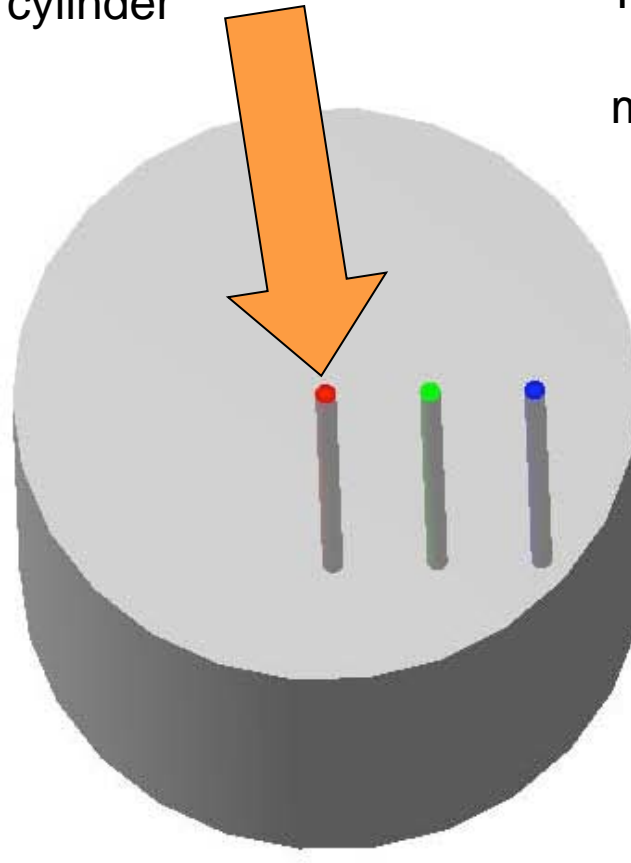
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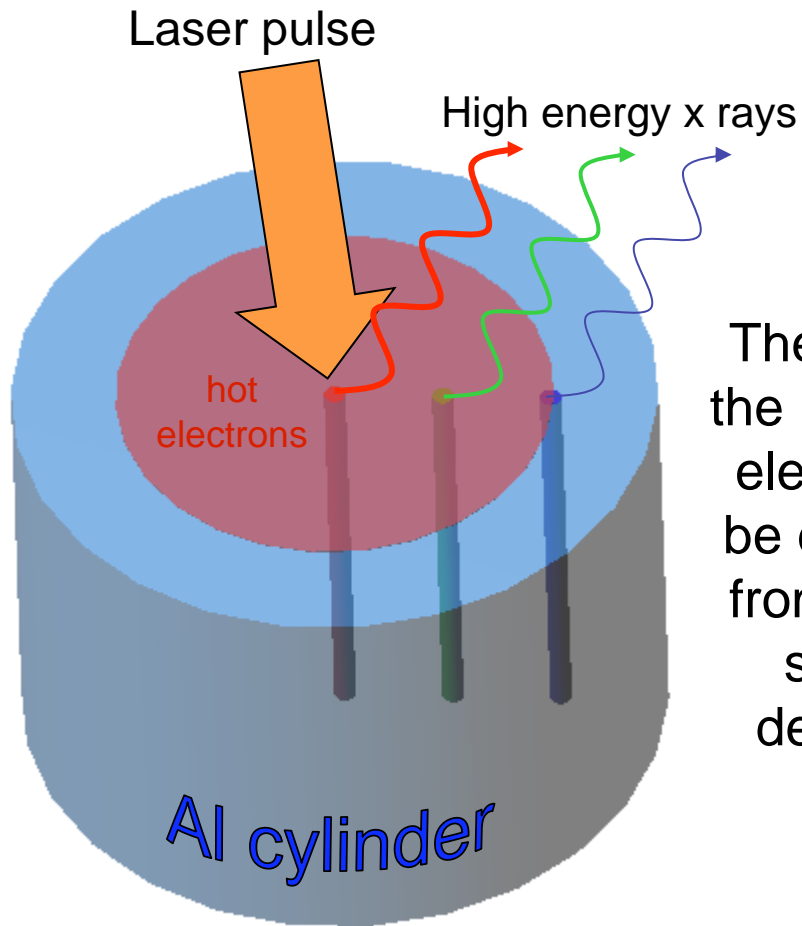
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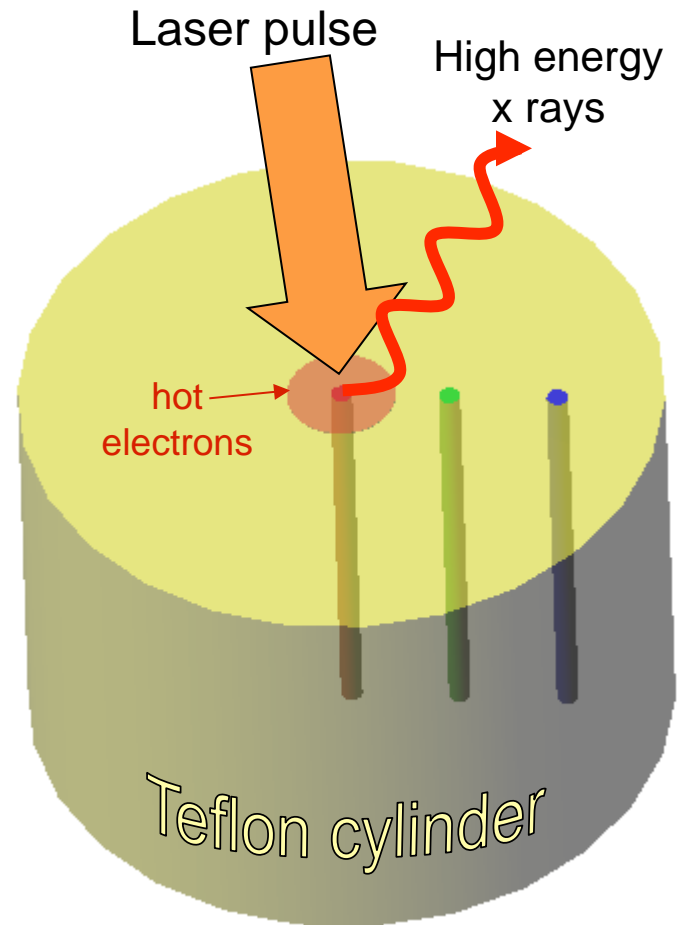
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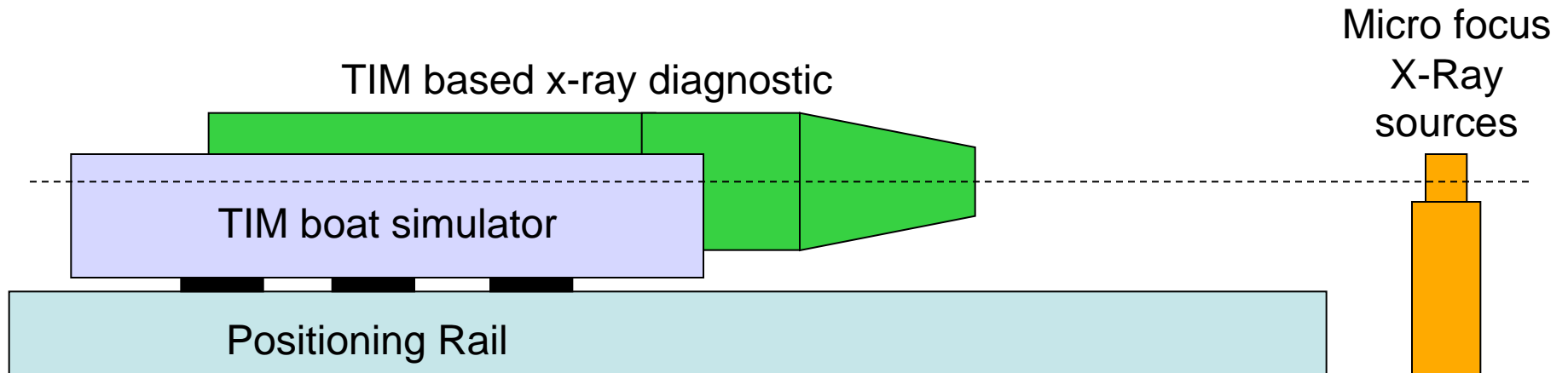
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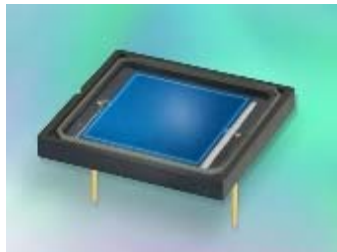


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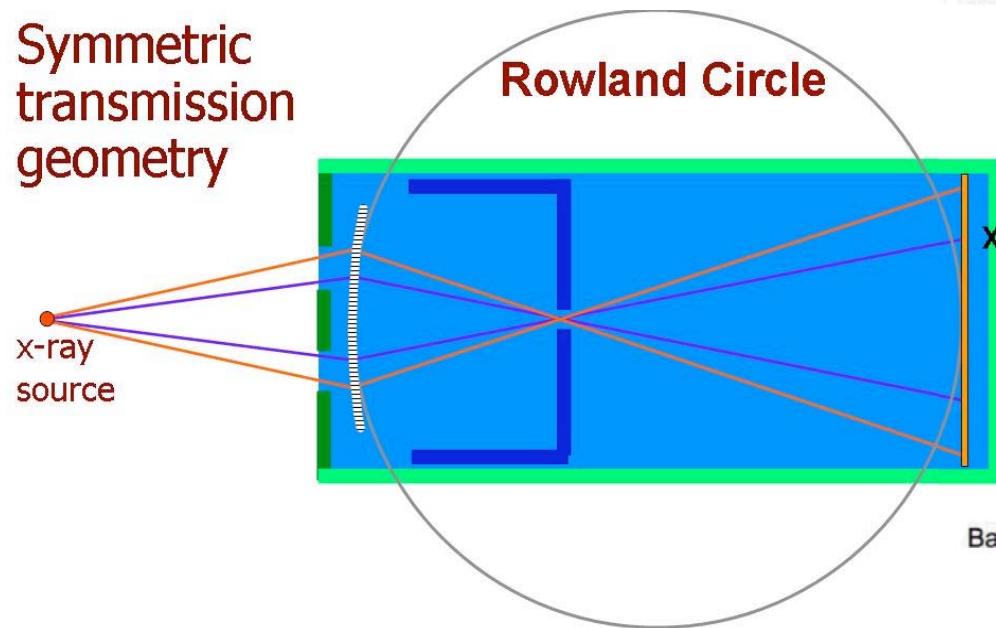
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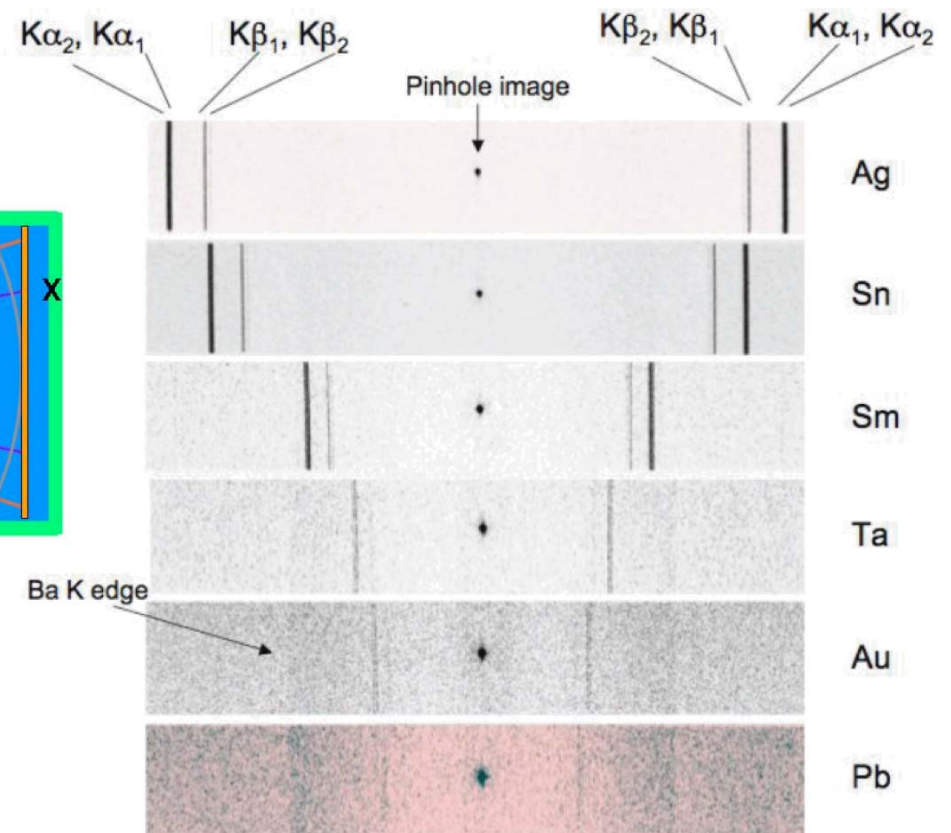
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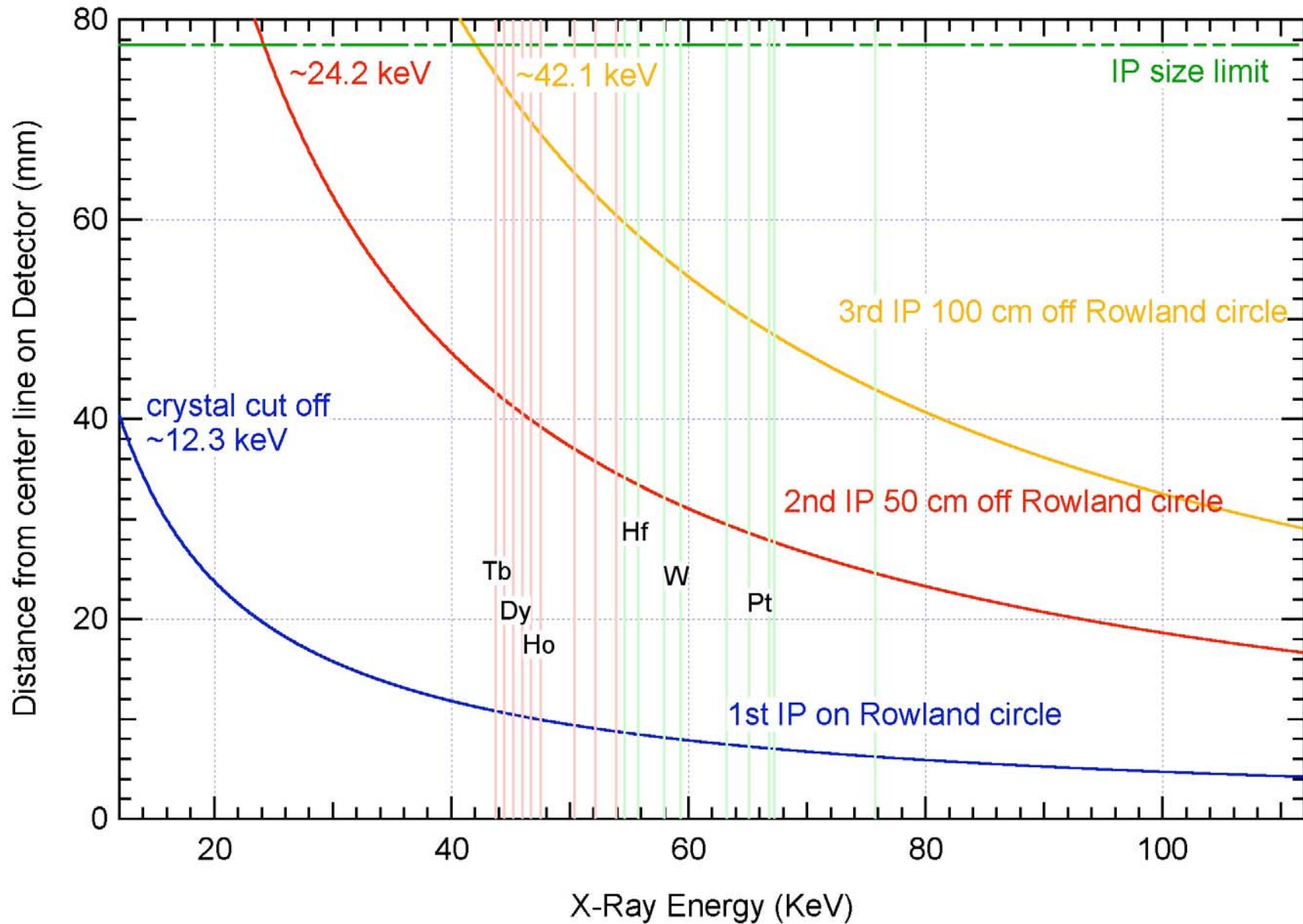
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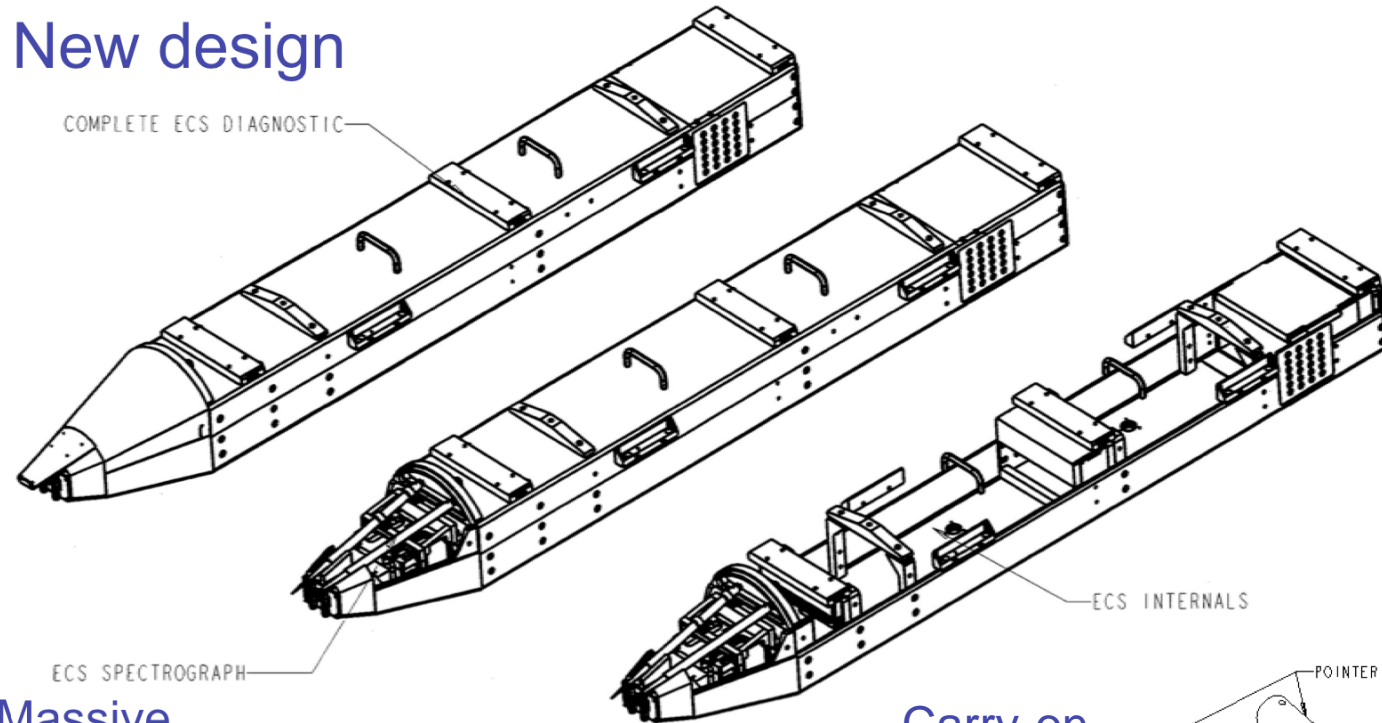
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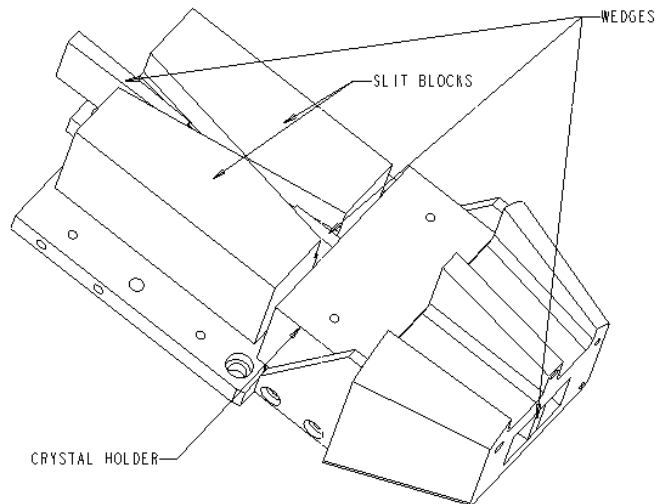


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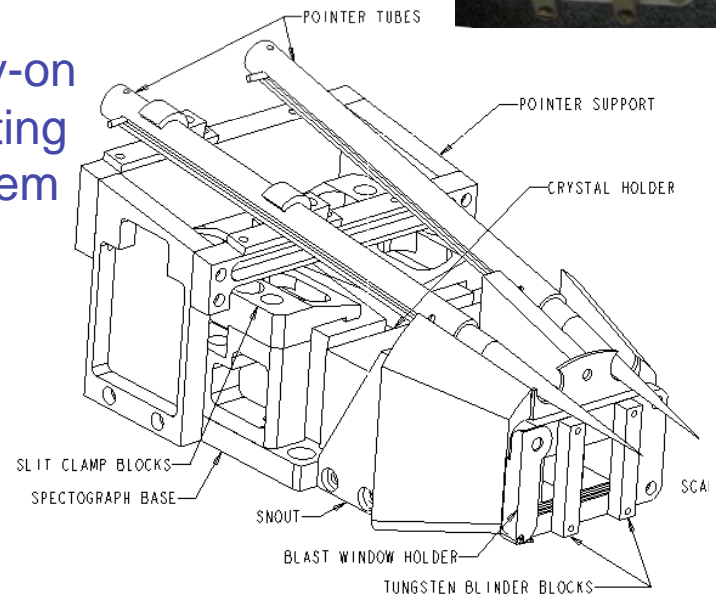
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- Measure hard x-ray source size around OMEGA-EP focal point from broadening of K shell x-ray lines down to $50\ \mu\text{m}$

- Three detector positions:

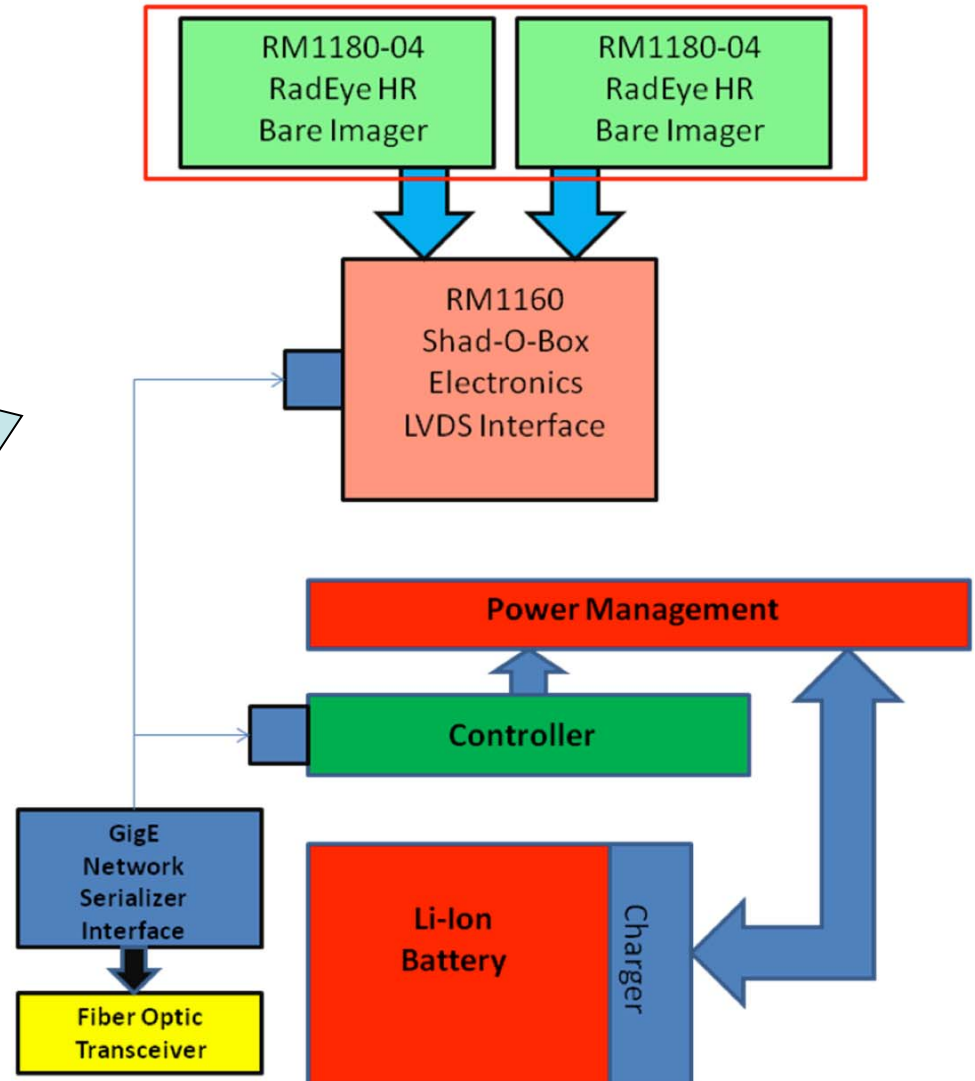
- 1) on the Rowland circle (RC),
- 2) 20" off RC

- 3) 40" off RC, electronic detection option for maximum resolution

- In the first stage the spectrometer works with image plate detectors. (resolution limited by IP resolution)

- Later electronic detection with $\sim 20\ \mu\text{m}$ pixel size will be added for the high resolution detector position.

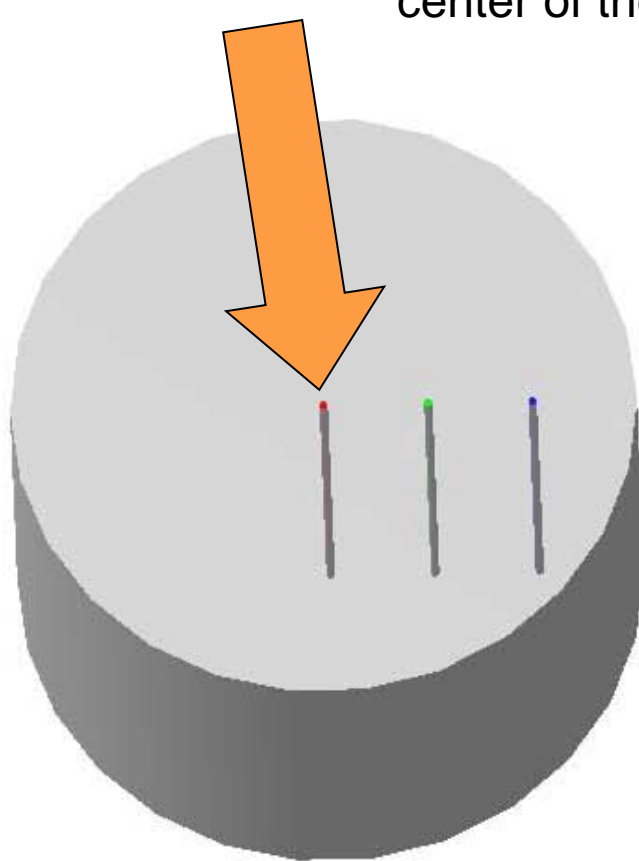
Imaging System Block Diagram



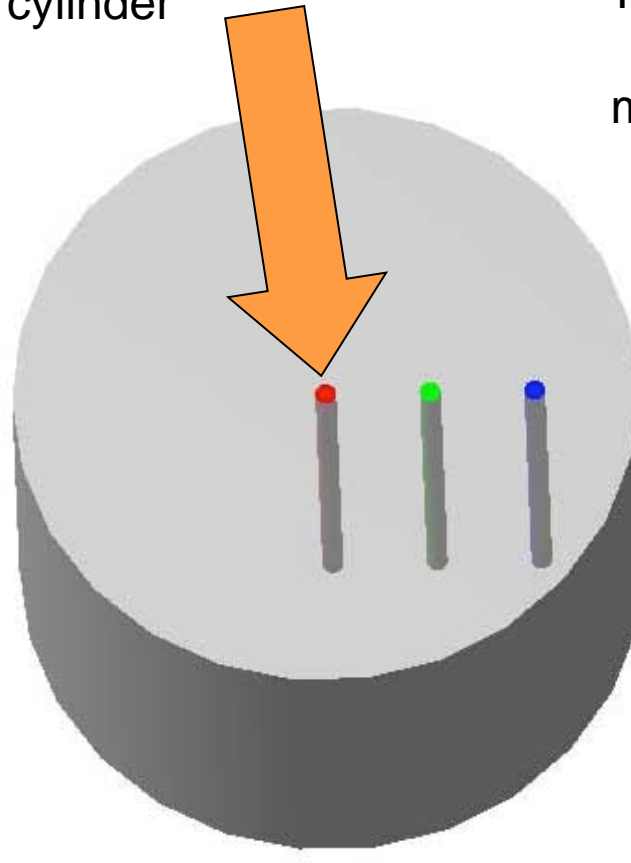
The Targets OMEGA-EP experiments

Energetic short pulse beam is focused on the wire in the center of the cylinder

Thin wires embedded in cylinders made out of Al or Teflon



20 micron wires



50 micron wires

Diameter: 1.5 mm
height: 1 mm

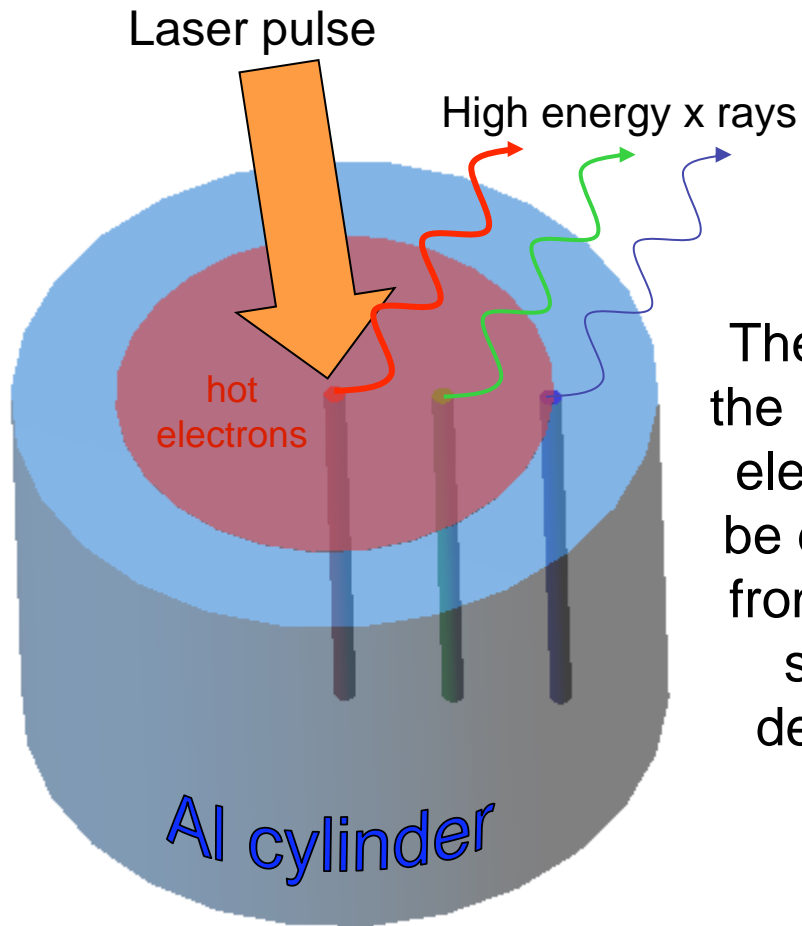
Wire materials:

Low Z: Ho, Dy, Tb

High Z: Pt, W, Hf

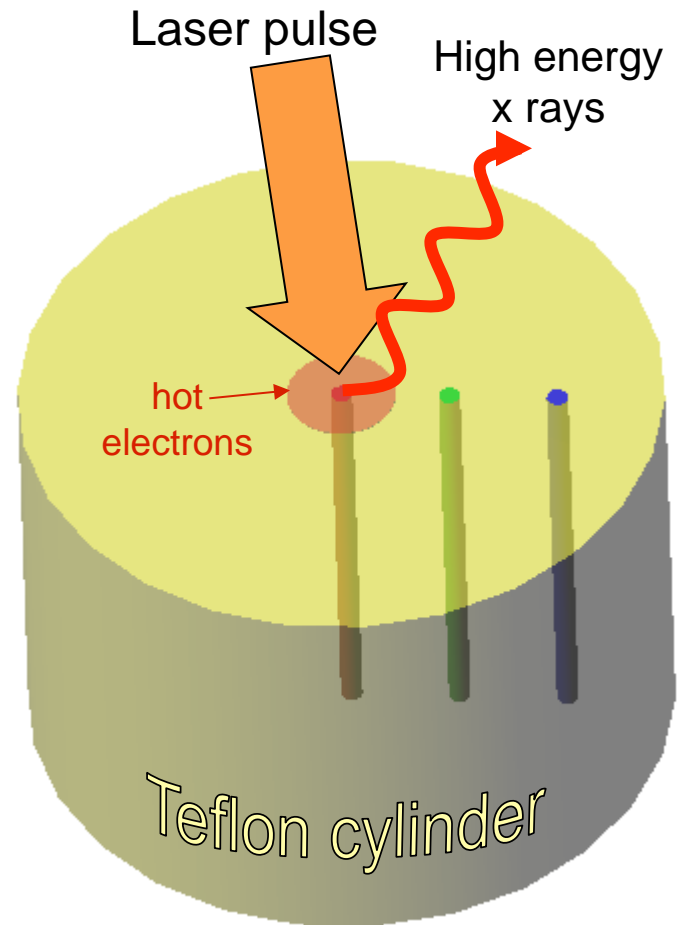
NLUF campaign:
PPRad-EP-09A; August 13, 2009
PPRad-EP-09B; End of September, 2009
PI: Uri Feldman, Artep Inc. (202) 767-3286
PC: Csilla Szabo, Artep Inc. (202) 767-2546
e-mail: cszabo@ssd5.nrl.navy.mil

The Experiment at OMEGA-EP



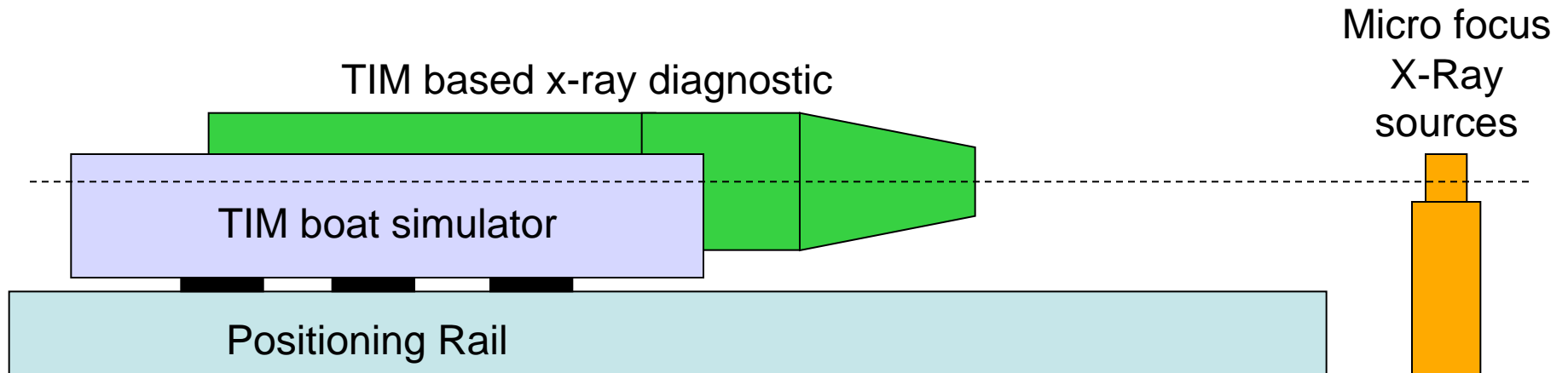
The spread of the high energy electrons can be determined from the x-ray spectrum detected by ECS

Electrons propagating to large distances due to the presence of return current in conductor

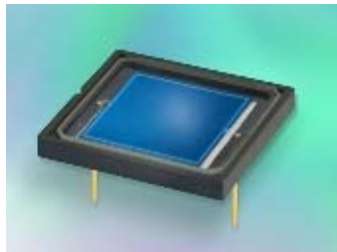


Electrons are recirculated to the irradiated wire if embedded in insulator

Calibration Facility at NRL



With a variety of x-ray sources and detectors, the end-to-end calibration of x-ray spectrometers and detectors can be performed at the NRL high energy x-ray calibration facility



Absolutely calibrated x-ray photo diode



AMPTTEK x-ray detector



Multi-function dosimeter



Radio active sources:
Am-242, Cd-109,
Co-57

Selected Publications about high energy x-ray spectrometers for use with laser produced plasmas

<http://spectroscopy.nrl.navy.mil/>

- Seely, JF; Holland, GE; Hudson, LT; et al.
[X-ray modulation transfer functions of photostimulable phosphor image plates and scanners](#)
APPLIED OPTICS, 47 (31): 5753-5761 NOV 1 2008
- Seely, JF; Hudson, LT; Holland, GE; et al.
[Enhanced x-ray resolving power achieved behind the focal circles of Cauchois spectrometers](#)
APPLIED OPTICS, 47 (15): 2767-2778 MAY 20 2008
- Hudson, LT; Atkin, R; Back, CA; et al.
[X-ray spectroscopy at next-generation inertial confinement fusion sources: Anticipating needs and challenges](#)
RADIATION PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY, 75 (11): 1784-1798 NOV 2006
- Szabo, CI; Hudson, LT; Henins, A; et al.
[Mitigation of fluorescence and scattering in reflection convex-crystal X-ray spectrometers](#)
RADIATION PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY, 75 (11): 1824-1829 NOV 2006
- Seely, JF; Back, CA; Constantin, C; et al.
[Krypton K-shell X-ray spectra recorded by the HENEX spectrometer](#)
JOURNAL OF QUANTITATIVE SPECTROSCOPY & RADIATIVE TRANSFER, 99 (1-3): 572-583 MAY-JUN 2006
- Hudson, LT; Henins, A; Deslattes, RD; et al.
[A high-energy x-ray spectrometer diagnostic for the OMEGA laser](#)
REVIEW OF SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS, 73 (6): 2270-2275 JUN 2002